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Special Feature

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION IN 1971

With the gradual improvement in the availability of national data the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations has in recent years started to publish, toward the end of each calendar year, estimates of the change in regional and world agricultural production from the preceding year to the current one. Hitherto, quantitative expression of the FAO estimates has been limited mainly to the developed countries, but further progress achieved has made it possible to extend the quantitative coverage to all regions except mainland China and other Asian centrally planned countries. [1]

TABLE 1. – REGIONAL AND WORLD [1] INDICES OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION, 1966-1970, AND ESTIMATED CHANGE IN OUTPUT FROM 1970 TO 1971

	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	Change 1969 to 1970	Estimated increase 1970 to 1971
	1952-56 average = 100					*... Percent ...*	
Western Europe	133	141	145	145	145	—	6-7
North America	120	124	126	125	124	—	8-9
Oceania	152	143	167	164	162	—1	2-3
DEVELOPED MARKET ECONOMIES [2]	128	133	137	136	136	—	7-8
Latin America	140	148	147	153	158	+3	1-2
Far East [3]	135	141	148	155	160	+4	2-3
Near East [4] ...	148	153	159	164	163	—1	2-3
Africa [5]	134	138	142	146	149	+2	3-4
DEVELOPING MARKET ECONOMIES	138	144	148	154	158	+3	2-3
Eastern Europe and the U.S.S.R.	165	166	173	168	178	+6	1-2
World. [1]	138	143	148	148	151	+2	4-5

[1] Excluding mainland China. – [2] Including Japan, South Africa, and Israel. – [3] Excluding Japan. – [4] Excluding Israel. – [5] Excluding South Africa.

[1] See *The state of food and agriculture 1969* (FAO, Rome, 1969) pp. 9-10, and *The state of food and agriculture 1970* (FAO, Rome 1970), pp. 5-6. The information in this feature is based on material published in *The state of food and agriculture 1971* (FAO, Rome, 1971).

The estimates for 1971, together with the FAO production indices for the five preceding years, are shown in Table 1. It must be stressed that since the figures shown in the last column are still based to a varying degree on estimates and partial information, they can be considered only as rough indicators of the direction and magnitude of the change in output. This is particularly true about the developing regions, for which quantitative information is particularly short. The data for many developed countries are also open to considerable revision.

In broad terms, these early indicators suggest significant changes in the recent trends of production in the developed countries, western Europe and North America both showing substantial increases in output, and also Oceania recovering a good part of the output loss of the preceding two years. In the developing regions, the indicators — and their tentative nature must be stressed — suggest somewhat better results in the Near East and Africa, the two regions that appeared to have fared worst in 1970, but a smaller increase in Latin America and the developing Far East. This is reflected, too, in the smaller increase in the total for the developing countries. The combined production of eastern Europe and the U.S.S.R. is estimated to have grown much less than in 1970, because of a stable level of output in the U.S.S.R. For the world as a whole (excluding mainland China) there would, according to these indications, be some acceleration in the growth of production over 1970.

Developed market economies

For *western Europe*, the first estimates for 1971 suggest an increase in agricultural output of some 6 to 7 percent, the first significant increment since 1968. Almost all countries appear to have contributed to it with the exception of Italy, Finland and Norway, where production rose only slightly or remained stationary. Particularly large increases were registered for Spain, where output was up by over a tenth, with large increments in wheat and barley, and Yugoslavia, where production recovered by nearly

15 percent after a steep fall in 1970. The combined output of the EEC countries is estimated to have risen by about 5 percent.

Among the major commodities, there were important and widespread increases in output of most cereals, particularly wheat and barley (16 and 18 percent respectively) and to a lesser extent maize (8 percent) and oats (10 percent). In part these increases were in the nature of a recovery from the 1970 reduction, to which better weather, higher prices in EEC, and a generally improved market situation due to the disappearance of wheat surpluses contributed. For wheat, maize and barley new record levels of regional output were achieved. Particularly large increases in wheat production took place in Portugal (up by almost 60 percent), Yugoslavia (up by 40 percent, to a new high record) and in Spain and the Federal Republic of Germany (up by about one third); in France and the United Kingdom the production was higher by a tenth or more. Spain showed the largest increase in barley production; other countries which made substantial gains were the Federal Republic of Germany and the United Kingdom.

Milk production is estimated to have remained more or less stationary in 1971. Cow numbers appear to have continued to fall despite a relaxation of the measures to reduce the dairy herd, and producer prices for milk have been raised in a number of countries. Output is estimated to have risen in the Netherlands and the United Kingdom but to have fallen in Austria, Denmark, the Federal Republic of Germany and Finland. Other countries showed little change.

There were substantial increases in the production of pork and poultry, but little expansion in output of beef and veal. The pig cycle passed its peak in May and large increases in production are estimated to have taken place particularly in France, the Federal Republic of Germany and the United Kingdom, but no great difficulties were experienced in marketing, thanks in part to larger exports to eastern Europe. Poultry production increased particularly in the Netherlands, and prices in the region tended to be depressed, although in this case, too, the market situation was eased by considerable exports to eastern Europe and the U.S.S.R. There was little overall change in the production of beef and veal. High quality supplies were abundant, but demand for lower quality beef tended to exceed domestic availabilities, and imports into the majority of countries in the region were larger in the first half of 1971 than a year earlier. Supplies of veal in EEC were particularly ample in midyear and calf prices were at their lowest level since 1968.

Early estimates of sugar-beet crops in the region suggest an increase of some 11 percent in sugar production, with most major producing countries sharing in the rise. In the horticultural sector, little or no change was estimated in vegetable production. The region's output of apples and particularly pears was smaller than in 1970, but the situation continues to be characterized by excess capacity and the increase in the EEC premium for uprooting orchards is so far reported to have only a limited effect. Wine production is estimated to be smaller than in 1970, with steep reductions in France and Spain, and a more moderate fall in Italy.

In the case of *North America*, the preliminary data for 1971 reflect clearly the relaxation of efforts to constrain production, following the changed supply situation. The FAO indices for the two countries of the region show sharp increases to new record levels, by 19 percent for Canada and by 8 percent for the United States.

In the United States, the production of virtually all major crops, with the exception of linseed, oats, potatoes and tobacco, was up and new record levels of output were reached, according to September estimates, in the case of maize (up by 29 percent), sorghum (26 percent), wheat (18 percent), barley (14 percent) and soybeans (4 percent). The extent to which the changes in farm legislation introduced in 1970 were responsible for these increases cannot yet be stated with any certainty. The greater freedom of choice regarding crops planted on the areas remaining after the "set asides" may, however, have been one of the reasons for the notably large increases in maize and sorghum. Other factors include the high feed prices at the time of planting, efforts to avoid repetition of last year's losses to corn leaf blight (which so far is reported to have done only limited damage this year), and weather generally favourable for maize. In the livestock sector, dairy production was estimated to be up by about 1 percent, and the reduction in cow numbers at midyear (also about 1 percent) was the smallest for the last 15 years. There has therefore been some amount of stock accumulation, and the country has again appeared as a commercial butter exporter in recent months. Little change was apparent in meat production, except for some reduction in output of pigmeat.

The very large increase of total production in Canada in 1971 reflects to a large extent a steep, although still only partial, recovery in the output of wheat (up by over 50 percent), following the abolition of the exceptional acreage diversion measures of 1970, and a further increase by more than half in the production of barley. Also the maize harvest is estimated to have expanded further, by over a tenth. Among oilseeds, there was a large reduction in the linseed output, but that of rapeseed continued to increase rapidly, rising by nearly half. Milk production in Canada was reduced by some 5 percent, but that of meat was likely to be larger, with poultry and pigmeat continuing to expand and beef and veal

also sharing some recovery after two years of stable output.

Preliminary indications for *Oceania* suggest a moderate recovery in overall production in both Australia and New Zealand. In Australia, the area under wheat was little changed from 1970 and, with average yields, a crop of some 8.0-8.5 million tons was expected, compared with 7.5 million the year before. Among other cereals, further increases were likely in barley, maize and rice, and although the sorghum harvest would probably be lower, total production of feedgrains was expected to show an increase over 1970. Another commodity group which has shown substantial increase following the reduction in wheat acreage is oilseeds, especially sunflower and rapeseed. Sugar production was estimated to be up by perhaps a tenth. In the livestock sector, cattle numbers reached a new record level, and beef and veal output may rise by some 5 percent. An increase is expected also for mutton and lamb, reflecting in part slaughterings because of the decision of many farmers to abandon sheep farming in view of the low wool prices. The wool clip, in fact, is estimated to have declined by a further 2 percent. Milk production also fell further.

In New Zealand, most major field crops, including wheat, barley and potatoes, as well as vegetables and fruit, recovered substantially from the drought-reduced levels of 1970, and meat production was up also, but the increase in total production was held back by a small reduction in dairy production and the continued stable level of the wool clip.

Among other developed market economy countries, agricultural production in *Japan* is likely to have fallen somewhat in 1971, largely because of a further steep fall in rice production (August estimates put the crop at 14.5 million tons of paddy, and subsequent indications are that the crop may be even smaller), and a continued decrease in output of wheat, barley, potatoes and oilseeds. Meat production, on the other hand, again rose substantially, in keeping with the recent trend, as did that of milk and eggs.

Eastern Europe and the U.S.S.R.

For *eastern Europe and the U.S.S.R.*, the first, largely unofficial estimates for 1971 suggest that agricultural output in the U.S.S.R. will remain at roughly the same level as the previous year, while in most eastern European countries it is expected to increase. The regional total may therefore increase by some 1 to 2 percent. Wheat output will probably be fractionally lower: larger crops are expected throughout eastern Europe but it is unlikely that the harvest in the U.S.S.R. will reach the exceptionally high level of the previous year, because of the late ripening of crops in eastern and northern areas, and the consequent danger of damage by autumn rain and snow. Coarse-grain harvests in the region are estimated to be some 4 percent larger, with a sharp rise expected in the output of maize, possibly as much as 25 percent in the U.S.S.R. and Romania, and more than 10 percent in Hungary, where good weather contributed to early ripening and harvesting, and in Bulgaria. The rye harvest should also be larger, primarily because of a sharp increase in the Polish crop. Potato harvests were expected to be considerably larger in Czechoslovakia and Romania, the smallest producers, but unchanged or smaller elsewhere. Sugar production is expected to show a recovery in Romania and Hungary from the losses sustained in 1970, and with some increase also likely in the U.S.S.R. the regional total should rise by some 4 percent. Sunflowerseed and cotton crops are both estimated to have been slightly larger.

Meat production in the region is thought to have shown some increase in 1971. In the U.S.S.R. production on the state and collective farms was reported to have risen by 8 percent; there was little expansion in beef and veal, but the output of pork and poultry meat continued to rise in line with the recent trend. In eastern Europe, early data for 1971 show little progress in meat production, despite efforts to increase it, especially pork. The only substantial expansion reported regards Hungarian output of pork, but the country remains a minor producer.

Developing market economies

Among the developing regions, the first, admittedly early, indications for *Latin America* show no acceleration in the growth of agricultural output in 1971, estimated at 1 to 2 percent for the region as a whole. However, the overall indicators for both 1970 and 1971 are heavily influenced by the large changes which have taken place in Cuba's sugar crop: an 80 percent increase in 1970 to a record level of 8.5 million tons, and a subsequent reduction in 1971 by nearly a third to the more normal level of 5.9 million tons. If Cuba is excluded, the increase in total agricultural production in 1971 may be tentatively estimated at 2-3 percent, and somewhat less for food products only. The increase would thus, again, be below the rate of population growth in the region.

Among the various subregions, the situation appears to have been better than in 1970 in Central America, where all countries except possibly Mexico were promising to show increases ranging between 3 and 8 percent. In the Caribbean, in contrast, output fell not only in Cuba but also in some other countries, although showing increases in the Domin-

ican Republic and Jamaica. In South America, the available information suggests widespread but moderate increases, except in Colombia and Ecuador where the overall output appears to have remained unchanged. In the last mentioned subregion as a whole, the total production may have risen by some 3 percent, which would be about the same as in 1970.

Among the major commodities, wheat production may be up by over a tenth, with a recovery in Argentina in response to price incentives and better weather, and a further large increase in the rapidly expanding output of Brazil. Coarse-grain production is also expected to be larger, with an expansion of area under maize in Argentina and larger crops also expected in Brazil and Mexico. The only major setback in this commodity group is the large reduction in the harvest of millets and sorghum in Mexico because of drought. The region's paddy output is expected to be down, with smaller crops in Argentina, Brazil and Peru, and little change in Colombia. The reduction in sugar production, estimated at nearly a tenth, reflects mainly the cutback in Cuba; most other major producers showed considerable increases, ranging generally between 5 and 7 percent. Little overall change was estimated in banana production, but a large increase (by about a quarter) was expected for coffee, mainly because of a steep recovery in Brazil.

Beef and veal production is expected to be slightly less than in 1970, because of smaller output in Argentina. However, this country's export supplies are not expected to be affected, because temporary measures have been taken to reduce consumption. Most major producers are expected to show some increase in milk production. Wool output is estimated to have remained stationary for the fourth successive year.

The first indications for the developing countries of the *Far East* are somewhat disappointing relative to their performance in recent years, and bring home the narrowness of the margin of safety in the region's basic food supply, despite the significant technological progress achieved. The admittedly highly tentative data suggest that the growth of agricultural production may have been only of the order of 2 to 3 percent, which would be substantially less than in recent years, and barely in line with the growth of population.

Among the major countries of the region, India is expected to show once again an increase in total agricultural production well in excess of population growth. The country's wheat production is reported to be up by some 15 percent as a result of good weather and further expansion of area under high-yielding varieties, and smaller increases in output are reported for rice and millet and sorghum. Thanks in part to the good production results, in part to imports, India has been able to build up a buffer stock of 8.6 million tons of grains and has decided to discontinue grain imports on concession terms after the end of 1971. Little change appears to have taken place in the country's sugar production, but that of oilseeds is estimated to have increased by some 3 percent. Among nonfood crops, the production of cotton, jute and kenaf recovered steeply.

For Pakistan, the harvest results appear less satisfactory in 1971, and total agricultural production is likely to fall back by several percentage points. In part, this reflects the natural conditions, namely a drought in West Pakistan, which is estimated to have reduced wheat production by over a tenth to some 6.5 million tons, and a cyclone followed by a tidal wave in East Pakistan. The latter and the civil disturbances are estimated to have reduced the country's total rice crop by about 10 percent, to less than 12 million tons (milled). The country's jute production was also seriously affected, falling by possibly as much as one third from the already reduced level of 1970.

Less information is available on the other developing countries of the region. Indonesia's food grain production is expected to show a further increase, mainly because of a larger rice crop. In the Philippines, on the other hand, output in 1971 may be smaller because of the outbreak of a virus disease among some of the new high-yielding rice varieties which has already hurt production and will most likely affect the main harvest to be gathered toward the end of the year. Coming on top of typhoon damage earlier in the year, this has led to the necessity for the country to contract for substantial rice imports in 1971, while efforts are being made to shift to new varieties resistant to the virus. In Ceylon, too, rice production is likely to be less than in 1970. Among rice exporters, output in Burma is thought to remain more or less unchanged, but some increase is likely in Thailand.

In the *Near East* region as a whole, preliminary indications for 1971 suggest somewhat better production results than in 1970, with an increase of the order of 2 to 3 percent, although it is still doubtful whether the increase in food output per head will match the population growth. Moreover, differences in agricultural production between countries tend to be particularly large as a result of the heavy impact of widely varying weather conditions in the region. Thus a substantial recovery in output is estimated to have taken place in 1971 in Libya, Jordan, Lebanon, the Syrian Arab Republic and the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen, while notable setbacks took place in the eastern part of the region, especially in Afghanistan, Iran and Iraq, owing to inadequate rainfall for the second, and in some cases the third, successive year. Continued progress, based on further improvements in technology, appears to have

been achieved in the Arab Republic of Egypt and in Turkey.

Among the major commodities, there was an overall recovery in output of all cereals except rice, the production of which is estimated to have remained at the high level of the previous year. Wheat production is likely to have risen by about 5 percent, or 1 million tons, because of increases by one fifth in Turkey, and about 10 percent in the Arab Republic of Egypt, under the impact of expanded use of high-yielding varieties and more favourable weather than in 1970. These increases more than offset the serious setbacks in Afghanistan, Iran, and particularly Iraq where the wheat crop is estimated to be down by about half. The situation for barley is similar, with a large increase in Turkey more than offsetting smaller crops in Iran and Iraq. In the three drought-stricken countries, particularly Afghanistan, the reduced grain crops are having serious effects on supplies and on import requirements. The livestock production of these countries in 1971 will probably also be adversely affected. The production of cotton, the principal nonfood crop of the region, is likely to have recovered in Turkey and the Arab Republic of Egypt, but output in the Sudan may show little change.

Only very tentative indications are available on the agricultural production in *Africa* in 1971. For the developing countries of the region as a whole, they suggest some improvement over the preceding year, and the output may rise by the order of 3 to 4 percent, and possibly somewhat more in the case of foodstuffs. The recovery of output in northwest Africa is likely to have continued. Morocco is estimated to have had very much larger crops of wheat and barley, and there were more modest increases in the wheat harvests of Algeria and Tunisia and in Tunisia's barley crop. There was also a very large increase in the production of olive oil in Tunisia and of wine in Morocco. In southern Africa, too, total output may have risen substantially after several years of virtual stagnancy. In the other subregions, the increases are thought to have been more modest.

Aside from wheat and barley, an increase is estimated for maize, with large increases likely in Malawi, Rhodesia and Zambia probably overshadowing a reduction in Kenya, where the wheat crop is reported to have suffered. Rice production is also likely to have increased, with a larger crop in Madagascar, the major producer, and the Ivory Coast. Among the principal export commodities, groundnut production is estimated to be up, with the crops in both Nigeria and Senegal very much larger than in 1970. Palm-oil production should also show an increase, with larger production in Nigeria, Dahomey and the Democratic Republic of the Congo. Little change is expected in the production of coffee and cocoa. Output of coffee is expected to be higher in Uganda and to a lesser extent in Angola, the Democratic Republic of the Congo, and Ethiopia; but production in Ivory Coast and most minor producing countries is estimated to be unchanged or smaller. In the case of cocoa, production may be up in the Cameroon and Ivory Coast, but little change is expected in Ghana and Nigeria, the largest producers. Tea production is estimated to remain well below the record level of 1970, with a steep reduction in Kenya and a smaller one in Uganda due to lack of rain. Cotton production too is estimated to fall short of the 1970 level because of much reduced crops in Nigeria and Tanzania.

Commodity Note

NATIONAL DAIRY POLICIES OF SURPLUS PRODUCING COUNTRIES RELAXED

General review

The reversal of the international dairy situation from heavy oversupplies to acute shortage within hardly more than a year [1] has led to considerable changes in national dairy policies in recent months. In many surplus producing countries policy measures to curb production have been relaxed while measures to stimulate domestic consumption or exports have been reduced or abolished. On the production side, the European Economic Community (EEC) and Switzerland discontinued their programmes to reduce dairy cow numbers which had been introduced in the late 1960s (see Table 1). Unusually large increases

[1] The international dairy situation in 1970/71 was described in more detail in Nos. 7/8, Vol. 20. The present note is an updated extract from FAO *Milk and milk products; Review of national policies 1970/71*, Rome 1971, CCP 71/8. This document was submitted to the forty-sixth session of the Committee on Commodity Problems, and deals with national dairy policies of 27 countries and EEC in 1970/71.

TABLE 1. – MEASURES TO ADJUST MILK PROMOTION TO DEMAND AND TO RAISE CONSUMPTION IN DEVELOPED COUNTRIES IN 1969/70 – 1970/71

	Measures affecting milk production and marketing								Measures affecting consumption and animal feeding			Measures affecting trade		
	Producer price reduction		Delivery quotas		Slaughter of cows	Dairy/beef conversion	Increase in feedstuffs prices	Reduction of fodder acreage	Reduction of consumer prices		Subsidies on animal feeding	Encouragement of exports		Food aid
	Direct	By holdback	Individual	Global					General	Special programmes		By subsidies	Indirect	
Australia										x [3]		x	x	x
Austria		x⁻				x			x⁻ [1]	x [3]	x	x		x
Canada		x	x⁺									x		x
Denmark										x [3]	x		x	x
EEC					x⁻	x			x⁻ [1]	x⁻	x⁻	x		x
Finland	x			x	x		x	x	x⁺ [2]	x		x		x
Ireland		x				x						x		x
New Zealand						x								x
Norway							x			x [3]		x		x⁻
Sweden							x			x			x	
Switzerland		x		x	x	x		x		x		x		x
United Kingdom				x						x [3]				x
United States										x		x		x

NOTE: x⁺ Measures intensified in 1970/71; x⁻ Measures reduced or withdrawn in 1970/71.
[1] Coldstore butter (including melted butter). – [2] Butter. – [3] Mainly welfare programmes for liquid milk.

TABLE 2. – PRODUCER PRICES OF MILK IN SELECTED COUNTRIES, 1964–70

		1964	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969	1970	1970
		National currency							*U.S.$/100 kg*
Prices increased in 1970									
Argentina	Pesos/litre	7.04	9.13	11.77	14.98	18.12	21.00	22.90	5.73
Belgium	B.fr./kg	4.13	4.40	4.42	4.43	4.34	4.20	4.26	8.52
Canada	Can.$/100 lb	3.21	3.37	3.49	3.76	3.84	3.95	4.05	8.84
Denmark (revised series)	D.Kr./100 kg	45.90	45.41	47.03	48.77	47.45	50.21	54.70	7.29
France	F.fr./100 kg	38.70	38.40	39.60	40.70	40.50	42.30	46.10	8.30
Italy	Lire/kg	65.00	67.78	69.24	68.88	69.52	72.18	79.00	12.64
Netherlands	Guilders/100 kg	32.70	33.40	33.90	34.90	34.20	34.80	35.20	9.72
New Zealand	N.Z.$/100 lb	1.51	1.64	1.77	1.77	1.65	1.53	1.58	3.90
Norway	N.kr./100 kg	80.76	86.51	90.00	93.16	93.16	96.04	99.80	13.97
Sweden	S.kr./100 kg	53.90	58.30	56.90	58.40	60.80	61.20	64.40	12.45
Switzerland	S.fr./100 kg	49.00	50.50	53.00	55.00	56.00	56.00	56.30	13.04
United Kingdom	Pence/gallon	15.6	15.7	16.2	16.4	16.5	16.4	17.7	9.07
United States	U.S.$/100 lb	4.16	4.23	4.78	5.01	5.24	5.46	5.68	12.52
Prices unchanged in 1970									
Australia	A$/gallon	0.25	0.25	0.24	0.25	0.25	0.25	0.25	5.99
Austria	Schillings/litre	2.12	2.24	2.30	2.30	2.30	2.37	2.37	8.91
Prices decreased in 1970									
Finland	Fmk/100 kg	37.52	41.32	41.79	44.25	51.78	52.47	51.31	12.22
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	DM/100 kg	39.90	40.40	40.60	40.10	40.30	40.60	40.20	10.98

For source and description of series see FAO *Milk and milk products. Review of national policies 1970/71*, Appendix C.

in producer prices of milk were made by most developed countries in 1970 (see Table 2) and 1971. Additional, indirect rises occurred in countries like Austria, Switzerland and Canada where the "holdbacks" from farmers were reduced. On the consumption side, EEC withdrew subsidies on domestic sales of coldstore and melted butter, and stopped the very costly subsidies on skim milk powder in pig feeding in 1970. Subsidies on liquid skim milk used in animal feeding are to be cut soon. Only Finland intensified its policy of subsidizing domestic sales of butter in 1971, and has so far continued its programme to reduce dairy herds. As far as the trade policy of the developed countries is concerned, the striking change is best illustrated by the facts that EEC not only withdrew or drastically cut subsidies on exports, but more recently has even introduced a levy on skim milk powder exports, and that the United Kingdom has suspended its system of butter and cheese import quotas until March 1972.

Centrally planned countries have also recently taken steps to increase incentives for livestock production, including rises in producer prices of milk and enhanced emphasis to the improvement of feed supplies. Present policies of developing countries reflect likewise an increased awareness of the need to mobilize local production resources as a means of improving food consumption levels and saving foreign exchange. The recent sharp rise in world market prices of milk products, accompanied by a decrease in availabilities for food aid, has not only added to the import bill of developing countries, but will, if it continues, also improve the cost/benefit ratio of capital injection in local dairy industries in deficit countries.

Although world prices of milk products are not expected to maintain their present exceptionally high levels, they are unlikely to return to the low levels of the late 1960s. For, according to FAO's new agricultural commodity projections, 1970-80, it seems that in the medium and long run world and national markets in the main dairying regions will be better balanced than in the past decade. Yet this long-term expectation does not rule out the reemergence of temporary smaller surpluses, as can be seen from recent developments in the United States. Similar ups and downs in the supply/demand position are likely to recur in Europe, too. In fact, there is already some possibility of undue price increases in European countries. As long as milk production and consumption are so highly dependent upon noneconomic factors, such as weather, consumer behaviour and short-term policy decisions, it will not be possible to establish a complete and lasting equilibrium, but improved supply management systems and more international coordination should be able to mitigate these fluctuations.

National dairy policies in selected countries in 1970/71

EXPORTING COUNTRIES

The basic common milk market regulation in the *European Economic Community*, as adopted in 1968/69, has remained unchanged, but there were again considerable variations in application both in individual states and on a Community level. The milk target price was raised by about 6 percent in 1971/72 and is likely to be increased further in 1972/73. The general aim of EEC's livestock policy of encouraging farmers to shift from dairy to beef cattle production was not reflected in this year's price decisions, although it has been considered in the Commission's proposals for 1972/73. Taking into account trends in demand for individual milk products, the rise in the price of milk is to come mainly from the nonfat component of milk (see Table 3).

TABLE 3. – EEC: MILK TARGET, BUTTER AND SKIM MILK POWDER INTERVENTION PRICES IN 1968/69–1971/72 AND PROPOSALS FOR 1972/73

	1968/69-1970/71	1971/72	Proposed for 1972/73 [1]
	..... *U.S.$ per 100 kg*		
Milk target price (free dairy)	10.30	10.90	11.12
Butter intervention price ...	173.50	178.00	178.00
Skim milk powder intervention price	41.25	47.00	49.42

[1] Proposed by EEC Commission in June 1971.

The significant increase in the milk target price not only compensates partly for inflation of costs but reflects also the striking change in EEC dairy position in 1970/71. As a combined result of policy measures, weather conditions and the accelerated decline in the attractiveness of dairy farming, milk production was down in the past two years and levelled in 1971. Domestic consumption was stimulated by weather, the economic boom and, as regards butter and skim milk powder, by special surplus disposal measures. Moreover, exports, which continued to be heavily subsidized during most of 1970, jumped to record levels, and substantial quantities were delivered as food aid to developing countries. Thus surplus stocks were virtually liquidated by the end of the 1970/71 dairy year.

In view of the improved situation, most of the measures to curtail production and to encourage domestic consumption and exports were withdrawn in the second half of 1970 and early 1971. The extremely costly subsidies on skim milk powder in pig feeding were discontinued in the middle of 1970. Subsidies on sales of butter to special consumer

groups as well as for melting purposes and to the biscuit industry were abolished. Subsidies on exports have been continuously cut since the middle of 1970 and, for the most important items, butter and skim milk powder, virtually withdrawn in the spring of 1971. Recently, even a levy on exports of skim milk powder has been introduced to limit sales abroad.

The successful dairy cow slaughtering programme, in which 235 000 cows were slaughtered in the first half of 1970, was not continued. But the dairy-to-beef production conversion scheme was pursued until June 1971, by which time the number of cows for which farmers lodged applications for conversion premiums reached some 270 000. Thus, EEC dairy herd reduction programme covered roughly 500 000 cows in 1970 and 1971, a figure that was envisaged when the Council of Ministers agreed upon these measures in 1969. This is about 2.4 percent of the dairy herd of the Six.

At present, EEC dairy subsidy measures are restricted to restitutions on exports of some cheeses, condensed milk and packeted butter, as well as subsidies on feeding of skim milk and skim milk powder and on manufacturing of skim milk into casein. The Community has pursued a rather cautious policy regarding subsidies for the inclusion of skim milk powder in calf feed, the rate of subsidy being increased from U.S.$ 8.25 to $13.00 per 100 kg in 1971/72, that is, almost offsetting the rise in the intervention price. But the subsidy on liquid skim milk was raised only moderately at the beginning of the 1971/72 dairy year, and is now to be drastically cut in order to discourage further use in animal feeding.

Deliveries of food aid to developing countries by EEC will also be continued; current commitments to the World Food Programme (WFP) amount to 35 000 tons of butter oil and 120 000 tons of skim milk powder. However, because of the present shortage of supplies it appears that a large part of this will be shipped later than initially agreed. Apart from pledges to WFP, EEC as well as some member states have made milk products available for bilateral food aid.

The heavy surplus reduction activities resulted in the cost of EEC dairy policy reaching a record $900 million in 1970, but expenditure fell considerably this year.

National variations of Community prices and measures were again chiefly due to divergent currency policies. France returned to the common EEC butter price by early 1971 through several increases of its intervention price to make up for the effects of the franc devaluation in 1969, and Belgium and Luxembourg abolished on 1 January 1971 their so-called correctives, added so far to the intervention prices of skim milk powder and butter. But the floating of the German mark and of the Netherlands guilder as from May 1971 led again to the application of equalization levies and restitutions in intra-EEC trade, and the market divergencies became even more evident in the context of the international currency crisis later in 1971.

As *Austria*'s surplus stocks were liquidated by 1970/71, largely as a result of past policy action, some of the special measures to curb milk output and to encourage consumption have recently been withdrawn. However, the scheme which encourages farmers to fatten female calves up to a slaughter weight of 120 kg by a premium of S200 ($8) has been extended until the end of 1971.

The holdback from the farmer's milk price (as a contribution to financing surplus disposal and sales promotion) was gradually reduced. The basic producer price of milk, unchanged since 1965, was raised on 1 June 1971 by 11 percent to S2.55 ($0.10) per litre. For milk of the first category, a premium continues to be payable.

Although this producer price still includes a fairly high subsidy to keep market prices below the cost of production, the rise was accompanied by an increase in the consumer price of liquid milk by 7 percent to S4.90 ($0.20) per litre (in bottles). The official retail price of butter rose by 10 percent, and prices of other milk products were increased, too. After the successful sales campaign in the summer of 1970, disposals of coldstore butter at reduced prices ceased and those of melted butter were reduced. The mandatory purchase by dairy farmers of butter and cheese was also suspended as from October 1970. Disposal of surpluses through exports decreased, and the country even imported some cream for butter manufacturing and skim milk powder in 1970/71.

Danish Government payments to milk producers as part of the general agricultural support policy rose to DKr 402 million ($53 million) in 1970. Domestic market prices of milk and milk products depend on the wholesale butter price which can be raised only with the Government's consent. The butter price ex dairy was raised from DKr 10.65 per kilogramme in August 1970 to DKr 12.00 ($1.60) as from August 1971.

The Government's policy in *Finland* to reduce dairy surpluses within its general measures recently introduced to curb overall agricultural production (beef production being an exception) has been continued. An aggregate 132 000 hectares of arable land were taken out of production under a soil bank system in 1969 and 1970 and 16 000 cows were slaughtered under this scheme. Another 50 000 cows were slaughtered within a special programme under which farmers who give up milk production are paid a premium of Fmk 500 ($119) per cow; this scheme was introduced in 1970. In remote districts, however, milk production and marketing continue to be sup-

ported by special subsidies. Because of the rapid decline in production the producer price for milk was only slightly affected by the creation of a global quota system on milk deliveries, although a series of increases in the price of milk over the past ten years came to an end in 1970.

The measures to curb milk production also include a restriction on imports of certain feedstuffs and oilseeds and a special levy on milk deliveries from state farms and other nonprivate producers. Butter production was reduced by measures to encourage cheese and whole milk powder production. Consumption of butter has been further encouraged by a cut in the consumer price by 7 percent to Fmk 7.90 ($1.88) per kg through increased subsidies as from early 1971, accompanied by a rise in the price of margarine by one third. Moreover sales of cheap butter to the food processing industry were expanded, but the scheme under which low-income groups were able to receive butter at a reduced price was abolished.

Exports of dairy products continued to be highly subsidized. There were also some new food aid donations (in the form of cheese to WFP). Total expenditure on subsidizing exports and food aid, storage and price reductions on the domestic market rose by nearly 30 percent to Fmk 705 million ($168 million) in 1970, whereas the regional production and transportation grants remained unchanged at Fmk 52 million ($12 million). Nevertheless, as a result of the combined measures to curb milk production and to encourage consumption and exports, surplus stocks were substantially reduced, and costs of dairy policy have declined perceptibly in 1971.

Poland's dairy policy has continued to aim toward increased production, marketing and consumption of milk and milk products. After moderate increases in milk prices to producers in recent years, there were two more marked rises by 7 and 13 percent, respectively, in 1971. Collection of milk (at present less than 40 percent of output) is planned to expand more rapidly than production, and the processing industry is also supported by credit facilities.

Consumption of milk and milk products is encouraged by subsidies on retail prices of liquid milk, by advertising campaigns, other kinds of sales promotion, and nutritional schemes. Consumer prices of liquid milk were increased by 15 percent at the end of 1970 but were returned to their previous level in March 1971.

Sweden's dairy policy aims at adjusting milk production to domestic demand. Whereas earlier, this was designed to avoid costly surpluses, production in recent years has decreased so rapidly that the emphasis has now shifted to preventing a further contraction of output. Hence in 1971/72 the average milk price to producers is to rise by over 15 percent; further increases are foreseen for 1972/73 and 1973/74. This will come mainly from higher domestic prices for milk and milk products. However, prices would not rise to this extent if milk collection exceeded a certain level and new surpluses arose.

There has been some relaxation of the measures to curb production introduced in the late 1960s in *Switzerland*, and producer prices of milk have perceptibly risen. Another 30 000 cows were slaughtered in 1970 under the range of measures to curb output, about 3 percent of the country's dairy herd, but this programme has been suspended in 1971. The basic producer price for milk was raised by 11 percent to S.fr. 62 ($15.19), and the Government's guaranteed global delivery quota was slightly raised to 2.6 million tons for the 1970/71 dairy year (November/October). Actual milk intake did not exceed this level, so that the special levy for deliveries in excess of the quota did not have to be applied.

The general holdback by which farmers contribute to financing dairy schemes has been left unchanged at S.fr. 3 ($0.71) per 100 kg in 1970/71, but in view of the more balanced situation a substantial proportion of this is to be paid back to producers. A further improvement in the producer price resulted from an increase in the special payment on milk manufactured into cheese. In 1971/72 the holdback has been reduced to S.fr. 1.50. The rise in the producer price led to an immediate increase in consumer prices of liquid milk. Cheese prices were also raised in 1970/71, whereas butter prices have been increased only recently, chiefly as a result of present high world prices.

Canada's dairy policy has been further intensified by a comprehensive supply management plan agreed to by the Canadian Dairy Commission and the provincial milk marketing agencies of Quebec and Ontario in January 1971. The new so-called market quota sharing system covers about 80 percent of Canada's manufacturing milk production; producer groups in other provinces are working toward a similar system. These efforts to balance the milk market are accompanied by overall development programmes assisting small farmers to leave the industry. Individual market sharing quotas in the two provinces are fixed for each producer on the basis of historical deliveries or his subsidy eligibility quota applied under the old federal system. Each producer receives a price related to Canadian price support levels for his quota, with a heavy deduction for excess deliveries.

The main elements of federal support to the manufacturing milk market are "offer-to-purchase" prices for butter, cheddar cheese and skim milk powder and a direct subsidy to producers. In 1971 the support price was raised by 5 percent for butter, by 15 percent for cheddar cheese and by 30 percent for skim milk powder. The direct subsidy to produc-

ers is Can.$1.25 per 100 lb (U.S.$2.73 per 100 kg) of milk delivered, the same as last year.

As under the old system, which is still in force in the other provinces, there is a holdback (now called "levy") from payments to producers toward the cost of disposing of surpluses through exports. For the 1971/72 dairy year, the levy provisionally fixed at last year's level of Can.$0.26 per 100 pounds (U.S.$0.57 per 100 kg) has been reduced to Can.$0.20 per 100 pounds (U.S.$0.44 per 100 kg) as from 1 June. Deliveries in excess of the quota are charged with a levy of Can.$2.40 per 100 pounds (U.S.$5.24 per 100 kg); although this is about twice as much as under the previous system, aggregate returns from sales of manufacturing milk are expected to increase in 1971/72 as a result of the higher support prices and lower export losses.

Chiefly as a result of the price policy in recent years, the long-term decline in dairy cows in the *United States* has perceptibly slowed down. For the first time since 1964, milk production showed an increase in 1970 and this has continued in 1971. This led to a renewed build-up of surpluses, particularly of butter, but nevertheless the 9 percent rise in the support price for manufacturing milk in 1970/71 was followed by another increase by 6 percent to $4.93 per 100 pounds ($10.87 per 100 kg) in 1971/72. Taking into account the different trends of demand, this was reflected solely in the Commodity Credit Corporation's (CCC) support prices of cheddar and skim milk powder, which were raised by 5 percent and 17 percent respectively. In contrast, the support prices for butter, which vary according to regions, were cut by 3 percent.

As the long-term downward trend in commercial consumption continued, the increase in production caused a renewed rise in the Government's price support activities: after their continuous fall in the second half of the 1960s, costs rose by one third to $380 million in 1970/71, with a further expansion being expected in 1971/72. Government purchases in 1970/71 were equivalent to 3.2 million tons of milk, or 6 percent of total marketings by farmers compared with only 4 percent in 1969/70. In addition to this, over $100 million were provided for the School Milk Programme in 1970/71.

As the use of butter and cheese purchased by CCC had been virtually limited to domestic welfare programmes, stocks rose considerably in 1970/71. But in 1971, the United States resumed commercial exports of butter. Skim milk powder was also exported, chiefly as food aid; foreign donations, mostly for special feeding programmes in developing countries, amounted to about 135 000 tons in 1970, slightly less than the 1969 level (143 000 tons). Imports of milk products, with the exception of casein, whey powder, lactose and certain high-priced varieties of cheese, are allowed only within fixed quotas. Import quotas were extended in 1971 to cover additional products.

The Dairy Beef Diversion Incentive Scheme introduced in *New Zealand* in 1969/70, which aimed at diversifying part of the dairying capacity into beef production by premiums on calves from dairy cows raised for beef production, was discontinued in 1971. It appears that this scheme has so far had only a marginal impact on milk output, the sharp decline in production in 1969/70 and 1970/71 being caused largely by unfavourable weather.

Many dairy farmers had to receive assistance from the Special Agricultural Assistance Fund in 1969/70 and 1970/71 to help them over the financial difficulties caused by two consecutive drought summers. Also, further loans were approved for amalgamation and strengthening of existing units and for farm development.

Owing to the dairy industry's long-term price stabilization policy for butter, and the need to make up losses incurred in earlier years, the improved earnings from exports were not fully reflected in the producer price of milk. The basic price of butterfat (in cream for butter manufacture) to milk suppliers was increased by 6 percent in 1970/71 and by another 4 percent to N.Z.$29.17 per 100 pounds (U.S.$0.72 per kg) as from June 1971. But actual returns to producers are reported to have risen more, due to a substantial increase in the value of the nonfat component of the milk. Domestic wholesale prices of butter and cheese were raised, too, whereas the consumer price of liquid milk has been left unchanged at 4 N.Z. cents per pint (U.S.$0.08 per litre).

The New Zealand Dairy Board has continued its export diversification policy, that is, expansion of trade in markets outside the United Kingdom. This policy has included exports on concessional terms (food aid and long-term credits) in recent years.

Importing developed countries

Apart from a more marked increase in the guaranteed milk price, the main changes in the *United Kingdom*'s dairy policy were a cut in welfare distribution of liquid milk, first steps toward a system of minimum prices and levies on imports, and, as a result of the reversal of the international dairy position, a suspension of butter and cheese import quotas.

The guaranteed price for milk in 1970/71 was increased to 20.5p per gallon. The rise over 1969/70 amounted to 8.5 percent, the biggest annual increase for the last ten years. In 1971/72 there was a further rise by nearly 8 percent to 22.1p ($11.33 per 100 kg). Hence, the maximum price of ordinary pasteurized milk was raised by 9 percent in August 1970 and

by another 10 percent to 5.5p per pint ($0.23 per litre) in July 1971.

In 1970/71 some 1.2 million tons — 16 percent of total sales of liquid milk — were provided free or at reduced price to expectant mothers, children under 5 years and children attending primary schools; the cost was £60.1 million ($144 million). The Government's decision to reduce drastically its expenditure on welfare distribution meant that as from April 1971, cheap welfare milk ceased to be available, and from September 1971 distribution of free milk to school children was limited to pupils under 7 years, an exception being made for those up to the age of 12 who have a medical requirement. The provisions for distribution of free milk to families in need were, however, extended. Although the dairy industry has intensified its promotional efforts in order to minimize the effects of the welfare cuts on liquid milk sales, the proportion of manufacturing milk to total milk intake is likely to continue to increase.

Manufacturing milk prices were influenced chiefly by restrictions on imports of butter and cheese. Butter quotas for 1970/71 originally totalled 432 000 tons, an increase of 28 000 tons over 1969/70. But some suppliers were unable to meet their quotas, and additional imports of 19 000 tons were authorized in the second half of the dairy year. For near-butters the quota was raised by 28 percent to 11 700 tons and a specific quota was fixed for ghee amounting to 700 tons in 1970/71. The quantity of cheddar and cheddar-type cheese imports, limited under voluntary restraint arrangements with supplying countries, was 134 900 tons in 1970/71.

For the year commencing 1 April 1971 total butter imports were authorized at 427 000 tons. Yet, because of the increasing shortage of supplies, the quota system established in 1962 was suspended as from late April 1971. The quotas on near-butters and ghee were raised further. The quantity agreed for imports of cheddar and cheddar-type cheese was increased to 138 000 tons in 1971/72, but this system was also suspended later.

For other milk products, as part of the Government's new policy on agricultural support, minimum import prices were introduced on 1 July 1971, but because of the high world prices, there has so far been no need to enforce this system by levies.

Apart from adjusting production and consumption targets to the rising demand, *Japan*'s dairy policy has remained virtually unchanged since 1967. The targets for milk production and consumption in 1971 were raised to 5.05 and 5.17 million tons, respectively. Accordingly, the maximum quantity of manufacturing milk for which a price is guaranteed to producers under a deficiency payment scheme was raised by 7 percent to 1.55 million tons in 1971. But the guaranteed price for manufacturing milk (at an equivalent of $12.36 per 100 kg) has been set only slightly higher than in 1970, and support prices for butter, skim milk powder and sweetened condensed whole and skim milk have all been unchanged since 1968.

Consumer prices for liquid milk (Tokyo) went up by 14 percent to an equivalent of 6.4 U.S. cents per bottle of 0.18 litre (equal to $0.36 per litre) in 1970 and have risen further in 1971. The Government continues to provide considerable quantities of liquid milk and skim milk powder under domestic school luncheon and welfare programmes.

The deficit in the milk balance is met by imports of cheese and casein, the sole major dairy products of which importation is liberalized, as well as of milk powder, whereas imports of butter and condensed milk have been very low in recent years.

Developing countries

Increased priority has recently been given to the local dairy industry in *Ceylon*. The major aim of the 1972-76 dairy development plan is to increase the intake of locally produced milk at processing plants from 90 000 to 250 000 litres per day in order to cut imports. Plans have been made to expand the milk collection network, and processing facilities are also enlarged. Farmers will receive more incentives through cheaper inputs, improved credit facilities and better returns from slaughter cattle.

Apart from technical and managerial deficiencies at the farm level, insufficient collection and processing facilities have been the major limiting factors to commercial dairy development. This even led to the introduction of a system of delivery quotas to individual producers in parts of the country in 1969, but, with the enlargement of processing capacities, quotas have been removed in 1971. Marketing of domestic milk had also been affected by strong competition from cheap imports in the past, but the National Milk Board has recently been given full responsibility to coordinate imports and local supplies.

India's general policy is to encourage milk production in rural areas linked to dairy units for supplying milk to urban areas. Within the fourth plan period (1969/70-1973/74) milk output is scheduled to expand by 22 percent to 25.9 million tons. Substantial efforts are made to strengthen and develop milk producers' cooperatives. At the same time the resettlement of city-kept cattle and buffalo in adjacent rural areas is envisaged.

The integrated approach to dairy development is based on regional intensive cattle development programmes. By 1970/71 the number of such programmes increased to 50, and 106 dairy plants (comprising 61 liquid milk plants, 10 milk products fac-

tories and 35 small milk schemes) were in operation in the public and cooperative sectors. The financing of dairy development will be based, to a large extent, on funds generated by the sale of WFP commodity aid, amounting to 126 000 tons of skim milk powder and 42 000 tons of butter oil from 1970/71 to 1974/75.

There is no central pricing policy or price support. The prevailing price of butterfat (ghee) is one of the major factors governing the procurement price of milk. In addition to premiums for milk, the quality of which is higher than that described for a basic price, some dairy plants have initiated a policy of giving a bonus to milk suppliers who, during the lean season, keep up a stipulated minimum percentage (generally 60 percent) of the flush season supplies. Producer prices of cow's milk for liquid consumption mainly ranged from Rs 0.80 to Rs 1.20 ($0.11 to 0.16) per litre in December 1970, those of buffalo milk were roughly 20 percent higher.

Locally produced milk is generally sold to consumers at the full cost of production, although efforts are made by dairies to supply milk on a no-profit-no-loss basis. To keep down selling prices, many plants distribute standardized milk (containing 4.5 to 5.0 percent fat), besides supplying toned or double toned milk (with 3.0 and 1.5 percent fat, respectively). In December 1970 selling prices were about Rs. 1.20 (0.16) per litre for standardized milk, about Rs 1.00 ($0.13) for toned and Rs 0.80 ($0.11) for double toned milk.

In plants established with assistance from the United Nations Children's Fund, low-fat high-protein milk is sold to a selected low-income group at a subsidized rate. Several municipalities provide free milk to school children, and there are welfare schemes based on donations from abroad.

SYMBOLS:
... Data not available
* Unofficial figures
— None, in negligible quantity, or entry not applicable
( ) Data excluded from totals
F FAO Estimate

N. B. In the production tables, the totals include also data for producing countries not listed in the tables

Statistical Tables

PRODUCTION - PRODUCCION

Table 1. - Area and production: New and revised data received during October 1971

Tableau 1. - Superficie et production: Données nouvelles et révisées reçues en octobre 1971

Commodity and country — Produit et pays	Year — Année	Area — Superficie	Production
		1 000 ha	*1 000 m.t.*
RYE			
Austria	1971	—	451
France	1971	127	276
Germany, Federal Republic of	1971	—	3 043
Canada	1971	—	643
United States	1971	—	1 329
OATS			
France	1971	801	2 324
Germany, Federal Republic of	1971	—	2 990
Canada	1971	2 835	5 727
United States	1971	—	12 841
MILLET and SORGHUM			
United States			
Sorghum	1971	—	22 660
Argentina			
Millet	1970	—	196
Colombia			
Sorghum	1970	66	140
	1971	72	200
Mali			
Unspecified	1970	900	600
	1971	1 300	900
Senegal			
Unspecified	1970	983	405
	1971	1 050	650
SUGAR BEETS			
France	1971/72	419	18 209
German Democratic Republic	1970/71	192	6 135
Netherlands	1971/72	—	4 739
Canada	1970/71	—	832
	1971/72	33	985
United States	1971/72	—	23 272
Israel	1971/72	6	260
Lebanon	1970/71	—	120
Morocco	1970/71	—	1 114
POTATOES			
Austria	1971	105	2 326
Netherlands	1971	154	5 846
Canada	1971	128	2 380
United States	1971	—	14 378
DRY BEANS			
Italy	1971	—	149
Canada	1971	38	61
United States	1971	549	744
DRY PEAS			
Canada	1971	31	49
United States	1971	105	237

Commodity and country — Produit et pays	Year — Année	Area — Superficie	Production
		1 000 ha	*1 000 m.t.*
APPLES			
France			
Dessert and cooking apples	1971	—	1 883
Italy	1971	—	1 719
United States	1971	—	2 791
GRAPES (total)			
Italy	1971	—	10 818
United States	1971	—	3 538
Syrian Arab Republic	1970	—	206
Morocco	1970	—	203
WINE			
France	1971	—	6 569
Portugal	1971	—	7 529
Yugoslavia	1970	—	540
Morocco	1970	—	125
CITRUS FRUIT			
Italy			
Oranges and tangerines	1971	—	1 823
Lemons	1971	—	7 266
United States			
Oranges and tangerines	1970	—	7 900
	1971	—	7 750
Grapefruit	1971	—	2 239
Lemons and limes	1971	—	734
Morocco			
Oranges and tangerines	1970	—	880
SOYBEANS			
Canada	1971	146	255
Indonesia	1970	684	488
GROUNDNUTS			
United States	1971	599	1 443
COTTONSEED			
United States	1971	—	3 992
LINSEED			
Canada	1971	814	680
United States	1971	660	508
RAPESEED			
France	1971	310	619
Canada	1971	2 216	2 282
COTTON (lint)			
United States	1971	4 687	2 330

NOTE: Data for 1971 and for 1971/72 represent preliminary estimates or forecasts and are subject to revision. Area figures generally refer to harvested area. A dash (—) denotes no revision or entry not applicable.

NOTE: Les données relatives à 1971 et à 1971/72 représentent des estimations préliminaires ou des prévisions et sont donc sujettes à révision. Les chiffres des superficies se rapportent généralement aux superficies récoltées. Un tiret (—) indique qu'il n'y a pas de chiffre révisé ou que le renseignement n'a pas lieu de figurer.

Table 2. - Wheat: Area and production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970, and 1971[1]

Tableau 2. - Blé: Superficie et production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970 et 1971[1]

Country — Pays	Area-Superficie				Production			
	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]
	1 000 hectares				*1 000 metric tons*			
EUROPE								
Albania [2]	[3]95	122 F	120 F	...	[3]89	200 F	200 F	...
Austria	204	286	275	274	348	950	810	942
Belgium [2]	163	202	189	...	525	779	735	...
Bulgaria [3,4]	1 432	1 039	1 014	1 050	1 776	2 569	3 032	...
Czechoslovakia [3]	785	1 051	1 078	1 103	1 493	3 257	3 174	...
Denmark	78	98	114	*115	285	428	512	*579
Finland	171	204	176	173	263	481	409	412
France	4 264	4 034	3 760	3 993	7 791	14 459	12 922	15 067
German Dem. Rep.	472	560	598	...	1 243	1 987	2 132	...
Germany, Fed. Rep. of [3]	1 020	1 494	1 493	1 548	2 669	6 000	5 662	7 106
Greece	878	1 083	985	...	894	1 701	1 930	...
Hungary [4]	1 385	1 324	1 276	1 276	1 909	3 585	2 722	...
Ireland	144	82	94	...	327	363	*368	...
Italy	4 705	4 218	4 138	4 142	7 170	9 585	9 630	9 874
Netherlands	89	155	142	142	324	677	643	703
Poland [4]	1 464	1 965	1 985	...	1 833	4 710	4 608	5 000
Portugal	689	563	575	640	499	452	540	835
Romania [4]	[5]2 728	2 759	2 312	...	2 778	4 349	3 351	5 000
Spain [2]	4 162	3 770	3 757	3 618	3 625	4 626	4 064	5 387
Sweden	323	265	225	238	677	917	962	1 041
Switzerland [3]	98	107	104	...	260	379	370	...
United Kingdom	881	833	1 010	1 091	2 397	3 364	4 174	4 868
Yugoslavia [2]	1 821	2 021	1 833	1 930	2 171	4 882	3 792	5 300
Total	*28 019*	*28 263*	*27 320*	*28 200*	*41 160*	*70 771*	*66 750*	78 300
U.S.S.R. [4]	[3]42 633	66 426	65 239	...	[3]35 759	79 917	99 500	...
NORTH AMERICA								
Canada	10 507	10 104	5 052	7 781	13 443	18 623	9 023	14 198
Mexico	604	833	840	...	534	2 377	2 436	*1 900
United States	27 756	19 253	17 930	19 570	31 065	39 740	37 516	44 295
Total	*38 903*	*30 220*	*23 854*	*28 100*	*45 062*	*60 774*	*49 007*	*60 400*
SOUTH AMERICA								
Argentina	4 487	5 191	3 332	...	5 175	7 020	4 250	...
Brazil [4]	671	1 407	1 761	...	498	1 374	1 657	*2 200
Chile [4]	777	743	740	727	928	1 214	1 307	1 344
Colombia	173	58	42	52	124	75	50	78
Peru [4]	158	147	155 F	...	146	137	*150	...
Uruguay [4]	526	336	337	...	469	403	388	...
Total	*6 908*	*8 092*	*6 565*	*7 600*	*7 402*	*10 388*	*7 979*	*9 900*
ASIA								
India	9 290	15 958	16 626	17 892	6 087	18 652	20 093	23 247
Iran	[5]*2 085	5 100	5 327	...	[5]*1 879	4 200	*3 800	*3 600
Iraq	936	2 089	2 033	1 387	448	1 189	1 059	814
Japan [4]	745	287	229	...	1 375	758	474	*430
Jordan [4]	182	149	122	...	128	144	45	*190
Korea, Rep. of [4]	95	153	158	...	139	366	357	...
Lebanon	70	43	60 F	...	51	33	*50	...
Pakistan [4]	4 218	6 277	6 349	...	3 685	6 711	7 399	6 616
Syrian Arab Republic	994	1 221	1 341	...	761	1 004	625	*830
Turkey [3,4]	4 770	8 743	8 675	...	4 770	10 593	10 081	*12 600
Total	*25 954*	*43 180*	*44 072*	*44 600*	*21 381*	*46 935*	*47 185*	*51 700*
China (mainland) [4]	[5]23 049	...	...	...	[5]15 913	28 500 F	30 000 F	...
AFRICA								
Algeria	1 597	2 198	2 250 F	...	996	1 326	1 500 F	...
Egypt, Arab Rep. of [4]	605	531	548	...	1 111	1 277	1 516	*1 680
Ethiopia	840 F	1 047	1 060 F	...	460 F	764	780 F	...
Morocco	1 287	1 945	1 892	...	786	1 594	1 801	2 210
South Africa [6]	928	1 270 F	1 300 F	...	555	1 328	1 358	...
Tunisia	917	*630	800 F	...	452	300	*450	...
Total	*6 511*	*8 325*	*8 472*	*8 700*	*4 576*	*7 174*	*8 001*	*8 800*
OCEANIA								
Australia [4]	4 620	9 486	6 434	...	5 161	10 546	7 988	...
New Zealand	51	130	109	96	139	457	287	324
Total	*4 671*	*9 616*	*6 543*	*7 400*	*5 300*	*11 003*	*8 275*	*7 824*
WORLD TOTAL	**173 284**	**221 522**	**209 755**	**218 000**	**171 151**	**315 462**	**316 696**	**340 200**
REGIONAL TOTALS								
Europe	**28 019**	**28 263**	**27 320**	**28 200**	**41 160**	**70 771**	**66 750**	**78 300**
North America	**38 263**	**29 357**	**22 982**	**27 300**	**44 508**	**58 363**	**46 539**	**58 500**
Latin America	**7 548**	**8 955**	**7 427**	**8 300**	**7 956**	**12 799**	**19 447**	**11 800**
Near East	**12 003**	**20 653**	**20 778**	**20 200**	**10 996**	**21 452**	**19 924**	**22 300**
Far East	**14 693**	**23 437**	**24 134**	**25 300**	**11 523**	**26 961**	**28 945**	**31 300**
Africa	**5 769**	**7 415**	**7 632**	**7 800**	**3 439**	**5 696**	**6 317**	**6 900**
Oceania	**4 671**	**9 616**	**6 543**	**7 500**	**5 300**	**11 003**	**8 275**	**7 824**

[1] 1971, preliminary figures. — [2] Includes spelt. — [3] Average of 3 years. — [4] Sown area. — [5] Average of 4 years. — [6] On farms and estates.

[1] 1971, chiffres préliminaires. — [2] Y compris l'épeautre. — [3] Moyenne de 3 années. — [4] Superficie ensemencée. — [5] Moyenne de 4 années. — [6] Dans les fermes et grands domaines.

Table 3. - Barley: Area and production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970, and 1971 [1]

Tableau 3. - Orge: Superficie et production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970 et 1971 [1]

Country — Pays	Area-Superficie				Production			
	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]
	1 000 hectares				1 000 metric tons			
EUROPE								
Austria	127	274	290	295	210	934	913	1 024
Belgium	82	155	170	...	244	557	527	...
Bulgaria [2]	240	412	403	...	332	905	1 167	...
Czechoslovakia	606	779	801	851	1 046	2 499	2 280	...
Denmark	495	1 305	1 352	*1 383	1 708	5 255	4 813	*5 498
Finland	129	373	404	408	201	840	933	897
France	954	2 859	2 929	2 688	1 534	9 452	8 009	8 888
German Dem. Rep.	259	642	640	...	593	2 067	1 926	...
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	586	1 387	1 475	1 494	1 402	5 130	4 754	5 671
Greece	208	283	342	...	211	447	718	...
Hungary [2]	454	382	286	300	654	909	553	...
Ireland	64	198	220	...	163	788	800 F	...
Italy	251	175	180	189	258	292	315	370
Luxembourg	5	16	18	16	9	53	44	53
Netherlands	60	99	104	98	201	389	350	377
Norway	47	185	184	179	109	486	581	614
Poland [2]	836	759	924	...	1 061	1 948	2 149	*2 400
Portugal	145	119	118	106	96	54	54	86
Romania [2]	[3]506	303	287	...	[3]412	544	511	...
Spain	1 557	2 170	2 220	2 268	1 909	3 969	3 092	*4 611
Sweden	106	593	610	595	231	1 575	1 904	2 075
Switzerland	22	37	41	...	55	132	143	...
United Kingdom	818	2 413	2 243	2 304	2 061	8 664	7 496	8 798
Yugoslavia	321	300	280	...	323	459	402	...
Total	*8 901*	*16 237*	*16 538*	*16 600*	*15 014*	*48 363*	*44 449*	*51 380*
U.S.S.R. [2]	[4]8 565	22 484	21 300	...	[4]6 354	32 652	38 100	...
NORTH AMERICA								
Canada	2 845	3 859	4 064	6 154	4 245	8 238	9 051	14 284
Mexico	222	238	250	...	160	250	212	...
United States	4 095	3 858	3 903	4 131	5 843	9 222	8 937	10 231
Total	*7 162*	*7 955*	*8 217*	*10 500*	*10 247*	*17 710*	*18 201*	*24 750*
SOUTH AMERICA								
Argentina	540	457	356	...	656	570	367	...
Bolivia	[5]56	92	93	...	[5]39	61	62	...
Brazil [2]	15	30	30 F	...	15	31	30 F	...
Chile [2]	50	44	47	53	79	80	97	...
Colombia	42	49	50	64	50	76	90	115
Ecuador	89	125 F	132	...	57	62	107	...
Peru [2]	181	182	*185	...	208	164	*180	...
Uruguay [2]	28	39	41	...	23	41	45	...
Total	*1 003*	*1 018*	*934*	*1 000*	*1 130*	*1 086*	*978*	*1 100*
ASIA								
Afghanistan	346 F	319 F	320 F	...	269 F	365	360	...
Cyprus	53	*83	*55	...	47	102	*50	...
India	3 128	2 758	2 765	2 597	2 384	2 424	2 716	2 865
Iran	757	1 200	1 385	...	767	1 141	880	...
Iraq	934	1 218	1 064	744	722	1 250	691	509
Israel	[3]52	25	17	16	[3]44	21	14	...
Japan [2]	984	283	226	...	2 020	812	573	...
Jordan	62	56	36	...	52	42	30 F	...
Korea, Rep. of [2]	624	942	930	...	846 F	2 066	1 974	...
Pakistan [2]	223	184	191	...	150	115	128	*254
Syrian Arab Republic	369	626	1 126	...	321	627	235	...
Turkey	1 972	2 687	2 590	...	2 270	3 740	3 250	4 000
Total	*9 704*	*10 674*	*10 997*	*10 300*	*10 094*	*13 032*	*11 233*	*12 000*
AFRICA								
Algeria	1 166	736	700 F	...	808	466	*500	...
Egypt, Arab Rep. of [2]	64	62	35	...	123	117	83	...
Ethiopia	970	1 747	1 770 F	...	720	1 517	1 540 F	...
Libyan Arab Rep.	354 F	357	216	...	84	124	53	...
Morocco	2 033	2 064	1 915	...	1 483	2 206	1 955	*2 210
South Africa [6]	[3]45	*50	*40	...	[3]41	18	30	...
Tunisia	590	*345	*410	...	218	*80	*150	...
Total	*9 231*	*5 378*	*5 104*	*5 500*	*3 486*	*4 547*	*4 330*	*4 700*
OCEANIA								
Australia [2]	455	1 521	2 064	*2 550	531	1 699	2 472	2 722
New Zealand	22	64	56	69	49	233	174	227
Total	*477*	*1 585*	*2 120*	*2 600*	*580*	*1 932*	*2 646*	*2 950*
WORLD TOTAL [7]	**52 412**	**78 031**	**78 210**	**81 700**	**59 323**	**137 122**	**138 537**	**152 100**
REGIONAL TOTALS								
Europe	**8 901**	**16 237**	**16 538**	**16 600**	**15 014**	**48 363**	**44 449**	**51 380**
North America	**6 940**	**7 717**	**7 967**	**10 300**	**10 088**	**17 460**	**17 988**	**24 500**
Latin America	**1 225**	**1 256**	**1 184**	**1 300**	**1 290**	**1 336**	**1 191**	**1 300**
Near East	**4 995**	**6 670**	**6 882**	**6 500**	**4 737**	**7 576**	**5 693**	**6 400**
Far East	**5 127**	**4 423**	**4 366**	**4 200**	**5 563**	**5 697**	**5 676**	**5 800**
Africa	**4 813**	**4 959**	**4 853**	**5 100**	**3 279**	**4 306**	**4 194**	**4 500**
Oceania	**477**	**1 585**	**2 120**	**2 600**	**580**	**1 932**	**2 646**	**2 950**

[1] 1971, preliminary figures. — [2] Sown area. — [3] Average of 4 years. — [4] 1950. — [5] Average of 3 years. — [6] On farms and estates. — [7] Including estimates for mainland China.

[1] 1971, chiffres préliminaires. — [2] Superficie ensemencée. — [3] Moyenne de 4 années. — [4] 1950. — [5] Moyenne de 3 années. — [6] Dans les fermes et grands domaines. — [7] Y compris des estimations pour la Chine continentale.

Table 4. - Maize: Area and production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970, and 1971 [1]

Tableau 4. - Maïs: Superficie et production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970 et 1971 [1]

Country — Pays	Area-Superficie				Production			
	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]
	1 000 hectares				*1 000 metric tons*			
EUROPE								
Albania	[2]123	150 F	150 F	...	[2]107	285 F	270 F	...
Austria	58	117	124	129	120	698	612	...
Bulgaria [3]	737	578	635	...	720	2 415	2 375	...
Czechoslovakia	170	124	125	142	316	495	513	...
France [4]	332	1 185	1 491	1 601	452	5 726	7 431	8 040
Greece	245	149	170	...	225	409	481	...
Hungary [3,5]	1 166	1 255	1 189	1 357	2 081	4 820	4 073	...
Italy	1 253	999	1 026	...	2 306	4 519	4 729	4 701
Portugal	489	427	406	385	421	553	586	...
Romania [3]	[6]3 089	3 293	3 029	...	[6]2 495	7 676	6 395	...
Spain	334	525	529	540	520	1 577	1 868	...
Yugoslavia [5]	2 294	2 397	2 352	...	3 078	7 821	6 928	*7 300
Total	*10 377*	*11 331*	*11 388*	*11 980*	*12 882*	*37 496*	*36 910*	...
U.S.S.R. [3,7]	[6]4 385	4 167	3 353	...	[6]5 751	11 954	9 360	...
N. and CENT. AMERICA								
Canada	121	396	484	540	388	1 865	2 564	2 568
El Salvador	[6]182	194	*200	...	[6]191	279	363	...
Guatemala	[6]538	735	693	713	[6]437	705	719	751
Honduras	283	*412	415 F	...	205	339	390 F	...
Mexico	4 101	7 016	7 500	...	3 090	8 496	9 000	*9 500
Nicaragua	111	*209	*230	...	115	*182	*190	...
United States [7]	29 856	22 095	23 212	25 934	74 308	116 401	104 393	141 022
Total	*35 927*	*31 657*	*33 328*	*36 181*	*79 378*	*128 827*	*118 190*	*155 389*
SOUTH AMERICA								
Argentina	1 741	3 576	4 017	4 118	2 839	6 900	9 360	9 930
Brazil [3]	4 632	9 654	10 206	...	5 841	12 693	15 381	...
Chile [3]	48	58	74	77	68	154	239	246
Colombia	731	780	700	744	753	850	800	950
Ecuador	110	300 F	295	...	79	*210	221	...
Paraguay	92	128	141	...	112	153	184	...
Peru [3]	191	360	*380	...	275	580	*625	...
Uruguay [3]	233	175	183	182	141	129	139	138
Venezuela	310	641	588	...	303	670	710	...
Total	*8 193*	*15 892*	*16 805*	...	*10 555*	*22 631*	*27 945*	...
ASIA								
India	3 349	5 862	*6 000	...	2 165	5 674	* 7 413	...
Indonesia	[2]2 020	2 435	3 018	...	[2]1 535	2 293	2 888	...
Khmer Republic	38	102	86	94	57	118	137	122
Pakistan [3]	394	652	643	...	384	670	720	...
Philippines	969	2 420	2 392	...	695	2 008	2 050	...
Thailand	34	690 F	700 F	...	31	1 568	1 600	...
Turkey [3]	599	659	648 F	...	747	1 000	1 010	...
Total	*9 080*	*15 353*	*15 873*	...	*7 791*	*17 482*	*19 966*	...
AFRICA								
Cameroon	[8]210	299 F	330 F	...	[8]212	319 F	348 F	...
Congo, Democratic Rep. of	337	330 F	330 F	...	324	350	350 F	...
Dahomey	[9]394	351	376	360	[9]181	200	216	216
Egypt, Arab Republic of [3]	660	626	632	641	1 378	2 368	2 393	2 635
Ethiopia	213	851	865 F	...	160	860	895 F	...
Ghana	[2]142	275	452	...	[2]168	304	442	...
Ivory Coast	[10]154	333	315 F	...	[10]55	260	*240	...
Kenya	452	1 072	1 100 F	...	574	1 425	*1 500	...
Malawi	[8]340	1 068	1 000 F	...	[8]307	1 153	900 F	...
Morocco	518	465	510	...	302	450	320	430
Nigeria	[8]727	1 100 F	1 100 F	...	[8]644	1 219 F	1 220 F	...
Rhodesia	[2]405	410 F	350 F	...	[2]289	1 020 F	700 F	...
South Africa	3 228	5 450	5 200 F	...	2 629	5 339	6 133	8 545
Tanzania	262	790 F	750 F	...	347	536	650	...
Zambia	425 F	260 F	240 F	...	280 F	655 F	550 F	...
Total	*10 426*	*16 804*	*16 202*	...	*9 245*	*19 276*	*19 112*	
OCEANIA								
Australia [8]	72	77	81	...	126	173	202	
Total	*76*	*85*	*90*	...	*137*	*225*	*262*	
WORLD TOTAL [11]	**88 116**	**105 389**	**107 339**	**113 000**	**139 851**	**265 091**	**259 744**	**308 441**
REGIONAL TOTALS								
Europe	**10 377**	**11 331**	**11 388**	**11 980**	**12 882**	**37 496**	**36 910**	**41 800**
North America	**29 978**	**22 491**	**23 696**	**26 474**	**74 697**	**118 266**	**106 962**	**143 590**
Latin America	**14 142**	**25 058**	**26 431**	...	**15 237**	**33 192**	**39 173**	
Near East	**1 701**	**1 955**	**1 958**	...	**2 576**	**4 273**	**4 323**	
Far East	**8 053**	**14 082**	**14 612**	...	**6 606**	**15 621**	**18 078**	
Africa	**9 752**	**16 120**	**15 512**	...	**7 853**	**16 864**	**16 676**	...
Oceania	**76**	**85**	**90**	...	**137**	**225**	**262**	

[1] 1971, preliminary figures. — [2] Average of 3 years. — [3] Sown area. — [4] Series covering metropolitan territory and later changes. — [5] Area refers to principal crops; [illegible] including [illegible]. — [6] Average of 4 years. — [7] Maize for grain only. — [8] 1969. — [9] 1970. — [10] 1948. — [11] Including estimates for mainland China.

[1] 1971, chiffres préliminaires. — [2] Moyenne de 3 années. — [3] Superficie ensemencée. — [4] Série concernant les cultures principales [illegible] et ultérieures. — [5] La superficie s'entend de la récolte principale [illegible] les cultures mixtes. — [6] Moyenne de 4 années. — [7] Maïs grain seulement. — [8] 1950. — [9] 1952. — [10] 1948. — [11] Y compris des estimations pour la Chine continentale.

Table 5. - Rice (paddy): Area and production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970, and 1971 [1]

Tableau 5. - Riz (paddy): Superficie et production, 1948-52, 1969, 1970 et 1971 [1]

Country — Pays	Area-Superficie				Production			
	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]	1948-52	1969	1970	1971 [1]
	1 000 hectares				*1 000 metric tons*			
EUROPE								
France	13	23	22	21	46	93	101	84
Greece	12	21	16	...	39	99	81	...
Hungary [2]	16	22	23	26	40	50	45	...
Italy	149	169	173	177	723	862	819	883
Portugal	27	38	42	39	114	176	198	...
Romania [2]	[3]16	29	*30	...	[3]35	68	*70	...
Spain	58	66	64	...	280	404	388	...
Total	*307*	*395*	*399*	*400*	*1 319*	*1 852*	*1 815*	*1 870*
U.S.R.R. [2]	[4]139	328	352	...	[4]202	1 107	1 280	...
N. and CENT. AMERICA								
Cuba	[5]63	95 F	*128	...	[5]164	177	*326	...
Dominican Republic	44	82 F	82 F	...	70	195	210	...
Mexico	96	147	150	...	173	371	383	...
Panama	62	126	*130	...	83	168	*167	...
United States	752	861	734	734	1 925	4 120	3 758	3 820
Total	*1 146*	*1 478*	*1 406*	*1 410*	*2 537*	*5 352*	*5 185*	*5 230*
SOUTH AMERICA								
Argentina	46	88	102	77	137	345	407	288
Brazil [3]	1 845	4 621	5 136	...	2 921	6 394	7 482	...
Colombia	129	280	223	239	248	714	673	780
Ecuador	[3]76	60	80 F	...	[3]135	161	184	...
Guyana	45	113	119	117	101	171	222	136
Peru [3]	51	110	132	...	191	444	604	...
Total	*2 304*	*5 476*	*6 082*	...	*3 970*	*8 874*	*10 237*	...
ASIA								
Burma	3 757	4 671	4 800 F	...	5 481	7 985	8 164	...
Ceylon	336	530	656	...	479	1 374	1 615	...
China (Taiwan)	762	787	776	985	1 771	3 041	3 226	3 366
India	30 092	37 680	37 432	...	33 383	60 645	63 672	...
Indonesia	[6]5 876	8 014	8 186	8 594	[6]9 441	15 553	17 529	18 641
Iran	220	300 F	305 F	...	424	1 100	*1 200	...
Iraq	174	138	105	...	203	293	203	...
Japan	2 996	3 274	2 923	...	12 736	18 186	16 479	14 700
Khmer Republic	[6]1 679	2 427	2 399	1 880	[6]1 635	2 503	3 814	2 732
Korea, Rep. of [2]	934	1 220	1 220 F	...	3 385	5 688	5 430	...
Laos	[7]718	665	670	...	[7]530	895	916	...
Malaysia								
West Malaysia	[7]276	499	525	576	[7]530	1 354	1 427	1 624
Nepal	1 295 F	1 325	1 200 F	...	2 460	2 410	2 500 F	...
Pakistan [3]	9 003	11 883	11 416	...	12 399	21 584	20 014	...
Philippines	2 350	3 113	3 113	...	2 767	5 233	5 343	...
Thailand [2,8]	5 211	7 300 F	7 400	...	6 846	13 410	13 400	...
Viet-Nam, Rep. of [2]	[7]1 760	2 430	2 510	...	[7]2 395	5 115	5 716	...
Total	*69 320*	*89 448*	*89 302*	...	*99 817*	*174 889*	*179 343*	...
China (mainland)	[3]26 819	32 750 F	33 200 F	...	[3]58 188	95 000 F	100 000 F	...
AFRICA								
Congo, Democratic Rep. of	151	130	135 F	...	152	130	140 F	...
Egypt, Arab Republic of [2]	256	502	480	483	971	2 561	2 605	2 628
Madagascar	615	913	935	951	829	1 858	1 865	1 901
Sierra Leone	[3]316	310	*315	...	[3]284	407	*425	...
Tanzania	57	129	151 F	...	74	136	182	...
Total	*2 790*	*3 760*	*3 770*	...	*3 471*	*7 392*	*7 566*	...
OCEANIA, *Total*	*27*	*44*	*50*	*50*	*84*	*274*	*265*	*304*
WORLD TOTAL	**102 584**	**133 679**	**134 561**	**136 100**	**167 349**	**294 750**	**305 691**	**308 800**
REGIONAL TOTALS								
Europe	**307**	**395**	**399**	**400**	**1 319**	**1 852**	**1 815**	**1 870**
North America	**752**	**861**	**734**	**734**	**1 925**	**4 120**	**3 758**	**3 820**
Latin America	**2 698**	**6 093**	**6 754**	...	**4 583**	**10 106**	**11 664**	...
Near East	**869**	**1 207**	**1 239**	...	**2 052**	**4 578**	**4 609**	...
Far East	**68 707**	**88 745**	**90 284**	...	**98 736**	**172 873**	**177 341**	...
Africa	**2 534**	**3 256**	**3 152**	...	**2 500**	**4 830**	**4 959**	...
Oceania	**27**	**44**	**50**	...	**84**	**274**	**265**	...

[1] 1971, preliminary figures. — [2] Sown area. — [3] Average of 4 years. — [4] 1950. — [5] 1952. — [6] Average of 3 years. — [7] Average of 2 years. — [8] From 1961 onward, revised series showing upward trend for area and yield.

[1] 1971 chiffres préliminaires. — [2] Superficie ensemencée. — [3] Moyenne de 4 années. — [4] 1950. — [5] 1952. — [6] Moyenne de 3 années. — [7] Moyenne de 2 années. — [8] A partir de 1961, séries révisées indiquant une tendance à l'augmentation pour la superficie et le rendement.

Table 6. - Wheat: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 6. - Blé: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
France	2 347.0	3 686.0	4 613.6	1 361.0	3 034.0	4 522.8	5 983.1	1 555.0	2 341.3	2 857.7	3 446.4	574.4	1 186.1
Italy	—	3.0	4.1	0.3	24.7	25.7	50.2	69.0	284.4	627.8	638.7	—	31.9
Netherlands [1]	319.7	382.5	506.7	117.6	323.5	520.8	722.7	135.5	207.6	328.5	490.2	103.0	220.0
Sweden	126.2	205.5	289.6	71.9	171.3	236.0	261.8	39.4	149.5	228.1	279.9	19.2	68.8
Total	*2 792.9*	*4 277.0*	*5 414.0*	*1 550.8*	*3 553.5*	*5 305.3*	*7 017.8*	*1 798.9*	*2 982.8*	*4 042.1*	*4 855.2*	*696.6*	*1 506.8*
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada	4 179.2	7 271.7	9 246.3	1 709.5	3 424.7	5 072.9	6 686.4	1 928.2	4 501.2	7 910.6	10 746.2	1 968.5	4 573.5
Mexico	—	1.3	2.7	—	0.1	161.9	252.8	14.7	14.7	21.1	41.7	...	...
United States [2]	8 951.7	12 234.6	16 118.2	1 804.0	5 660.2	8 617.7	12 086.3	4 042.9	8 200.6	12 224.7	17 437.0	4 549.3	*8 621.2
Total	*13 130.9*	*19 507.6*	*25 367.2*	*3 513.5*	*9 085.0*	*13 852.5*	*19 025.5*	*5 985.8*	*12 536.5*	*20 156.4*	*28 224.9*	...	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Argentina	1 218.6	1 746.8	2 422.6	1 055.0	1 517.7	1 972.6	2 344.7	687.6	1 171.6	1 829.7	2 301.8	*314.0	*480.0
ASIA													
Singapore	6.3	9.6	12.5	3.1	4.5	8.6	12.7	3.9	7.9	12.4	21.9	5.6	...
OCEANIA													
Australia	2 728.7	3 944.2	4 938.7	1 402.9	2 681.0	4 563.6	6 186.5	1 469.5	3 382.0	5 510.0	7 763.9	2 240.8	4 713.3
GRAND TOTAL	**19 877**	**29 485**	**38 155**	**7 525**	**16 842**	**25 702**	**34 587**	**9 946**	**20 080**	**31 551**	**43 168**	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Austria	1.6	13.4	15.8	4.2	6.5	14.4	14.4	5.1	14.8	21.9	24.5	6.7	51.2
Belgium-Luxembourg	218.9	401.0	618.4	211.9	420.3	663.1	957.9	312.6	607.7	928.0	1 259.0	193.9	369.8
Czechoslovakia	1 048.0	1 228.0	1 378.4	280.0	728.1	1 033.4	1 226.0	411.1	716.2	825.8	1 025.9	...	...
Denmark	6.2	8.1	8.7	1.1	3.1	3.7	4.3	0.8	2.9	3.6	4.5	0.1	1.9
Finland	16.0	29.5	40.8	9.0	9.0	9.3	20.2	4.7	13.7	23.0	23.0	2.6	16.7
France	159.9	292.9	458.5	128.0	298.5	433.1	573.7	119.1	197.8	334.2	449.5	62.1	103.5
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	644.1	1 128.0	1 715.5	487.9	1 428.6	1 958.8	2 456.0	438.4	722.3	1 234.8	2 209.2	424.2	1 001.0
Greece	1.4	1.4	1.4	6.2	84.4	85.1	119.4	0.7	1.3	1.4	3.7	...	...
Ireland	139.2	213.2	260.5	36.4	84.8	121.8	143.0	26.5	55.5	82.8	121.7	42.3	76.0
Italy	522.9	906.1	1 359.7	405.9	735.6	1 022.5	1 426.7	298.6	584.7	786.8	1 164.2	488.4	859.8
Netherlands [1]	533.3	784.7	1 037.6	326.6	742.5	1 111.2	1 568.1	373.0	775.6	1 138.8	1 593.9	215.0	476.8
Norway	163.7	241.4	316.2	104.1	180.2	272.3	330.7	113.9	230.1	344.0	420.4	98.2	201.1
Poland [3]	633.0	928.0	1 069.7	274.0	698.0	945.0	1 185.1	356.0	726.0	899.0	1 104.1	698.0	1 594.0
Portugal	131.2	200.9	212.7	23.7	70.9	122.8	360.9	86.8	133.6	213.8	349.7	28.9	86.1
Sweden	30.1	39.0	57.7	11.3	20.7	31.9	47.0	9.0	24.9	29.4	40.4	5.9	12.4
Switzerland	164.9	263.2	333.1	79.6	190.6	310.5	447.9	101.4	236.0	349.1	497.3	101.3	236.1
United Kingdom	2 096.3	3 043.2	4 098.6	1 196.4	2 466.1	3 699.9	4 740.6	1 244.5	2 385.2	3 625.1	4 927.7	1 337.0	2 700.6
Yugoslavia	78.7	79.2	81.6	—	3.3	4.9	22.6	3.0	3.0	4.9	14.2	...	...
Total	*6 589.4*	*9 801.2*	*13 064.9*	*3 586.3*	*8 171.2*	*11 843.7*	*15 644.5*	*3 905.2*	*7 431.3*	*10 846.4*	*15 232.9*	...	...
N. and CENT. AMERICA													
Guatemala	27.2	49.3	65.6	6.7	20.5	38.1	54.0	18.5	36.0	59.8	85.8	...	...
Trinidad and Tobago	38.4	46.2	46.8	31.6	51.4	70.4	94.0	9.5	22.3	44.6	54.8	...	...
United States	9.7	11.7	12.8	4.4	10.1	13.2	38.3	16.6	42.7	43.1	43.1	2.9	*6.8
Total	*75.3*	*107.2*	*125.2*	*42.7*	*82.0*	*121.7*	*186.3*	*44.6*	*101.0*	*147.5*	*183.7*	...	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Brazil	1 283.8	1 987.8	2 621.0	444.9	1 034.5	1 635.8	2 355.6	328.0	748.3	1 027.6	1 957.8		
Chile	215.8	299.6	363.6	72.1	158.0	252.2	267.9	12.2	88.1				
Colombia	145.7	173.3	228.1	90.5	161.5	207.8	243.0	*78.7	*115.5	*180.0	209.2		
Peru	386.2	466.1	624.6	134.9	315.3	510.6	680.8	112.8	261.0	397.5	521.8		
Venezuela	310.3	*557.4	764.6	*160.5	316.5	*506.4	693.8	252.2	375.3	525.6	690.3	*60.0	*124.0
Total	*2 341.8*	*3 484.2*	*4 601.9*	*902.9*	*1 985.8*	*3 112.8*	*4 241.1*	*783.9*	*1 588.2*				

See end of table page 20

Table 7. - Wheat flour: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 7. - Farine de blé: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
France	218.7	378.2	516.0	131.3	264.1	385.4	533.5	174.8	361.2	523.7	724.7	177.5	371.6
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	174.3	283.1	371.3	84.7	174.1	266.0	371.5	113.0	230.6	338.9	437.6	108.6	230.5
Italy	58.3	157.7	157.7	78.5	132.3	194.4	226.4	51.5	126.2	216.9	266.7	48.5	153.0
Spain	126.9	176.4	228.3	44.3	81.2	108.8	155.8	90.8	152.1	204.5	210.6	10.4	15.8
Total	*578.2*	*995.4*	*1 273.3*	*338.8*	*651.7*	*954.6*	*1 287.2*	*430.1*	*870.1*	*1 284.0*	*1 639.6*	*345.0*	*770.9*
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada	260.3	378.3	509.3	109.4	227.7	343.8	469.7	153.5	267.9	395.3	538.1	172.0	263.2
United States [1]	629.3	908.5	1 273.6	127.3	564.8	839.7	1 195.1	330.5	668.2	862.1	1 186.0	254.5	*301.0
Total	*889.6*	*1 286.8*	*1 782.9*	*236.7*	*792.5*	*1 183.5*	*1 664.8*	*484.0*	*936.1*	*1 257.4*	*1 724.1*	*426.5*	*564.2*
SOUTH AMERICA													
Argentina	6.0	7.8	11.9	3.4	39.7	49.4	84.8	14.4	53.9	62.5	81.6	...	...
ASIA													
China (Taiwan)	4.5	5.1	5.7	0.6	1.2	1.7	6.2	0.3	0.6	0.9	3.8	0.4	...
Hong Kong	40.5	50.1	56.9	5.1	9.1	20.3	24.3	1.8	4.7	8.4	10.1	2.5	...
Japan	59.3	80.8	95.4	12.7	23.5	43.2	52.0	6.0	12.9	18.1	24.4	7.4	*13.9
Total	*104.3*	*136.0*	*158.0*	*18.4*	*33.8*	*65.2*	*82.5*	*8.1*	*18.2*	*27.4*	*38.3*	*10.3*	...
AFRICA													
Senegal	*5.6	*11.0	16.5	5.0	11.0	16.4	17.5	7.5	16.0	19.7	20.9	...	...
OCEANIA													
Australia	161.4	261.2	333.0	42.2	153.4	214.4	268.6	88.9	189.7	245.1	310.6	60.4	160.8
GRAND TOTAL	**1 745**	**2 698**	**3 576**	**645**	**1 682**	**2 484**	**3 405**	**1 033**	**2 084**	**2 896**	**3 815**	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Denmark	2.0	5.9	7.2	1.2	2.7	3.8	4.9	1.0	2.4	3.5	5.2	0.8	1.7
France	2.2	3.4	4.8	1.0	2.0	2.7	3.1	0.4	1.2	2.5	5.0	...	...
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	22.6	31.0	46.9	9.7	21.4	32.4	45.2	19.8	39.9	58.9	80.5	19.6	39.1
Greece	1.4	1.7	2.2	1.0	1.4	2.0	2.2	0.8	1.4	1.6	1.6	...	...
Netherlands [2]	12.2	16.9	22.2	3.7	15.9	19.3	23.4	3.4	7.0	10.6	13.6	2.7	6.1
Norway	1.3	1.9	2.4	0.8	1.5	2.1	2.8	0.7	1.5	2.1	2.8	0.6	1.5
United Kingdom	38.9	59.0	76.0	16.9	38.7	57.1	79.6	22.3	44.2	60.4	82.7	19.4	45.0
Total	*80.6*	*119.8*	*161.7*	*34.3*	*83.6*	*119.4*	*161.2*	*48.4*	*97.6*	*139.6*	*191.4*	...	...
CENTRAL AMERICA													
Guadeloupe	9.0	13.7	18.9	5.2	10.6	14.8	18.9	6.1	10.3	14.6	20.3	...	...
Jamaica	55.3	80.8	99.8	13.4	31.5	50.5	66.6	16.7	40.1	...	...	...	...
Martinique	10.5	18.0	23.1	5.7	11.0	16.8	22.9	7.1	11.4	18.3	25.3	...	...
Trinidad and Tobago	6.5	10.2	13.5	6.6	10.8	16.7	24.9	6.3	11.9	17.0	22.5	...	...
Total	*81.3*	*122.7*	*155.3*	*30.9*	*63.9*	*98.8*	*133.3*	*36.2*	*73.7*	...	...	...	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Brazil	2.7	5.7	12.3	0.6	3.5	10.5	12.6	3.6	5.9	*14.6	17.5	...	...
Guyana	16.5	25.1	33.5	8.0	15.8	18.4	19.8	0.8	2.2	3.3	4.4	*0.5	*1.8
Total	*19.2*	*30.8*	*45.8*	*8.6*	*19.3*	*28.9*	*32.4*	*4.4*	*8.1*	*17.9*	*21.9*	...	...
ASIA													
Ceylon	245.4	353.5	429.2	119.0	217.2	288.7	415.6	102.4	234.7	391.8	425.7	...	...
Hong Kong	25.9	35.5	43.9	5.9	11.1	19.5	27.9	8.7	15.0	19.6	27.0	7.4	...
Jordan	28.5	50.1	65.8	9.1	16.2	21.6	45.7	11.0	40.6	58.3	92.0	...	...
Korea, Rep. of	23.3	31.6	54.6	8.3	10.8	24.5	199.0	4.1	12.4	16.4	27.1	...	...
Lebanon	*8.5	*12.5	16.5	5.2	10.4	15.2	21.0	4.4	10.4	16.3	23.2	...	...
Philippines	*40.0	*66.3	91.5	9.5	12.8	15.0	23.2	2.9	4.2	16.3	*19.2	...	...
Singapore	3.4	12.4	12.6	0.7	1.0	2.7	3.3	0.2	1.5	1.6	1.7	—	...
Syrian Arab Republic	10.9	13.2	17.0	18.5	46.1	58.0	71.1	17.0	32.8	68.1	84.7	*30.0	*65.6
Thailand [3]	5.0	8.4	13.0	2.4	5.5	8.6	11.5	3.2	5.8	...	...	...	...
Viet-Nam, Rep. of	46.3	84.9	109.2	36.2	78.3	98.1	157.3	29.1	56.9	91.6	124.4	...	...
Total	*437.2*	*670.2*	*853.3*	*214.8*	*409.4*	*551.9*	*975.6*	*183.0*	*414.3*	...	...	...	...

See end of table page 20.

Voir fin du tableau page 20.

Table 6. - Wheat: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71
(*concluded from page 18*)

Tableau 6. - Blé: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71 (*suite de la page 18*)

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
IMPORTING COUNTRIES (concl.)	*Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques*												
ASIA													
China (Taiwan)	233.0	342.9	448.8	79.1	359.2	536.6	705.7	81.6	233.2	369.0	603.1	167.4	...
Hong Kong	91.5	131.2	154.7	20.5	55.4	76.0	127.5	41.1	60.1	87.3	121.7	46.5	...
India	3 094.2	4 412.3	4 765.4	996.9	1 867.3	2 706.9	3 089.5	1 077.6	1 808.6	2 464.6	3 424.7	453.8	...
Iraq	153.4	203.6	204.6	—	1.0	1.7	2.1	0.4	70.5	70.5	89.8	...	...
Israel	127.7	226.4	346.5	46.7	136.9	179.5	366.5	117.3	147.9	251.4	433.0	...	...
Japan	1 988.2	3 040.2	4 072.6	1 039.1	2 098.4	3 185.8	4 328.1	1 230.9	2 194.7	3 543.2	4 684.5	1 230.6	*2 343.7
Korea, Rep. of	363.6	502.6	813.5	178.6	471.2	712.1	1 342.9	224.6	522.5	822.9	1 178.1	447.4	...
Lebanon	*183.3	*216.0	246.6	75.0	135.8	232.2	260.4	87.0	122.7	232.8	363.4	...	...
Pakistan	754.4	939.5	1 222.4	88.1	341.3	458.7	555.4	448.0	930.6	1 337.6	...	...	...
Philippines	240.9	345.9	488.3	82.5	155.5	444.2	552.8	105.7	218.8	494.9	494.9	...	...
Singapore	180.4	223.2	277.1	58.4	96.4	171.5	247.7	56.2	137.7	184.4	275.4	49.6	...
Syrian Arab Republic	186.5	209.5	283.5	13.1	22.6	26.5	43.9	58.1	150.0	297.6	424.4	*70.0	*200.0
Turkey	*8.9	*8.9	*16.9	48.2	171.8	183.9	220.7	167.1	600.8	*748.0	897.0	...	...
Total	*7 606.0*	*10 802.2*	*13 340.9*	*2 726.2*	*5 912.8*	*8 915.6*	*11 843.2*	*3 695.6*	*7 198.1*	*10 904.2*	...	...	...
AFRICA													
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	819.1	1 254.0	1 506.7	245.6	599.8	941.6	1 199.8	358.1	436.2	672.3	850.7	540.9	*1 582.9
Morocco	529.5	569.6	592.0	—	67.9	98.3	102.0	—	142.9	264.6	358.4	—	*360.0
Tunisia	139.6	156.8	260.0	56.8	116.9	177.5	306.0	146.2	242.8	274.5	425.8	96.0	...
Total	*1 488.2*	*1 980.4*	*2 358.7*	*302.4*	*784.6*	*1 217.4*	*1 607.8*	*504.3*	*821.9*	*1 211.4*	*1 634.9*	*636.9*	...
OCEANIA													
New Zealand	14.9	20.0	20.0	—	—	0.3	0.3	—	15.0	35.6	65.4	15.0	...
GRAND TOTAL	**18 116**	**26 195**	**33 512**	**7 561**	**16 936**	**25 212**	**33 523**	**8 934**	**17 156**	...	...	...	...

NOTE: Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg. — [2] Data include shipments for private relief and charity which are generally not reported as trade by the importing countries. — [3] Quarterly data exclude seed for planting.

NOTE: Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg. — [2] Les chiffres comprennent les quantités destinées à des opérations de secours et de bienfaisance à titre privé et qui ne figurent généralement pas dans les statistiques du commerce des pays importateurs. — [3] Les données trimestrielles ne comprennent pas le blé de semence

Table 7. - Wheat flour: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71
(*concluded from page 19*)

Tableau 7. - Farine de blé: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71 (*suite de la page 19*)

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
IMPORTING COUNTRIES (concl.)	*Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques*												
AFRICA													
Cameroon	3.9	8.0	11.2	2.4	3.8	6.1	12.6	6.0	7.6	14.5	20.7	...	...
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	231.9	376.7	560.0	93.7	145.6	173.9	227.8	89.0	213.7	274.8	274.8	120.0	*369.3
Ghana	27.5	37.9	50.3	0.1	13.1	19.1	20.9	0.6	*12.0	*15.0	17.9	...	...
Libyan Arab Republic	65.9	99.9	133.7	36.3	78.7	103.8	145.0	36.5	79.2	114.9	*133.2	*14.0	*28.4
Madagascar	9.1	14.3	21.2	5.4	9.9	14.3	16.6	7.3	14.2	18.9	24.0	10.5	*24.4
Morocco	23.3	23.3	27.4	2.7	16.7	29.1	36.2	—	—	—	5.2	—	*7.8
Reunion	4.2	6.1	8.9	2.5	4.3	6.4	8.9	2.7	4.8	7.3	9.9	...	...
Sudan	41.9	55.4	78.8	38.8	42.7	45.6	50.7	3.1	13.1	19.7	24.6		
Total	*407.7*	*621.6*	*891.5*	*181.9*	*314.8*	*398.3*	*518.7*	*145.2*	*344.6*	*465.1*	*510.3*	...	...
OCEANIA													
Fiji	6.7	9.8	12.9	3.0	6.9	11.8	14.4	2.9	...	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	**1 033**	**1 575**	**2 121**	**474**	**898**	**1 209**	**1 836**	**420**	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE: Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] Data include shipments for private relief and charity which are generally not reported as trade by the importing countries. — [2] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg. — [3] Quarterly data refer to trade through the port of Bangkok only.

NOTE: Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les chiffres comprennent les quantités destinées à des opérations de secours et de bienfaisance à titre privé et qui ne figurent généralement pas dans les statistiques du commerce des pays importateurs. — [2] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg. — [3] Les données trimestrielles se rapportent uniquement au commerce par le port de Bangkok.

Table 8. - Rice: [1] Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 8. - Riz [1]**:** Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
France	45.2	65.8	68.3	2.9	5.0	8.1	16.9	3.8	5.4	11.8	18.7	3.1	4.9
Italy	125.6	161.9	184.2	34.2	67.2	92.6	175.4	117.5	227.5	284.9	344.9	112.0	218.3
Spain	44.4	74.9	100.4	9.3	23.3	40.9	49.5	23.0	47.2	57.2	70.2	2.5	12.9
Total	*215.1*	*302.5*	*352.9*	*46.4*	*95.5*	*141.6*	*241.8*	*144.3*	*280.1*	*353.9*	*433.8*	*117.6*	*236.1*
NORTH AMERICA													
United States	1 146.3	1 485.4	1 897.9	299.8	1 001.3	1 423.6	1 918.0	400.8	878.6	1 239.4	1 743.0	337.9	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Brazil	25.6	75.3	158.2	22.4	34.0	51.3	70.2	7.3	20.7	34.2	95.0	16.5	...
Guyana	*32.3	79.4	95.7	19.4	36.5	46.7	74.4	17.3	28.9	44.3	61.1	...	...
Surinam	17.4	20.9	31.9	8.3	17.1	*17.1	*20.0	*8.0	*17.5	*17.5	*20.1	*11.7	...
Total	*75.3*	*175.6*	*285.8*	*50.1*	*87.6*	*115.1*	*164.6*	*32.6*	*67.1*	*96.0*	*176.2*	...	...
ASIA													
Burma	275.4	303.0	351.7	64.5	191.0	32.6	*540.8	*160.4	*250.0	*350.0	640.1	...	...
Cambodia	96.5	*159.5	194.0	*23.3	*67.1	*78.9	*102.8	*35.5	*101.3	*143.6	*170.5	...	...
China (Taiwan)	24.9	57.3	69.6	0.1	*0.5	1.1	34.5	4.5	4.8	4.8	4.9	0.1	...
Pakistan	42.4	71.2	79.4	54.0	103.1	120.9	135.6	17.3	53.9	87.4	89.2	...	...
Thailand [2]	471.9	723.6	1 068.2	252.6	466.2	711.6	1 022.1	342.5	589.3	*786.6	*1 084.4	*309.1	*629.4
Total	*911.1*	*1 314.6*	*1 762.9*	*394.5*	*827.9*	*1 233.1*	*1 835.8*	*560.2*	*999.3*	*1 372.4*	*1 989.1*	...	...
AFRICA													
Egypt, Arab Republic of	415.4	520.1	569.9	80.1	516.4	684.5	772.2	136.2	443.8	559.3	654.5	151.3	...
Madagascar	36.5	53.3	69.3	10.3	16.2	29.3	51.9	18.0	31.3	51.3	67.9	7.6	...
Total	*451.9*	*573.4*	*639.2*	*90.4*	*532.6*	*713.8*	*824.1*	*154.2*	*475.1*	*610.6*	*722.4*	*158.9*	...
OCEANIA													
Australia	35.6	63.2	96.8	20.0	50.2	77.7	124.0	34.5	55.0	77.8	110.8	24.5	47.0
GRAND TOTAL	**2 834**	**3 915**	**5 036**	**901**	**2 581**	**3 705**	**5 108**	**1 327**	**2 755**	**3 750**	**5 175**	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Belgium-Luxembourg	17.5	27.0	44.5	8.9	21.5	32.4	49.5	11.1	24.9	32.5	48.5	13.1	29.1
France	65.4	102.1	135.3	36.9	64.8	82.9	113.5	25.5	45.9	65.9	90.7	30.3	51.9
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	80.1	97.2	145.9	44.2	72.6	94.7	138.8	43.5	66.8	113.0	169.5	46.7	95.6
Netherlands [3]	30.6	44.0	70.3	14.0	31.8	46.4	66.0	28.4	43.6	52.6	63.0	18.5	35.0
Poland	33.0	55.0	59.0	19.0	37.0	53.0	62.4	16.7	37.0	51.0	60.2	19.0	43.4
United Kingdom	67.2	93.0	123.5	22.1	57.8	89.7	115.1	25.3	64.7	93.4	125.8	26.9	67.9
Total	*293.8*	*418.3*	*578.5*	*145.1*	*285.5*	*399.1*	*545.3*	*150.5*	*282.9*	*408.4*	*557.7*	*154.5*	*322.9*
ASIA													
Ceylon	257.2	344.8	369.9	82.7	138.9	215.1	308.0	147.7	216.0	282.5	544.6	*70.5	...
Hong Kong	183.7	241.5	314.0	85.6	169.1	255.3	347.0	85.7	175.4	255.8	344.5	90.0	...
India	119.4	221.7	446.3	44.2	131.3	374.9	487.1	—	—	91.2	205.8	85.5	...
Japan	115.1	239.7	270.9	7.3	33.4	54.3	56.2	1.0	17.6	18.2	18.8	0.3	...
Malaysia													
West Malaysia [4]	144.8	206.4	244.3	26.7	72.3	133.7	230.3	71.9	169.3	227.2	271.8	...	...
Pakistan	16.6	40.6	77.3	—	—	1.2	16.3	62.4	96.9	128.7	*215.6	...	...
Singapore [4]	178.5	233.9	286.2	67.7	129.5	185.7	235.7	81.5	152.0	223.7	280.8	74.0	...
Viet-Nam, Rep. of	401.3	608.5	677.9	197.3	221.2	251.1	325.7	*145.5	*215.0	*348.3	*552.9	*49.6	...
Total	*1 416.6*	*2 137.1*	*2 686.8*	*511.5*	*895.7*	*1 471.3*	*2 006.3*	*595.7*	*1 042.2*	*1 575.6*	*2 434.8*	...	...
AFRICA													
Ghana	14.6	20.7	30.6	7.7	13.4	17.6	28.1	4.8	34.1	44.0	53.1	...	...
Ivory Coast	25.7	42.0	47.2	13.2	21.6	39.3	55.6	19.1	43.8	72.6	78.7	...	...
Mauritius	*30.8	*45.6	61.6	19.6	30.1	42.9	64.8	9.0	28.4	*30.0	45.2	...	...
Senegal	*90.5	*147.5	185.2	24.9	50.7	92.2	145.9	15.2	54.9	92.9	119.2	...	...
South Africa	38.5	61.2	79.0	7.8	31.1	58.0	81.0	19.9	41.3	59.6	75.0	23.4	...
Total	*200.1*	*317.0*	*403.6*	*73.2*	*146.9*	*250.0*	*375.4*	*68.0*	*202.5*	*299.1*	*371.2*	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	**1 911**	**2 872**	**3 669**	**730**	**1 328**	**2 120**	**2 893**	**814**	**1 528**	**2 283**	**3 364**	...	...

[1] Data for the trade of paddy are shown in terms of milled rice, converted at the rate of 100 paddy = 65 milled rice units. Husked rice is included at the actual weight. — [2] Quarterly data refer to trade through the port of Bangkok only. — [3] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg. — [4] Data do not include trade in broken and infested rice for feed (tariff No. 081903).

[1] Les données concernant le commerce du paddy sont en équivalent de riz usiné, la conversion ayant été effectuée au taux de 65 pour cent. Le riz décortiqué est exprimé en poids effectif. — [2] Les données trimestrielles se rapportent uniquement au commerce par le port de Bangkok. — [3] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg. — [4] Les statistiques du commerce ne comprennent pas les brisures et le riz infesté destiné aux animaux (N° 081903 de la nomenclature).

Table 9. - Rye: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 9. - Seigle: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
France	11.8	22.6	30.3	6.5	10.3	20.5	30.9	6.2	17.3	25.1	36.8	13.9	21.8
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1.4	1.6	3.3	0.1	0.2	1.2	1.2	0.1	0.5	3.3	98.8	36.6	184.2
Netherlands [1]	17.6	22.7	26.7	12.5	34.3	57.6	73.5	6.3	12.7	25.5	28.6	11.1	23.1
Sweden	19.4	19.4	22.4	8.0	15.3	19.0	27.4	11.7	19.1	23.9	32.6	17.8	44.7
Total	*50.2*	*66.3*	*82.7*	*27.1*	*60.1*	*98.3*	*133.0*	*24.3*	*49.6*	*77.8*	*196.8*	*79.4*	*273.8*
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada	45.7	69.9	133.8	8.1	17.3	35.4	66.7	18.6	58.2	84.5	15.43	56.2	117.8
United States	31.1	48.8	48.9	0.3	13.9	20.9	24.7	2.1	2.3	2.6	2.7	10.3	...
Total	*76.8*	*118.7*	*182.7*	*8.4*	*31.2*	*56.3*	*91.4*	*20.7*	*60.5*	*87.1*	*148.0*	*66.5*	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Argentina	11.1	12.0	19.2	8.6	13.4	13.4	13.5	8.3	18.9	26.4	26.4	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	**138**	**197**	**285**	**44**	**105**	**168**	**238**	**53**	**129**	**191**	**371**	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Austria	20.7	20.7	33.2	0.5	6.3	6.3	6.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	—	—
Belgium-Luxembourg	6.5	8.6	12.2	2.2	4.4	6.5	9.2	2.8	6.1	8.2	9.4	2.1	4.7
Denmark	15.1	17.8	23.2	3.0	8.2	14.5	19.4	1.2	3.4	4.9	9.0	8.5	14.1
Finland	6.4	9.0	23.7	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1	2.3	5.8	7.9	10.2	3.3	9.0
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	36.0	51.4	60.7	18.5	42.9	92.2	117.5	16.1	49.9	65.0	71.7	5.3	19.5
Netherlands [1]	19.3	29.6	37.0	10.4	18.1	31.7	41.0	2.4	4.8	14.2	23.5	3.2	11.3
Norway	14.5	18.4	46.2	1.1	13.2	15.9	30.2	9.5	25.2	28.9	34.3	6.5	23.4
Sweden	10.7	14.8	18.0	0.9	1.4	1.4	3.9	—	2.0	2.0	5.1	—	—
Switzerland	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.3	1.4	1.9	2.0	0.4	7.5	16.3	25.9	13.2	26.8
Total	*129.8*	*170.9*	*255.1*	*41.0*	*100.0*	*174.5*	*233.6*	*35.0*	*105.0*	*147.8*	*189.5*	*42.1*	*108.9*
NORTH AMERICA													
United States	2.8	9.1	25.1	—	1.6	5.4	13.5	0.9	16.9	20.4	29.8	0.3	...
ASIA													
Japan	34.4	48.8	66.2	10.2	15.7	20.3	28.2	11.7	30.4	44.8	72.7	31.9	...
GRAND TOTAL	**167**	**229**	**346**	**51**	**117**	**200**	**275**	**48**	**152**	**213**	**292**	**74**	...

NOTE: Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg.

NOTE: Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg.

Table 10. - Barley: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 10. - Orge: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Denmark	64.8	101.2	155.9	112.5	203.9	244.9	354.5	134.4	178.1	203.3	279.5	41.7	47.6
France	1 259.8	2 305.0	3 062.8	755.3	1 663.5	2 438.3	3 153.4	994.4	2 060.5	2 550.0	3 070.8	437.8	1 018.5
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	6.5	7.0	7.8	1.8	2.6	5.1	134.1	7.1	410.1	550.7	573.8	27.4	35.7
Netherlands [1]	68.6	94.6	129.4	20.2	38.3	93.7	149.4	53.5	68.9	106.2	126.8	11.7	57.0
Poland	10.4	11.3	31.9	27.5	38.4	38.4	50.7	19.1	86.4	108.7	144.5	...	...
United Kingdom	533.9	592.1	600.4	6.3	7.8	7.9	10.0	5.8	9.9	31.6	111.9	50.5	68.5
Total	*1 944.0*	*3 111.2*	*3 988.2*	*923.6*	*1 954.5*	*2 828.3*	*3 852.1*	*1 214.3*	*2 813.9*	*3 550.5*	*4 307.3*	...	...
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada	502.8	561.4	688.2	78.6	225.8	329.4	657.1	226.0	747.4	1 686.5	2 987.6	629.3	1 582.5
United States	275.0	273.6	346.0	11.7	116.9	123.0	142.5	2.6	308.9	793.3	1 159.0	4.7	...
Total	*777.8*	*835.0*	*1 034.2*	*90.3*	*342.7*	*452.4*	*799.6*	*228.6*	*1 056.3*	*2 479.8*	*4 146.6*	*634.0*	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Argentina	132.7	147.1	181.6	167.1	180.0	192.1	208.5	7.4	25.2	84.4	91.9	...	...
ASIA													
Iraq	10.7	19.7	39.0	24.6	38.5	78.4	81.9	28.4	35.1	35.6	35.6	...	...
Syrian Arab Republic	32.3	54.8	104.5	79.3	109.5	204.6	273.1	134.4	178.1	178.1	178.1	...	*50.0
Total	*43.0*	*74.5*	*143.5*	*103.9*	*148.0*	*283.0*	*355.0*	*162.8*	*213.2*	*213.7*	*213.7*	...	...
OCEANIA													
Australia	67.5	94.4	124.5	256.4	393.7	493.4	554.0	274.7	476.8	622.9	726.4	448.4	867.6
GRAND TOTAL	**2 965**	**4 262**	**5 472**	**1 541**	**3 020**	**4 249**	**5 769**	**1 888**	**4 585**	**6 951**	**9 486**	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Austria	113.9	120.8	131.1	67.5	107.8	110.2	119.6	2.7	21.6	28.8	53.5	28.9	97.7
Belgium-Luxembourg	211.5	355.8	512.9	132.0	268.8	394.2	602.8	174.3	350.4	564.2	805.3	215.9	426.2
Czechoslovakia	56.9	108.0	125.0	35.5	113.4	131.5	196.6	42.9	72.5	75.7	138.8	...	...
Denmark	156.4	244.0	248.8	5.6	9.5	12.3	15.7	1.7	8.9	75.1	91.2	49.6	260.7
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	642.7	955.2	1 269.9	399.3	854.0	1 063.8	1 324.0	441.5	934.1	1 304.3	2 073.5	524.9	1 134.3
Ireland	31.7	51.4	51.4	2.4	29.8	54.0	54.0	1.3	26.3	59.9	73.2	40.6	130.0
Italy	643.7	905.5	1 094.3	328.3	538.4	745.6	1 055.0	228.8	463.5	697.9	964.6	398.8	733.2
Netherlands [1]	83.9	127.9	174.3	48.8	118.8	149.8	196.4	47.8	103.8	124.1	169.3	36.4	123.9
Norway	63.2	81.9	94.0	6.3	12.9	21.2	53.3	81.4	155.7	191.2	237.1	27.2	95.1
Poland	336.0	425.0	545.4	83.0	121.0	197.0	375.2	122.0	838.0	1 078.0	1 094.0	...	...
Spain	7.4	8.6	10.1	1.5	1.5	5.2	10.6	1.0	1.0	4.0	6.4	24.1	151.5
Sweden	7.7	9.9	9.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.2	3.9	17.5	18.6	18.6	1.2	1.2
Switzerland	109.7	300.2	394.1	97.5	202.3	312.5	423.9	124.5	211.1	302.9	456.3	103.6	218.6
United Kingdom	20.3	26.5	72.0	75.5	320.5	519.0	650.9	237.0	626.4	928.3	1 210.8	189.0	470.6
Total	*2 566.0*	*3 720.7*	*4 733.2*	*1 284.2*	*2 699.7*	*3 717.3*	*5 080.2*	*1 510.8*	*3 830.8*	*5 453.0*	*7 392.6*	...	...
NORTH AMERICA													
United States	35.5	55.8	162.0	6.2	65.7	111.5	214.6	16.1	101.9	191.1	232.0	4.0	*46.8
SOUTH AMERICA													
Brazil	22.4	36.0	41.4	7.5	19.9	35.5	40.4	9.7	22.7	*38.0	43.6	...	...
Peru	4.5	4.6	9.6	0.4	5.0	5.0	10.1	3.2	11.8	15.8	15.8	...	...
Total	*26.9*	*40.6*	*51.0*	*7.9*	*24.9*	*40.5*	*50.5*	*12.9*	*34.5*	*53.8*	*59.4*	...	...
ASIA													
Israel	75.0	97.3	97.9	24.8	39.9	43.3	67.9	46.3	99.1	135.6	161.2	...	...
Japan	272.3	432.5	634.4	155.2	276.7	496.9	676.5	151.8	303.2	554.5	767.6	272.0	393.2
Lebanon	29.2	*33.0	37.9	22.3	32.6	63.5	86.1	33.8	57.2	82.6	120.8	...	...
Total	*376.5*	*562.8*	*770.2*	*202.3*	*349.2*	*603.7*	*830.5*	*231.9*	*459.5*	*772.7*	*1 049.6*	...	...
AFRICA													
Tunisia	9.7	14.9	19.9	18.0	29.4	42.1	58.2	10.9	14.3	14.3	18.3	—	...
GRAND TOTAL	**3 015**	**4 395**	**5 736**	**1 519**	**3 169**	**4 515**	**6 234**	**1 783**	**4 441**	**6 485**	**8 752**	...	...

NOTE: Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg.

NOTE: Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg.

Table 11. - Oats: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 11. - Avoine: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Denmark	8.0	8.1	8.3	4.1	4.4	4.4	8.3	35.3	39.8	39.9	40.1	3.2	3.8
France	82.0	115.3	152.6	38.2	76.2	96.4	129.2	42.0	85.1	109.3	126.3	12.3	29.3
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	5.3	11.2	17.8	3.1	5.7	7.7	8.4	0.9	1.7	2.6	10.1	0.8	1.7
Netherlands [1]	34.2	54.1	65.8	11.8	28.6	44.5	58.4	41.5	68.4	86.3	100.1	14.6	34.5
Sweden	83.0	93.0	126.7	55.1	166.9	207.9	208.2	0.4	0.9	7.5	72.1	53.1	231.7
Total	*212.5*	*281.7*	*371.2*	*112.3*	*281.8*	*360.9*	*412.5*	*120.1*	*195.9*	*245.6*	*348.7*	*84.0*	*301.0*
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada	29.2	42.8	58.6	11.2	20.5	28.4	38.0	11.2	75.1	91.0	196.7	10.0	38.4
United States	3.5	40.9	56.3	1.6	3.0	9.2	14.9	5.5	11.1	41.9	232.2	1.7	...
Total	*32.7*	*83.7*	*114.9*	*12.8*	*23.5*	*37.6*	*52.9*	*16.7*	*86.2*	*132.9*	*428.9*	*11.7*	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Argentina	237.8	266.7	316.6	110.8	121.7	125.1	127.6	49.3	119.9	189.1	224.6	...	...
OCEANIA													
Australia	79.8	115.4	164.9	158.4	248.5	283.2	344.1	65.9	123.7	202.0	247.1	214.3	432.5
GRAND TOTAL	**563**	**748**	**968**	**394**	**676**	**808**	**937**	**252**	**526**	**770**	**1 249**	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Austria	36.1	36.6	49.9	25.7	26.5	27.5	30.7	12.0	23.4	23.7	37.6	16.0	26.0
Belgium-Luxembourg	23.3	37.8	56.1	15.6	33.9	53.9	71.4	20.2	44.8	62.6	89.2	21.3	43.5
Denmark	14.6	22.9	23.0	1.2	1.6	1.6	2.1	0.1	2.4	7.2	13.8	24.4	46.0
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	236.0	342.2	395.7	87.3	208.5	283.2	327.6	104.6	207.3	321.2	615.2	183.5	389.0
Ireland	9.7	11.7	12.2	1.5	3.3	5.1	5.1	1.0	2.3	5.2	5.2	4.3	11.3
Italy	110.2	166.9	233.9	84.5	148.1	190.1	251.8	54.7	96.1	127.3	165.3	77.4	157.6
Netherlands [1]	32.8	57.6	72.0	25.6	28.0	52.3	63.1	15.1	28.1	57.5	126.8	30.5	65.5
Norway	18.3	21.1	21.1	—	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	...	...
Switzerland	80.1	103.7	152.2	55.5	97.3	123.4	162.6	50.2	79.2	100.2	160.9	54.9	110.7
United Kingdom	1.7	1.7	2.1	3.5	25.0	29.6	30.6	0.8	5.0	6.7	8.7	8.4	15.7
Total	*562.8*	*802.2*	*1 018.2*	*300.4*	*572.5*	*767.0*	*945.3*	*258.9*	*488.8*	*711.8*	*1 222.9*	...	...
NORTH AMERICA													
United States	16.9	21.3	27.4	8.8	15.8	19.9	25.7	7.9	12.8	17.1	22.0	5.3	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Brazil	9.8	14.2	19.3	4.0	5.8	11.2	15.2	4.4	11.0	*14.5	19.7	...	...
Venezuela	4.4	*6.6	8.7	1.2	3.1	5.3	6.1	1.5	4.4	5.9	7.3	...	...
Total	*14.2*	*20.8*	*28.0*	*5.2*	*8.9*	*16.5*	*21.3*	*5.9*	*15.4*	*20.4*	*27.0*	...	...
ASIA													
Japan	14.8	19.6	24.3	14.4	35.0	62.2	86.4	17.4	49.9	94.1	135.4	50.1	...
GRAND TOTAL	**609**	**864**	**1 098**	**329**	**632**	**866**	**1 079**	**290**	**567**	**843**	**1 407**	...	...

NOTE: Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg.

NOTE: Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg.

Table 12. - Maize: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 12. - Maïs: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Belgium-Luxembourg	90.8	140.2	206.6	56.2	164.3	251.5	363.6	80.8	228.4	307.0	479.1	134.9	217.8
France	706.9	980.8	1 629.1	783.3	1 436.5	1 635.0	2 171.1	705.9	1 439.9	1 784.0	2 455.4	828.3	2 368.9
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	11.1	14.3	23.4	18.7	32.0	53.4	65.8	10.5	24.4	44.5	72.0	7.5	214.5
Italy	2.3	3.3	4.8	1.6	3.1	3.5	5.3	3.2	4.5	6.0	7.6	2.4	14.1
Yugoslavia	274.5	345.9	388.9	47.8	82.1	113.5	317.6	143.7	175.3	186.0	297.5	...	...
Total	*1 085.6*	*1 484.5*	*2 252.8*	*907.6*	*1 718.0*	*2 056.9*	*2 923.4*	*944.1*	*1 872.5*	*2 327.5*	*3 311.6*	...	...
NORTH AMERICA													
Mexico	511.8	740.5	896.1	416.0	636.6	782.4	788.5	—	—	0.1	0.1	...	...
United States [1]	7 083.7	11 051.5	14 959.0	1 735.2	5 009.7	9 317.5	13 961.0	3 426.1	6 706.4	10 641.2	14 402.0	2 913.6	*5 041.6
Total	*7 595.5*	*11 792.0*	*15 855.1*	*2 151.2*	*5 646.3*	*10 099.9*	*14 749.5*	*3 426.1*	*6 706.4*	*10 641.3*	*14 402.1*	...	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Argentina	1 667.9	2 233.7	2 892.7	931.7	2 802.3	3 822.4	4 024.3	802.5	3 161.6	4 449.6	5 232.8	...	...
Brazil	301.2	915.9	1 238.0	40.8	257.7	598.3	658.5	0.6	161.9	920.9	1 470.6	...	...
Total	*1 969.1*	*3 149.6*	*4 130.7*	*972.5*	*3 060.0*	*4 420.7*	*4 682.7*	*803.1*	*3 323.5*	*5 370.5*	*6 703.4*	...	...
ASIA													
Burma	7.5	8.9	9.1	4.7	6.2	6.2	*6.7	*5.2	*6.7	*8.2	*8.5	...	...
Cambodia	28.2	34.1	87.6	7.4	10.5	25.8	61.5	—	2.2	32.7	...	...	...
Hong Kong [2]	10.4	11.2	17.9	10.6	10.6	11.3	16.7	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.6	0.3	...
Thailand [3]	657.5	851.5	1 480.8	344.7	465.3	667.9	1 476.1	349.7	491.7	*698.0	1 540.8	...	...
Total	*703.6*	*905.7*	*1 595.4*	*367.4*	*492.6*	*711.2*	*1 561.0*	*355.9*	*501.8*	*740.3*	...	...	...
AFRICA													
Angola	67.2	93.4	153.3	36.0	61.0	112.1	177.4	27.2	49.0	121.2	171.7	...	...
Kenya [4]	153.2	226.3	277.5	60.1	133.5	140.7	140.8	—	0.1	0.1	0.1	...	...
South Africa	1 521.3	2 221.5	2 955.6	571.3	617.8	684.3	750.9	297.0	691.1	957.8	1 201.0	33.4	...
Tanzania [4]	—	10.0	31.5	6.8	28.3	28.3	28.3	—	—	—	20.0	...	...
Zambia	49.8	61.9	64.0	5.8	8.4	8.4	8.4	—	—	...	...	...	...
Total	*1 791.5*	*2 613.1*	*3 481.9*	*680.0*	*849.0*	*978.3*	*1 105.8*	*324.2*	*740.2*	...	...	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	**13 145**	**19 945**	**27 316**	**5 079**	**11 766**	**18 267**	**25 022**	**5 853**	**13 144**	...	...	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Austria	61.9	98.0	127.1	10.7	22.3	36.2	43.1	10.4	22.0	33.5	50.6	25.9	46.2
Belgium-Luxembourg	424.6	682.9	1 034.3	206.2	478.0	797.3	1 140.9	306.4	612.7	982.2	1 363.0	395.7	741.0
Denmark	101.2	164.5	200.5	19.4	62.9	110.8	181.0	58.0	138.3	181.6	258.0	44.5	109.6
Finland	6.4	11.5	14.4	4.4	8.2	9.4	13.9	5.8	12.4	14.7	19.0	2.1	5.2
France	240.9	367.0	489.2	89.2	205.2	340.6	468.5	81.2	185.3	287.6	462.1	131.0	234.5
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	1 116.0	1 755.6	2 464.6	452.4	893.0	1 307.6	1 833.6	515.2	1 121.7	1 789.1	2 600.4	692.9	1 353.6
Greece	52.4	52.5	153.1	91.4	190.4	237.9	272.1	37.7	43.7	43.7	96.4	...	...
Ireland	84.9	106.9	135.7	34.9	70.7	89.1	125.1	35.7	86.2	101.6	138.0	16.6	37.7
Italy	2 033.2	3 836.8	4 892.3	958.2	2 063.9	3 290.8	4 317.2	846.2	2 008.8	3 381.7	4 216.2	1 261.0	2 286.8
Netherlands [5]	1 276.3	1 725.3	2 351.1	400.7	757.2	1 462.0	1 965.1	431.3	1 056.5	1 718.3	2 467.3	542.5	1 117.6
Norway	44.4	70.0	88.8	19.0	45.8	85.7	101.6	29.5	68.1	86.9	111.9	33.0	42.6
Portugal	144.3	232.8	431.3	43.7	118.0	164.9	416.8	54.8	82.0	184.0	285.7	84.7	168.3
Spain	1 114.6	1 818.4	2 315.3	345.7	1 006.3	1 686.2	2 343.5	450.9	939.0	1 459.9	1 971.9	403.1	975.6
Sweden	22.0	32.8	47.1	8.1	14.7	19.1	29.7	5.1	12.1	18.5	31.4	6.0	12.7
Switzerland	84.2	135.6	179.6	43.5	95.4	125.4	184.9	50.7	103.4	134.8	206.3	50.3	102.9
United Kingdom	1 932.4	2 716.7	3 785.0	773.3	1 624.6	2 227.6	3 155.5	793.4	1 576.3	2 230.2	3 118.9	711.3	1 328.5
Total	*8 739.7*	*13 807.3*	*18 709.4*	*3 500.8*	*7 656.6*	*11 990.6*	*16 592.5*	*3 712.3*	*8 068.5*	*12 648.3*	*17 397.1*	...	...

For notes, see end of table.

Pour les notes, voir fin du tableau.

Table 12. - Maize: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71 *(concluded)*

Tableau 12. - Maïs: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71 *(fin)*

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
IMPORTING COUNTRIES (concl.)													
N. and CENT. AMERICA													
Canada	245.5	482.8	791.8	113.2	262.5	438.5	675.3	121.4	263.9	387.4	472.9	30.6	89.2
Mexico [6]	2.7	3.6	5.5	2.9	4.7	6.2	8.4	58.2	386.9	634.8	759.8	...	...
Trinidad and Tobago	20.6	32.1	37.7	11.5	25.1	42.0	53.3	6.3	22.4	36.2	46.7	...	...
United States	13.0	18.0	29.4	5.9	14.2	22.1	27.2	8.9	14.8	26.4	83.7	18.4	*33.0
Total	*281.8*	*536.5*	*864.4*	*133.5*	*306.5*	*508.8*	*764.2*	*194.8*	*688.0*	*1 084.8*	*1 363.1*	...	...
ASIA													
Cyprus	18.4	29.7	33.7	9.2	14.8	25.7	35.0	11.8	20.4	22.5	34.6	—	8.7
Hong Kong	65.2	95.4	142.1	40.3	64.2	106.6	158.2	37.1	82.3	116.6	162.9	47.5	...
Israel	68.3	101.5	129.8	29.8	55.0	77.2	112.4	25.7	65.5	88.9	107.9	...	...
Japan	2 579.3	3 746.5	5 144.5	1 372.9	2 721.6	3 938.1	5 488.5	1 612.8	3 208.4	4 569.5	6 015.9	1 242.1	*2 364.9
Malaysia													
West Malaysia	36.2	53.3	83.9	29.1	54.5	86.0	122.5	34.3	56.1	84.6	182.9	*27.4	*42.2
Singapore	*1.0	*1.3	1.9	0.1	0.7	1.9	6.9	3.1	3.5	6.7	10.2	1.2	...
Total	*2 768.4*	*4 027.7*	*5 535.9*	*1 481.4*	*2 910.8*	*4 235.5*	*5 923.5*	*1 724.8*	*3 436.2*	*4 888.8*	*6 514.4*	...	...
AFRICA													
Egypt, Arab Republic of	132.4	132.4	132.5	15.1	15.1	15.1	43.4	24.1	36.1	73.3	73.3	20.1	*38.6
Reunion	9.7	15.0	20.1	6.1	10.2	15.1	19.9	9.7	16.1	20.1	27.7	...	...
Total	*142.1*	*147.4*	*152.6*	*21.2*	*25.3*	*30.2*	*63.3*	*33.8*	*52.2*	*93.4*	*101.0*	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	**11 932**	**18 519**	**25 262**	**5 137**	**10 899**	**16 765**	**23 344**	**5 666**	**12 245**	**18 715**	**25 376**	...	...

NOTE: Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] Data include shipments for private relief and charity which are generally not reported as trade by the importing countries. — [2] Re-exports only. — [3] Quarterly data refer to trade through the port of Bangkok only. — [4] Data exclude intertrade within the East African Customs Union. — [5] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg. — [6] Excluding imports through free zones (*perímetros libres*).

NOTE: Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les chiffres comprennent les quantités destinées à des opération de secours et de bienfaisance à titre privé et qui ne figurent généralement pas dans les statistiques du commerce des pays importateurs. — [2] Réexportations seulement. — [3] Les données trimestrielles se rapportent uniquement au commerce par le port de Bangkok. — [4] Les chiffres ne comprennent pas le commerce réciproque à l'intérieur de l'Union douanière de l'Afrique de l'Est. — [5] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg. — [6] Non compris les importations par les zones franches (*perímetros libres*).

Table 13. - Potatoes: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 13. - Pommes de terre: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Austria	1.2	1.3	11.9	5.0	8.5	17.7	39.4	15.2	21.0	21.5	29.6	1.4	4.1
Belgium-Luxembourg	58.3	102.2	123.5	18.8	42.1	139.8	166.7	3.1	9.0	53.3	77.3	11.3	31.1
Denmark	14.0	14.7	26.2	9.0	27.8	31.9	47.2	11.7	16.5	18.3	35.5	14.1	16.5
France	98.1	144.0	312.7	135.7	242.1	311.3	557.1	91.6	169.0	210.6	377.9	42.6	95.0
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	17.0	19.8	29.7	8.1	10.1	10.8	16.7	5.5	11.0	14.6	18.8	7.3	17.4
Greece	3.5	3.6	3.6	—	6.7	6.8	6.8	0.7	23.9	25.7	25.7	...	...
Ireland	20.3	21.5	61.1	18.3	19.0	20.1	55.8	15.3	15.6	16.5	38.6	11.9	12.5
Italy	193.7	223.8	225.2	2.4	194.2	209.6	210.7	2.5	128.4	253.7	255.3	4.3	168.3
Netherlands [1]	390.7	450.4	763.1	305.6	550.2	623.7	1 017.7	283.3	480.3	539.3	939.1	271.5	447.5
Portugal	5.0	9.4	10.6	0.9	2.0	5.8	7.1	0.6	6.5	12.4	13.1	1.2	3.0
Spain	85.4	90.1	107.5	17.8	56.0	59.1	59.5	18.7	122.4	139.8	147.9	10.8	89.7
Switzerland	33.6	33.6	85.2	29.4	38.2	38.3	89.5	17.0	25.0	25.1	76.5	16.8	24.7
United Kingdon [2]	32.6	32.6	58.6	29.8	30.8	30.8	61.1	45.2	52.6	54.5	99.2	41.2	53.9
Total	*953.4*	*1 147.0*	*1 818.9*	*580.8*	*1 227.7*	*1 505.7*	*2 335.3*	*510.4*	*1 081.2*	*1 385.3*	*2 134.5*	...	...
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada	65.1	68.4	143.7	59.2	116.2	126.2	204.4	76.8	115.8	117.3	180.1	28.2	58.9
United States	111.4	151.2	159.4	11.4	68.6	109.9	122.1	10.5	81.2	132.8	141.0	14.3	...
Total	*176.5*	*219.6*	*303.1*	*70.6*	*184.8*	*236.1*	*326.5*	*87.3*	*197.0*	*250.1*	*321.1*	*42.5*	...
ASIA													
Cyprus	137.2	137.2	137.7	0.6	114.7	114.9	118.9	6.2	154.9	158.5	160.6	10.3	148.4
Hong Kong [3]	7.0	12.1	14.9	3.2	5.8	10.6	11.0	2.5	4.7	8.6	9.3	3.2	...
Japan	0.4	4.8	7.7	2.9	3.3	5.0	8.7	0.1	0.1	2.1	5.2	0.8	...
Total	*144.6*	*154.1*	*160.3*	*6.7*	*123.8*	*130.5*	*138.6*	*8.8*	*159.7*	*169.2*	*175.1*	*14.3*	...
AFRICA													
Egypt, Arab Republic of	24.7	28.6	29.3	6.0	79.2	80.6	80.9	27.4	87.0	90.2	90.3	8.1	...
Morocco	82.7	83.4	85.4	30.0	48.0	48.1	49.1	27.4	64.8	65.7	65.9	...	...
South Africa	11.1	13.4	14.7	2.8	8.8	10.1	11.5	6.6	13.2	14.5	15.2	6.0	...
Total	*118.5*	*125.4*	*129.4*	*38.8*	*136.0*	*138.8*	*141.5*	*61.4*	*165.0*	*170.4*	*171.4*	...	...
OCEANIA													
New Zealand	3.8	6.1	6.7	1.6	3.8	6.4	7.5	2.2	6.3	12.8	16.6	0.4	...
GRAND TOTAL	**1 397**	**1 652**	**2 418**	**699**	**1 676**	**2 018**	**2 949**	**670**	**1 609**	**1 988**	**2 819**	...	...
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Austria	22.9	22.9	26.8	0.4	14.7	14.7	17.0	0.7	15.0	15.1	33.8	1.9	24.9
Belgium-Luxembourg	40.9	47.7	93.3	66.8	113.3	117.9	183.1	51.4	79.0	97.2	147.0	33.7	69.4
France	138.9	139.6	177.1	42.4	131.8	134.4	175.9	30.3	168.4	176.5	230.3	41.9	137.9
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	426.5	489.2	688.9	198.6	586.3	716.3	956.6	184.7	560.6	665.0	876.1	172.6	559.6
Greece	19.1	21.1	23.9	13.6	26.0	27.1	32.3	12.0	16.0	16.0	20.5	...	...
Italy	121.9	130.4	265.8	133.7	181.1	198.2	395.4	119.0	159.2	170.6	362.6	115.3	154.3
Netherlands [1]	15.2	49.2	50.6	1.4	15.8	64.9	73.1	7.6	34.5	85.4	89.8	4.3	23.3
Portugal	16.3	16.4	23.9	17.0	33.1	33.3	42.4	14.1	19.1	20.5	21.8	11.8	13.8
Spain	27.8	28.9	83.3	51.1	99.3	99.6	132.7	26.4	26.7	30.4	67.4	31.4	32.6
Sweden	15.4	17.7	18.3	0.7	8.7	12.8	38.3	38.1	90.6	95.2	115.2	0.6	7.1
Switzerland	5.4	6.0	10.2	1.6	8.6	9.1	13.7	1.5	7.6	8.1	11.7	0.8	4.3
United Kingdom	286.3	314.3	322.8	34.2	237.8	251.8	259.9	25.1	289.0	302.0	308.8	20.4	261.3
Total	*1 136.6*	*1 283.4*	*1 784.9*	*561.5*	*1 456.5*	*1 680.1*	*2 320.4*	*510.9*	*1 465.7*	*1 682.0*	*2 285.0*	...	...
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada	61.4	110.7	116.4	8.7	46.4	88.4	92.1	7.6	52.9	96.4	101.5	9.5	46.4
United States	34.5	34.9	69.5	52.3	84.5	87.7	106.5	37.2	61.7	61.8	78.2	18.6	...
Total	*95.9*	*145.6*	*185.9*	*61.0*	*130.9*	*176.1*	*198.6*	*44.8*	*114.6*	*158.2*	*179.7*	*28.1*	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Brazil	1.4	1.5	6.9	2.4	2.5	3.0	17.2	2.5	2.6	*3.2	11.4	...	...
Uruguay [4]	3.2	*4.1	8.3	2.8	*3.0	3.6	9.3	—	0.1	1.7	...	...	...
Venezuela	9.2	*9.2	12.6	1.9	11.2	11.2	21.6	6.6	14.2	15.2	19.0	...	...
Total	*13.8*	*14.8*	*27.8*	*7.1*	*16.7*	*18.0*	*48.1*	*9.1*	*16.9*	*20.1*	...	...	...

For notes, see end of table.

Pour les notes, voir fin du tableau.

Table 13. - Potatoes: Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71 *(concluded)*

Tableau 13. - Pommes de terre: Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71 *(fin)*

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
IMPORTING COUNTRIES (concl.)													
ASIA													
Cyprus [4]	7.9	7.9	15.1	4.9	4.9	4.9	17.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	7.3	6.8	6.8
Hong Kong	13.4	23.2	29.4	5.2	13.2	21.9	24.4	5.7	11.3	20.7	26.1	6.2	..
Iraq	13.6	16.8	31.6	7.9	11.4	14.2	22.4	3.3	3.3	4.4	6.1	...	...
Jordan	4.8	9.8	14.8	3.9	6.3	10.8	15.0	3.5	6.3	9.7	16.1	...	..
Malaysia													
West Malaysia	11.4	17.0	22.6	5.2	10.4	16.7	22.7	5.1	9.8	15.3	21.8	...	...
Singapore	17.0	25.8	33.5	8.8	18.2	27.9	34.4	7.7	14.7	25.2	32.0	8.3	...
Syrian Arab Republic [5]	8.5	8.5	8.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	2.4	4.1	4.1	4.5	...	...
Total	*76.6*	*109.0*	*155.5*	*40.4*	*68.9*	*100.9*	*140.6*	*29.8*	*57.6*	*81.5*	*113.9*	...	...
AFRICA													
Egypt, Arab Republic of	11.2	11.2	26.7	3.9	3.9	3.9	16.2	8.6	8.6	8.6	18.6	...	...
Morocco	15.0	15.0	31.2	8.5	8.5	9.4	23.8	8.7	8.7	8.7	24.9	...	...
South Africa	1.4	2.1	8.4	2.2	2.2	2.2	6.5	1.8	1.8	4.6	12.2	0.1	...
Tunisia	*3.9	4.6	6.1	3.7	3.7	3.7	9.3	0.7	0.7	0.7	7.1	2.1	...
Total	*31.5*	*32.9*	*72.4*	*18.3*	*18.3*	*19.2*	*55.8*	*19.8*	*19.8*	*22.6*	*62.8*	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	**1 354**	**1 586**	**2 227**	**688**	**1 691**	**1 994**	**2 764**	**614**	**1 669**	**1 964**	...	...	...

NOTE: Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg. — [2] Prior to 1970 data refer to seed potatoes only. — [3] Re-exports only. — [4] Excluding potatoes for consumption. — [5] Potatoes for consumption only.

NOTE: Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg. — [2] Avant 1970, les chiffres se rapportent uniquement aux pommes de terre à semence. — [3] Réexportations seulement. — [4] Non compris les pommes de terre pour la consommation. — [5] Pommes de terre pour la consommation seulement.

Table 14. - Sugar (raw basis): Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71

Tableau 14. - Sucre (brut): Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
EXPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Belgium-Luxembourg	120.7	144.7	197.6	51.6	86.6	113.7	204.0	83.7	165.6	219.1	270.1	18.3	79.8
Czechoslovakia	134.8	170.7	312.4	58.7	128.5	178.4	300.3	100.4	129.1	172.7	321.7	...	...
Denmark	43.4	72.0	153.5	9.3	18.8	35.8	48.9	6.8	15.9	30.8	44.2	11.0	27.4
France	249.1	430.2	718.5	128.0	316.4	405.7	582.9	201.3	454.0	739.4	1 033.9	...	...
Netherlands [1]	2.8	9.3	14.5	2.8	12.2	16.5	28.0	15.3	50.7	78.1	107.5	15.5	61.6
Poland	*327.0	*430.4	690.7	*49.9	*150.8	*194.3	320.8	*44.0	*133.2	*189.8	321.3	*19.9	*35.7
United Kingdom	114.1	168.1	223.8	40.3	107.7	160.1	220.9	44.3	96.6	144.5	205.8	43.5	110.8
Total	*991.9*	*1 425.4*	*2 311.0*	*340.6*	*821.0*	*1 104.5*	*1 705.8*	*495.8*	*1 045.1*	*1 574.4*	*2 304.5*	...	...
U.S.S.R.	[2] 591.5	[2] 1 034.7	1 412.7	[2] 268.3	[2] 580.3	[2] 882.7	1 174.8	[2] 423.5	[2] 849.9	[2] 1 115.4	[2] 1 175.0	[2] 381.7	...
N. and CENT. AMERICA													
Barbados [3]	125.4	137.6	153.8	32.1	117.2	128.0	129.1	[2] 15.6	[2] 141.6	[2] 145.5	146.9	[2] 29.4	[2] 117.8
Dominican Republic	266.8	383.1	604.8	110.9	316.0	473.1	617.7	215.5	508.9	652.3	763.8	296.9	...
Guadeloupe	135.0	152.8	161.8	35.4	93.9	119.8	120.5	58.8	132.3	154.0	157.2	...	...
Haiti	*14.0	*24.3	24.4	—	*14.0	*14.0	*15.8	—	*10.9	*18.3	*19.6	...	...
Jamaica	281.9	314.4	389.5	68.2	243.1	283.1	299.0	122.7	266.4	[2] 284.6	305.4	[2] 135.5	[2] 253.4
Martinique	21.0	27.8	27.8	1.4	17.6	22.5	23.6	1.8	6.2	16.1	16.2	...	...
Mexico	377.6	610.7	641.2	110.3	360.9	549.5	603.9	172.9	395.9	569.9	578.0	...	...
Trinidad and Tobago	165.0	189.2	205.8	68.6	166.9	190.6	205.2	55.1	130.7	169.2	179.9	...	...
Total	*1 386.7*	*1 839.9*	*2 209.1*	*426.9*	*1 329.6*	*1 780.6*	*2 014.8*	*642.4*	*1 592.9*	*2 009.9*	*2 167.0*	...	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Brazil	522.1	754.9	1 026.2	173.2	512.5	871.0	1 098.7	124.0	334.9	701.2	1 126.2	...	...
Guyana	108.2	173.4	298.3	43.3	119.7	218.6	355.5	16.8	75.1	168.4	322.8	...	...
Peru	197.1	357.5	466.6	81.6	102.1	146.7	270.3	102.0	138.2	244.9	434.6	...	...
Total	*827.4*	*1 285.8*	*1 791.1*	*298.1*	*734.3*	*1 236.3*	*1 724.5*	*242.8*	*548.2*	*1 114.5*	*1 883.6*	...	...
ASIA													
China (Taiwan) [2]	406.1	588.2	651.3	134.7	297.3	397.8	551.1	89.4	172.8	250.3	426.0	90.7	...
Hong Kong	23.6	42.8	58.8	14.9	35.5	42.9	58.4	5.7	13.6	20.0	27.7	9.2	...
India	138.0	138.1	163.5	12.5	60.4	86.9	95.1	0.3	36.2	112.6	[2] 339.0	[2] 17.3	...
Philippines	622.1	750.9	905.9	259.8	677.4	800.9	1 010.9	281.3	695.0	997.9	1 237.2	...	...
Turkey	23.0	23.2	28.6	—	38.0	105.5	158.7	4.0	20.9	*30.0	43.2	...	...
Total	*1 212.8*	*1 543.2*	*1 808.4*	*221.9*	*1 108.6*	*1 434.0*	*1 874.2*	*380.7*	*938.5*	*1 410.8*	*2 073.1*	...	...
AFRICA													
Angola	5.6	8.2	13.7	6.1	8.3	10.9	14.4	1.4	3.5	*5.7	*8.4	...	...
Madagascar	23.2	34.5	57.6	12.8	26.3	43.2	64.7	12.2	15.7	32.5	52.0	...	...
Mauritius	134.4	306.8	596.0	91.0	104.2	376.4	596.2	120.7	133.3	*363.3	574.9	...	...
Mozambique	47.4	83.2	131.8	21.0	62.3	114.8	170.1	11.8	42.4	105.8	178.9	...	...
Reunion	102.2	173.2	283.4	63.2	63.4	136.5	209.5	65.3	102.8	173.5	270.7	...	...
South Africa	405.1	724.1	961.3	154.2	292.4	545.6	714.3	147.8	391.1	638.5	790.8	68.3	...
Total	*717.9*	*1 330.2*	*2 043.8*	*348.3*	*556.9*	*1 227.4*	*1 769.2*	*359.2*	*688.8*	*1 319.3*	*1 875.7*	...	...
OCEANIA													
Australia	622.1	1 151.3	2 164.8	289.0	535.7	962.3	1 477.7	217.9	449.4	888.1	1 568.1	231.2	455.3
Fiji	39.2	153.1	346.7	33.7	121.8	215.8	321.9	26.3	*126.5	*223.9	*333.7	...	...
Total	*661.3*	*1 304.4*	*2 511.5*	*322.7*	*657.5*	*1 178.1*	*1 799.6*	*244.2*	*575.9*	*1 112.0*	*1 901.8*	...	...
GRAND TOTAL	**6 390**	**9 763**	**14 088**	**2 227**	**5 788**	**8 844**	**12 063**	**2 789**	**6 239**	**9 656**	**13 381**	...	...

For notes, see end of table.

Pour les notes, voir fin du tableau.

Table 14. - Sugar (raw basis): Cumulative quarterly trade, 1968-71 *(concluded)*

Tableau 14. - Sucre (brut): Commerce, données cumulatives par trimestre, 1968-71 *(fin)*

Country — Pays	1968			1969				1970				1971	
	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI	I-IX	I-XII	I-III	I-VI
	Thousand metric tons - Milliers de tonnes métriques												
IMPORTING COUNTRIES													
EUROPE													
Belgium-Luxembourg	25.0	34.6	52.4	25.7	32.8	37.3	42.7	3.7	7.8	7.9	12.6	2 2	4.2
Finland	91.3	154.9	215.2	51.6	75.5	144.3	217 0	69 0	140 0	140 4	213 4	22 5	40 2
France	214.6	269.6	385.8	105.8	203.5	247.3	330.4	108.5	199.4	264.9	367.5	...	
Germany, Fed. Rep. of	216.8	265.6	284.9	42.5	97.7	139.8	181.2	29.8	58.9	102.2	194.5	33.6	76.9
Greece	25.3	56.1	96.7	3.1	27.5	41.6	49.5	5.3	8.1	17.5	21.5	...	...
Ireland	39.3	42.5	49.4	10.2	22.8	30.9	34.3	15.2	29.6	30.6	31.3	0.4	26.7
Italy	12.8	33.7	52.4	23.4	118.5	184.5	250.4	72.8	160.0	291.5	386.8	180.2	317.8
Netherland	96.5	158.6	200.1	57.4	115.6	151.7	182.8	38.0	94.4	148.6	178.2	6.2	10.2
Norway	74.7	147.8	195.0	27.4	61.3	122.4	164.9	32.8	78.3	135.4	175.3	35.3	73.8
Portugal	50.5	80.2	211.1	23.6	74.2	100.7	179.5	36.6	82.0	188.8	252.5	23.5	57.6
Spain	114.4	207.6	329.3	74.3	147.9	190.7	264.1	13.9	41.5	77.7	145.7	39.7	47.6
Sweden	79.9	100.4	151.7	32.2	87.9	99.5	110.2	51.2	78.1	98.7	128.2	59.1	61.8
Switzerland	120.3	188.7	282.7	55.0	103.8	148.8	198.5	41.9	103.0	177.1	238.1	54.6	114.8
United Kingdom	1 128.2	1 547.1	2 049.7	652.3	1 153.4	1 651.1	2 149.6	*534.4	1 081.7	1 631.1	2 111.3	590.8	1 124.6
Total	*2 289.6*	*3 287.4*	*4 556.4*	*1 184.5*	*2 322.4*	*3 290.6*	*4 355.1*	*1 053.1*	*2 162.8*	*3 312.4*	*4 456.9*	...	...
U.S.S.R.	[3]1 217.4	[3]1 629.2	1 755.4	[3]483.2	[3]1 168.2	[3]1 258.7	1 331.9	[3]1 021.1	[3]2 489.0	[3]2 925.6	3 004.7	[3]360.5	...
NORTH AMERICA													
Canada [3]	377.8	610.2	870.0	204.5	374.9	640.1	957.4	95.6	335.9	582.7	955.2	94.9	304.0
United States	2 078.7	3 393.4	4 518.4	649.6	1 981.2	3 204.7	4 329.6	861.4	2 208.1	3 628.1	5 003.0	956.7	...
Total	*2 456.5*	*4 003.6*	*5 388.4*	*854.1*	*2 356.1*	*3 844.8*	*5 374.1*	*957.0*	*2 544.0*	*4 210.8*	*5 958.2*	*1 051.6*	...
SOUTH AMERICA													
Chile	58.8	76.6	92.6	90.0	144.7	187.9	293.9	42.2	49.6	*80.0	*130.0	...	...
Uruguay	34.1	*50.0	50.4	16.4	18.0	19.9	58.8	8.6	29.3	52.7	*73.1	...	...
Total	*92.9*	*126.6*	*143.0*	*106.4*	*162.7*	*207.8*	*352.7*	*50.8*	*78.9*	*132.7*	*203.1*	...	...
ASIA													
Ceylon	153.3	208.1	267.6	46.1	121.4	233.5	292.4	109.6	143.1	242.9	270.0	...	...
Hong Kong	63.8	107.7	153.7	55.8	74.9	93.7	131.4	34.4	61.2	92.0	104.9	37.9	...
Iraq	135.7	225.4	268.1	100.5	183.9	232.8	276.4	41.0	143.6	184.4	256.6	...	...
Japan	940.3	1 423.0	2 037.8	542.4	993.7	1 565.7	2 212.1	511.7	1 043.1	1 783 6	2 585.2	689 4	...
Malaysia West Malaysia	163.5	246.3	317.7	57.5	145.4	240.5	318.5	97.4	117.8	271.7	364.1	...	...
Singapore	118.7	186.6	239.6	70.3	106.8	150.0	180.7	54.4	82.0	109.8	123.9	59.7	...
Total	*1 575.3*	*2 397.1*	*3 284.5*	*872.6*	*1 626.1*	*2 516.2*	*3 411.5*	*848.5*	*1 590.8*	*2 684.4*	*3 704.7*	...	...
AFRICA													
Cameroon [4]	9.8	12.4	14.4	2.6	4.6	7.7	9.3	4.6	10.1	12.9	15.3	...	...
Ghana	39.6	58.6	95.3	19.4	28.7	55.6	73.8	11.1	56.3	*106.0	141.6	...	...
Ivory Coast	14.8	25.3	40.0	11.5	22.7	30.5	41.2	12.1	29.1	40.9	55.1	...	...
Kenya [5]	22.4	24.2	26.2	6.1	7.2	8.4	9.3	8.6	9.1	9.3	23.1	...	...
Morocco	167.1	208.6	281.3	76.4	155.8	188.9	253.0	98.5	173.9	211.2	263.2	...	...
Nigeria	16.8	23.3	35.2	12.3	23.8	50.0	72.8	20.7	38.9	*65.0	94.8	...	...
Senegal	*31.6	*43.2	59.4	13.8	28.8	37.9	60.0	19.4	35.2	53.1	74.1	...	...
Sudan	137 3	154 1	174 7	22 8	22 8	33 4	87 2	—	12 8	92 3	136 8	..	..
Tunisia	50.0	59.9	93.8	12.8	31.5	51.1	86.7	10.8	21.9	44.1	109.9	...	...
Zambia	26.8	30.2	34.9	2.7	5.0	9.7	16.1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	*516.2*	*639.9*	*855.2*	*180.4*	*330.9*	*473.2*	*709.4*	...	...	...	...	...	...
OCEANIA													
New Zealand	75.5	117.6	150.1	39.7	89.9	123.4	174.6	23.2	60.5	107.4	131.4	47.5	...
GRAND TOTAL	**8 223**	**12 201**	**16 133**	**3 721**	**8 056**	**11 715**	**15 709**	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE: Sugar includes solid beet and cane sugar, generally excluding low grade sugars unless otherwise specified. Refined sugar has been converted to raw basis by factors of 1.070 for the United States and 1.087 for other countries. Continental and grand totals refer only to the countries listed.

[1] 1971 quarterly data exclude trade with Belgium-Luxembourg. — [2] Source: *Statistical Bulletin* of the International Sugar Council. — [3] Includes fancy molasses converted to equivalent of raw sugar (1 Imperial gallon = 4.208 kg for Canada and 3.504 kg for Barbados). — [4] 1969 data exclude intertrade with the People's Republic of the Congo. — [5] Data exclude intertrade within the East African Customs Union.

NOTE: On entend par sucre le sucre de betterave et le sucre de canne à l'état solide, à l'exclusion des sucres grossiers, à moins d'indication contraire. Les quantités de sucre raffiné ont été converties en équivalent de sucre brut à raison de 1,070 pour les Etats-Unis et de 1,087 pour les autres pays. Les totaux continentaux et généraux se rapportent seulement aux pays énumérés.

[1] Les données trimestrielles pour 1971 ne comprennent pas le commerce avec Belgique-Luxembourg. — [2] Source: Bulletin statistique du Conseil international du sucre. — [3] Y compris les mélasses fines converties en équivalent de sucre brut (1 gallon impérial = 4,208 kg pour le Canada et 3,504 kg pour la Barbade). — [4] Les chiffres relatifs à 1969 ne comprennent pas le commerce réciproque avec la République populaire du Congo. — [5] Les chiffres ne comprennent pas le commerce réciproque à l'intérieur de l'Union douanière de l'Afrique de l'Est.

Table 15. - Price series of international significance

Tableau 15. - Séries de prix d'intérêt international

Commodity: Description of series — Produits: Spécifications	Currency and unit — Monnaie et unité	1970				1971								
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS														
Wheat														
Argentina: Durum wheat, Candeal Taganrog, f.o.b. Up-River	U.S.$/60 lb	1.66	1.66	1.63	1.68	1.66	1.62	1.67	1.62	1.59	1.67	1.68	1.69	1.66
Canada: No. 1 Northern, basis in store, Thunder Bay, export price, (Class II)	Can.$/60 lb	1.75	1.80	1.80	1.82	1.82	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.75	1.79	1.83	1.74	1.72
U.K.: Australian, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	29.5	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.1	30.1	29.7	29.2	28.6	28.6	28.6	27.4	26.9
U.S.: No. 2 Hard Winter ordinary protein, f.o.b. Gulf ports	U.S.$/60 lb	1.52	1.60	1.65	1.72	1.73	1.73	1.70	1.70	1.72	1.68	1.67	1.66	1.65
European ports:[1] Canadian Manitoba No. 2, c.i.f.	DM/1 000 kg	277	282	284	279	278	279	271	267	251	255	255	248	...
Rye														
Canada: No. 2 Western, basis in store, Thunder Bay, spot, Winnipeg	Can.$/56 lb	1.08	1.04	1.06	1.07	1.14	1.15	1.14	1.09	1.12	1.18	1.05	0.93	0.89
Barley														
U.K.: Canadian, No. 2 feed, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	30.0	31.2	33.2	29.5	31.4	32.7	28.8	26.9	23.5	26.2	25.8	25.0	19.8
Oats														
Canada: No. 2 Western, basis in store, Thunder Bay, domestic wholesale and export price	Can.¢/34 lb	92	88	87	87	86	84	82	75	76	75	75	67	65
Maize														
U.K.: Nearest forward shipment: Argentine, c.i.f. U.K.	£/2 240 lb	35.0	34.4	33.0	33.0	33.0	32.2	31.1	29.5	29.1	31.6	31.5	29.9	28.4
U.S.No. 3 yellow,c.i.f.Liverpool		33.0	31.8	30.7	31.8	32.4	31.9	31.1	30.2	29.8	31.0	29.5	26.7	24.5
Sorghum														
U.K.: U.S./Argentina, transshipment, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	30.5	30.5	29.6	28.2	29.8	29.3	27.1	26.2	26.2	27.6	27.4	26.3	25.4
Rice[2]														
Thailand: White, 5% brokens, government standard, f.o.b. Bangkok	U.S.$/1 000 kg	142.2	142.5	141.6	138.0	139.2	125.1	115.2	112.8	123.8	127.2	129.0	131.5	139.9
Sugar[3]														
Caribbean and Brazilian ports: Raw, 96°, bagged, export price to destinations other than the U.S. (No. 8 contract), f.o.b.	U.S.¢/lb	3.93	3.98	4.18	[4]4.15	[4]4.81	[4]4.92	[4]4.77	[4]4.66	[4]4.41	[4]4.19	[4]4.20	[4]4.37	[4]3.99
Caribbean ports (daily price calculated for implementation of International Sugar Agreement)[5]: in bulk, f.o.b. and stowed	U.S.¢/lb	3.87	3.92	4.09	4.09	4.72	4.82	4.69	4.56	4.36	4.15	4.17	4.24	4.00
U.S.: Raw, 96°, bulk, c.i.f. New York	U.S.¢/lb	7.54	7.52	7.34	7.40	7.72	7.82	7.74	7.67	7.84	7.92	7.96	8.04	7.94
Onions														
U.K.: Price paid by retailers to wholesalers in England and Wales:	£/112 lb	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3.25	2.71	1.80	—	—	—
From Egypt, Arab Rep. of		2.45	2.43	2.14	2.19	2.13	1.73	1.85	2.61	2.23	—	—	2.31	1.79
From the Netherlands														
Tomatoes														
U.K.: Canary Islands, price paid by retailers to wholesalers in England and Wales	£/6 kg	—	—	0.80	1.06	1.48	1.45	1.51	1.36	1.15	—	—	—	—
Bananas														
Germany, Fed. Rep. of: Ecuador, in cartons, f.o.r., price paid by wholesalers to importers, Hamburg	Marks/1 000 kg	497	518	478	476	462	625	642	636	665	607	486	353	550
U.S. Central and South America, tropical pack,f.o.b.port of entry	U.S.$/40-lb case	2.94	3.07	2.72	2.33	2.37	2.64	2.66	2.65	2.45	2.45	2.34	2.79	2.81
Oranges														
Germany, Fed. Rep. of: Spanish, Navel, wholesale price, Hamburg	Marks/15 kg carton	—	—	10.9	11.2	10.0	11.0	11.4	—	—	—	—	—	—
U.K.: Israeli, wholesale price, London	£/case (39 kg net)	—	—	—	3.10	2.92	3.7	3.76	3.52	2.90	3.10	2.85	—	—
South African, price paid by retailers to wholesalers in England and Wales	£/box[6]	3.31	2.93	2.94	—	—	—	—	—	3.15	3.03	3.24	3.48	3.56
Lemons														
Germany, Fed. Rep. of: Sicilian, wholesale price, Hamburg	Marks/15 kg case	13.6	17.1	13.8	11.2	13.0	10.6	11.6	13.4	14.4	17.1	17.6	20.7	21.5

For notes, see end of table.

Pour les notes, voir fin du tableau.

Table 15. - Price series of international significance (*continued*)

Tableau 15. - Séries de prix d'intérêt international (*suite*)

Commodity: Description of series — Produits: Spécifications	Currency and unit — Monnaie et unité	1970				1971								
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
Grapefruit														
U.K.: Israeli, wholesale price, London	£/case(40 kg net)	—	—	4.40	3.35	3.25	3.25	3.29	3.48	4.50	—	—	—	—
South African, price paid by retailers to wholesalers in England and Wales	£/box [6]	1.91	1.96	—	—	—	—	—	—	2.06	2.27	2.37	2.62	2.68
Apples														
Germany, Fed. Rep. of: Italian, dessert, Golden Delicious, Munich	Marks/100 kg	65	68	61	55	63	65	71	84	79	85	85	—	—
Raisins														
U.K.: Australian Sultanas, 5-Crown, spot, ex wharf, London	Sh/112 lb	160	155	155	155	155	155	154	153	—	—	—	—	—
Turkish Sultanas, No. 9, c.i.f. London		144	144	—	—	—	124	125	125	125	125	125	125	126
Dates														
U.S.: Pitted Sairs, G.A.Q. 70's, ex warehouse, New York	U.S.¢/lb	14.5	20.5	20.5	17.8	17.8	18.5	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	18.8	...
Soybeans														
U.K.: U.S. No. 2, bulk, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£2 240 lb	52.0	55.5	56.0	54.5	54.9	54.8	54.1	52.1	53.1	55.2	57.3	55.5	54.0
Groundnuts														
European ports: [1] Nigerian, shelled, nearest forward shipment, resellers, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	n97.8	n97.3	104.3	110.5	119.5	127.5	113.4	107.0	108.5	—	102.5	—	97.8
Linseed														
U.K.: Canadian, bulk, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	54.8	55.7	53.7	51.4	49.9	50.0	50.0	50.5	49.4	48.1	48.2	47.0	r45.0
Copra														
European ports: [1] Philippine/Indonesian, bulk, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	U.S.$/2 240 lb	205	216	232	232	231	218	203	203	195	195	201	177	173
Olive oil														
European ports: [1] Spanish, edible, 1%, drums, f.o.b.	£/1 000 kg	291.5	297.5	302.5	302.5	302.5	300.0	294.0	292.5	294.8	295.5	297.0	301.5	304.0
Soybean oil														
Netherlands: Any origin, ex tank, Rotterdam	U.S.$/1 000 kg	280.5	298.7	336.2	314.5	316.3	301.5	301.7	290.0	290.8	304.9	333.5	330.0	295.0
Groundnut oil														
U.K.: Nigerian-Gambian, 3-5% bulk, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	157.1	161.2	170.6	184.7	201.5	[8]215.0	[8]202.2	[8]196.2	[8]191.5	[8]187.7	[8]186.8	[8]183.8	[8]175.8
Linseed oil														
U.K.: Any origin, dutiable, bulk, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f. London	£/2 240 lb	92.0	94.8	98.5	93.2	92.2	89.4	83.7	79.8	79.4	78.0	82.5	82.6	76.5
Coconut oil														
European ports: [1] Ceylon, 1%, bulk, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	150.2	160.2	166.0	168.6	172.5	169.8	160.6	155.5	146.0	145.5	141.9	144.2	141.0
Palm oil														
European ports: [9] Malaysian, 5%, bulk, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	95.4	104.2	113.5	115.0	117.0	119.0	117.4	115.0	104.8	100.2	111.5	117.2	110.5
Groundnut cake														
U.K.: Nigerian, 56% protein, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f. at ports	£/2 240 lb	54.5	54.6	55.5	55.5	55.2	—	—	—	—	—	53.2	—	—
Coffee														
France: Ivory Coast Robusta, ex warehouse, Le Havre	F. francs/kg	5.15	5.16	4.90	4.84	4.96	4.92	4.97	4.99	5.00	5.02	4 98	4 92	4.95
U.S. Spot, New York:														
Brazilian Santos No. 4	U.S.¢/lb	57.0	57.8	56.3	54.0	53.8	50.9	45.7	44.0	43.1	42.5	42 6	42 5	42 5
Colombian Manizales	U.S.¢/lb	55.7	56.1	54.8	52.5	52.1	50.3	49.9	48.6	48.6	47 8	47 8	48 2	47 9
Uganda Native Standard	U.S.¢/lb	43.5	43.9	42.2	42.3	42.7	42.4	42.8	42.3	42.2	42.1	42.1	42 3	42 0
Cocoa beans														
European ports: [1] Good fermented Ghana, nearest forward shipment, c.i.f.	£/1 000 kg	326	309	294	284	264	242	230	229	213	228	251	252	229
U.S. Spot, New York														
Bahia	U.S.¢/lb	36.5	34.0	31.7	31.5	29 3	27.8	27 2	27 1	24.7	26.1	27 4	27 1	
Ghana	U.S.¢/lb	38.0	36.2	34.0	32.4	29.7	27.9	27.1	27.2	25.1	26.4	28 4	29 0	

For notes, see end of table.

Pour les notes, voir fin du tableau.

Table 15. - Price series of international significance (*continued*)

Tableau 15. - Séries de prix d'intérêt international (*suite*)

Commodity: Description of series — Produits: Spécifications	Currency and unit — Monnaie et unité	1970				1971								
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
Tea														
Ceylon: For export, high grown, auction price,[10] Colombo	New pence/kg	32.5	28.0	25.1	28.5	30.4	32.4	34.7	28.7	28.4	28.3	29.3	32.3	...
India: For domestic consumption and export, auction price,[10] Calcutta	New pence/kg	39.4	36.4	33.3	32.6	33.3	31.8	27.7	64.2	49.4	42.6	49.4	40.0	...
Pepper														
U.S.: Black Malabar, spot, New York	U.S.¢/lb	64.4	61.0	60.0	55.4	53.0	53.2	56.0	55.8	55.0	52.7	51.0	51.0	...
Tobacco														
U.S.: Flue-cured, auction price Cigarette leaf, unstemmed, average import value from Turkey	U.S.¢/lb	72.8	69.3	66.6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	76.7	77.4
	U.S.¢/lb	62.7	53.7	60.7	63.1	62.0	61.1	60.1	59.4	60.1	59.4	58.5	58.1	...
Cotton														
U.K.: c.i.f. Liverpool: American, Memphis Territory, Strict Middling 1 1/16 inch	Pence/lb	30.5	31.0	30.8	30.5	31.0	31.4	32.0	32.4	33.7	33.5	34.6	35.7	35.2
Egyptian, Menoufi, fully good, official sales	Pence/lb	61.4	60.9	60.9	60.9	60.9	60.9	60.9	60.9	n60.9	n60.9	n60.9	n61.0	61.9
Flax														
Belgium: Belgian, water-retted, B, f.o.b. Antwerp	B.Fr/kg	34.0	33.5	33.5	32.0	32.5	32.5	...	...	...	28.2	28.2	28.2	28.2
Jute														
U.K.: Raw, Pakistan, White C, c.i.f. U.K.	£/2 240 lb	139.9	137.4	137.2	138.8	139.4	139.3	140.2	...	143.8	148.5	147.3	145.6	144.5
Sisal														
U.K.: Tanzania/Kenya, No. 3 L, c.i.f. London	£/1 000 kg	61.0	59.4	61.2	66.5	69.8	71.2	74.5	76.6	77.8	78.0	78.5	82.0	79.0
Silk														
U.S.: Raw, 22 denier, grade 2A, New York	U.S.$/lb	n10.42	n10.40	n10.50	n10.50	n10.39	n10.32	n9.80	n9.20	n9.15	n9.22	n9.50	n9.50	...
Rayon														
Italy: Viscose filament, 120/28 denier, Milan	1 000 lire/100 kg	130.0	130.0	130.0	130.0	130.0	130.0	130.0	130.0	130.0	130.0	...	...	...
U.K.: Standard Viscose staple, 1 ½ denier, bright or bleached, 1 7/16 staple	U.S.¢/lb	27.0	27.8	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.0	28.4	28.8	28.8	28.8	29.5
Wool														
U.K.: Dominion, clean: 64's	New pence/kg	73	68	72	70	68	68	68	68	71	72	n72	n72	70
50's		46	45	48	46	46	46	49	50	51	51	n51	50	47
U.S.: Buenos Aires, greasy V/VI's, clean basis, in bond, Boston ..	U.S.¢/lb	47.9	44.7	45.1	45.5	45.2	45.3	46.9	49.0	49.2	51.8	52.5	51.0	51.6
Rubber														
Singapore: f.o.b., in bales: No. 1 R.S.S.	S. $/1 000 kg	1 119	1 066	1 145	1 135	1 083	1 024	1 024	1 091	1 151	1 048	1 014	966	p994
No. 3 R.S.S.		n1 046	n982	n1 063	n1 088	n1 031	n988	n984	n1 007	n1 052	n964	n889	...	...
Beef														
U.K.: Argentine, rumps, chilled, Smithfield Market, London	New pence/lb	29.4	32.0	30.8	34.0	...	11 42.9	46.6	52.3	48.9	40.6	33.2	37.3	...
Denmark: Steers, for export, best quality, liveweight	Kroner/kg	3.98	3.82	3.65	3.65	3.70	3.75	3.75	3.77	3.81	3.90	4.01	4.11	4.21
Lamb														
U.K.: New Zealand, Prime, Grade 2, frozen carcasses, Smithfield Market, London ..	New pence/lb	13.6	13.5	13.5	13.7	11 13.5	11 13.2	13.8	14.4	13.8	13.4	12.9	12.7	...
Bacon														
U.K.: Danish, Selection A1, ex quay, London Provision Exchange	£/2 240 lb	388	378	370	370	341	300	290	310	352	360	352	362	390
Tallow														
U.S.: Bleachable, fancy, bulk, f.o.b. New York	U.S.¢/lb	8.62	9.38	9.03	8.72	7.97	7.88	8.56	9.02	8.59	8.06	7.75	7.72	8.00
Lard														
U.K.: U.S., prime steam, in bulk, c.i.f.	£/2 240 lb	111.6	121.6	126.0	112.6	109.2	111.5	117.4	107.8	106.5	107.8	116.2	115.1	n109.8

For notes, see end of table.

Pour les notes, voir fin du tableau.

Table 15. - Price series of international significance (*continued*)

Tableau 15. - Séries de prix d'intérêt international (*suite*)

Commodity: Description of series — Produits: Spécifications	Currency and unit — Monnaie et unité	1970				1971								
		Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
Hides														
U.K.: Argentine, frigorifico, ox, c. and f. at ports	New pence/kg	16.1	16.1	16.3	16.8	16.8	16.8	19.1	20.1	21.0	...	...	...	...
U.S.: Native steers, heavy, 58 lb and upward, Chicago	U.S.¢/lb	13.0	13.5	13.2	11.5	10.0	11.0	12.2	13.2	15.0	15.0	...	14.8	...
Butter														
U.K.: Salted, London Provision Exchange:														
Danish	£/112 lb	19.4	19.6	20.0	20.1	20.1	20.1	21.1	22.0	25.2	26.2	26.2	26.4	27.3
New Zealand, finest		15.8	16.0	16.5	16.5	16.5	16.5	17.4	17.9	21.0	21.8	23.0	23.1	24.0
Cheese														
U.K.: New Zealand, 40-lb boxes, rindless, finest, white, London Provision Exchange	£/112 lb	13.2	13.8	14.3	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	14.8	15.5	15.8	16.5	16.9	19.2
Eggs														
Denmark: price paid to producers by the Danish Egg Export Cooperative[13]	Kroner/kg	4.00	3.92	3.98	3.97	3.52	3.30	3.53	3.71	3.43	3.52	3.74	3.87	4.15
Netherlands: Average price to producers	Guilders/100 kg	140	142	175	152	156	170	192	170	126	152	141	187	211
FISH AND FISHERY PRODUCTS														
Fresh and frozen fish														
U.K.: England and Wales: British landings, average unit value, all sizes:														
Cod	Sh/112 lb	98.6	103.7	109.4	100.2	125.1	113.5	109.8	114.9	121.3	...	...	141.5	...
Haddock		91.8	107.0	108.5	108.1	137.4	126.2	113.8	136.6	108.6	...	...	116.7	...
Plaice		155.2	169.6	205.6	159.0	139.1	115.0	121.4	144.2	146.4	...	...	187.2	...
Herrings		35.2	54.3	76.0	46.2	44.9	32.9	81.2	145.5	141.1	...	...	35.6	...
U.S.: Perch (ocean), fillets, frozen, 5-lb cellowrapped pkgs., price to primary wholesalers.	U.S.¢/lb	36.4	37.2	...	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	37.0	35.8	36.0	35.5	...	34.6
Boston Shrimp, frozen, brown-grooved, headless, 5-lb carton, average price, Chicago	U.S.¢/lb	114.8	115.5	...	118.0	120.5	129.8	137.6	143.2	154.0	158.0	155.2	...	155.8
Salted fish														
Italy: Cod, salted, pressed, Genoa	1 000 lire/100 kg	33.0	38.8	38.8	41.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5	...	...
Canned fish														
U.S.: Sardines, Maine, in oil, brokers' quotations, delivered New York	U.S.$/case[13]	14.8	15.2	...	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.2	15.6	15.8	...	16.8
Tuna, light meat, chunk style brokers to dealers, Los Angeles	U.S.$/case[14]	15.8	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1
Fish meal														
U.S.: Menhaden, 60% protein, 1000-lb burlap or paper bag, New York quotations, f.o.b. East Coast plants	U.S.$/2 000 lb	177	189	...	188	187	185	182	174	170	158	153	...	163
Fish oil														
European ports: Peruvian, semi-refined, c.i.f. Rotterdam	U.S.$/1 000 kg	240.0	261.0	268.8	273.4	n274.5	n272.0	—	[15]215.0	[15]198.8	[15]187.9	[14]215.0	[15]225.2	[14]217.8
Whale oil														
European ports:[1] Crude, bulk ex tank, Rotterdam	U.S.$/1 000 kg	254.9	264.0	268.3	273.1	276.0	275.0	268.0	250.0	250.0	229.9	n232.5	n242.5	n245.0
FOREST PRODUCTS														
Lumber														
Canada: Douglas fir, dimension lumber, green S4S, 8'/20'/R/L, construction, 25% standard, f.o.b. mill	Can.$/1 000 board feet	82.7	80.1	80.7	81.5	83.3	90.3	95.0	99.1	99.3	103.2	111.0	...	...
Germany, Fed. Rep. of: Spruce, fir or pine, 8-17 cm width, 24 mm thick, sawmill price, Bavaria	Marks/cubic metre	174.5	174.7	175.4	175.6	176.7	176.7	176.4	176.9	177.0	176.5	174.3	173.3	...
Sweden: $2^{1}/_{8}'' \times 7''$ u/s red wood battens, f.o.b., export price, Nederbottens district	1 000 Kronor/standard	1.52	1.53	1.54	1.53	1.54	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	1.53	...

For notes, see end of table.

Pour les notes, voir fin du tableau.

Table 15. - Price series of international significance (*concluded*)

Tableau 15. - Séries de prix d'intérêt international (*fin*)

Commodity: Description of series — Produits: Spécifications	Currency and unit — Monnaie et unité	1970 Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	1971 Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
U.K.: Sawn softwood, average import value, c.i.f.	£/standard	109.4	111.0	111.8	109.0	109.9	115.0	116.5	115.0	115.4	115.3	114.8	...	...
U.S.: Douglas fir, dried, 2" × 4" mixed carlots, f.o.b. mill	U.S.$/1 000 board feet	95.0	94.3	92.8	90.7	91.4	98.7	111.0	111.5	112.3	116.7	125.7	129.9	128.9
Wood pulp														
Canada: Dry, unbleached strong sulphite, full freight allowed, exports to U.S.	Can. $/2 000 lb	147.0	148.2	147.9	147.6	...	[16]163.3	[16]162.7	[16]160.2	[16]161.9	[16]165.4	[16]165.0	...	...
Finland: Unbleached sulphate, average export value	New markkaa/ 1 000 kg	551	550	564	541	584	585	588	567	586	559	...	...	...
Sweden: Bleached dissolving sulphite, average export value	Kronor/1 000 kg	1 037	1 060	1 059	1 051	1 068	1 070	1 080	1 085	1 079	1 084	1 076	...	...
Newsprint														
Canada: Wholesale price, f.o.b. mill, southern Quebec	Can. $/2 000 lb	132.9	133.8	134.1	131.5	130.6	129.7	129.7	138.0	138.1	140.6	139.6	137.4	...
Finland: Average export value	New markkaa/ 1 000 kg	537	534	527	535	546	557	549	552	554	556	...	...	...
U.K.: Average import value	£/1 000 kg	65.0	65.9	65.9	66.9	68.5	69.1	71.3	71.3	69.9	70.1	69.8	...	...
Paper														
Finland: Kraft, average export value	New markkaa/ 1 000 kg	724	734	714	711	729	734	726	718	729	732	...	...	...
SUMMARY PRICE INDEX														
United Nations export price index of primary commodities in international trade (1963 = 100) [17]														
Commodities of agricultural origin		107		107			108			108			...	
Food		112		113			114			114			...	
Nonfood		99		99			100			100			...	
AGRICULTURAL COSTS AND SERVICE														
Maritime freight rates														
Grain to U.K.:														
From U.S. Gulf	£/2 240 lb	4.78	4.85	4.60	4.44	4.39	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	3.88	3.75	3.76	3.80
From St. Lawrence		4.25	4.08	4.38	4.38	—	—	—	—	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50
From Northern Range		n4.38	n4.35	n4.16	n4.12	n4.06	n3.50	n3.52	n3.60	n3.68	n3.68	n3.60	n3.61	n3.65
U.K.: Time charter [18] Index numbers (1968 = 100)		139		138			111			...			...	
Fertilizers														
Ammonium nitrate: Germany, Fed. Rep. of: 23%, bulk, 10-200 quintal lots, at warehouse	DM/1 000 kg	215	217	220	222	225	229	232	234	235	236	[19]245	[19]244	...
Superphosphate: U.K. 19% 6-ton lots, London [20]	£/2 240 lb	13.16	13.16	13.16	13.16	14.66	14.66	14.66	14.66	14.66	[21]15.13	[21]15.13	[21]15.13	[21]15.13
Muriate of potash: Germany, Fed. Rep. of: 40%, bulk, 10-200 quintal lots, at warehouse	DM/1 000 kg	132	135	135	138	141	143	145	145	134	135	134	136	...

n = Nominal **p** = Provisional.

[1] Ports concerned may be Antwerp/Rotterdam-Hambourg/Bremen/Marseilles. — [2] The contract price of rice shipped from Burma to Ceylon under bilateral trade agreements was £43.5 per 2 240 lb f.o.b. Burma ports from July 1969 to July 1970 and has been £36.0 since August 1970. The basic quality is Ngasein, 42% brokens, parboiled. — [3] The Commonwealth Sugar Agreement negotiated price for raw sugar delivered against negotiated price quotas, 96°, f.o.b. basis, stowed, in bulk, was £43.5 per long ton in 1970 and remains unchanged in 1971. Additional special payments to less developed producing members (all except Australia), varying inversely with the world price of sugar and set at an amount between £1.5 and £4.0 per long ton for 1970, will continue for 1971. — [4] In bulk, No. 11 Contract. — [5] Through November 1970, arithmetical average of New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange Sugar Contract No. 8, reduced by the bag allowance, and the London Sugar Market daily price after conversion to U.S. cents per lb avoirdupoids and adjusted to free on board and stowed Caribbean ports, in bulk, by deducting the cost of insurance and freight to the United Kingdom, or, if the difference between these two f.o.b. prices is more than 6 points, by adding 3 points to the lower price; from December 1970, No. 11 Contract, in bulk. — [6] The net weight of a box varies between 59 and 64 lb. — [7] Transshipment from Continental European ports. — [8] Nigerian/Gambian/Any origin. — [9] United Kingdom/Continent. — [10] Exclusive of export duty and excise. — [11] One week only. — [12] Including supplement. — [13] 100 3¼-oz cans per case. — [14] 48 6½-oz cans per case. — [15] Peruvian/Chilean. — [16] Sulphite pulp, bleached, strong, papergrade, full freight allowed, exports to U.S.A. — [17] Index number series revised using as weight the value of exports of each commodity in 1963. — [18] Based on weighted average of quotations of ships of all flags on important routes all over the world in which U.K. tramp ships of 9 000-16 000 d.w.t. were employed in 1960. — [19] 24%. — [20] Net of subsidies paid to farmers. — [21] 14%, ex-depot.

n = Nominal **p** = Provisoire.

[1] Les ports en question peuvent être Anvers/Rotterdam/Hambourg/Brème/Marseille. — [2] Le prix contractuel du riz expédié de Birmanie à Ceylan en vertu d'accords commerciaux bilatéraux était de £4,35 les 2 240 lb f.o.b. ports birmans de juillet 1969 jusqu'à juillet 1970 et est de £36,0 depuis août 1970. Il s'agit surtout de la qualité Ngasein, 42% de brisures, étuvé. — [3] Le prix négocié en vertu de l'Accord du Commonwealth sur le sucre (sucre brut, livré au titre des contingents auxquels s'applique ce prix, 96°, base f.o.b. en cale, en vrac) était de £43,5 la tonne longue en 1970 et reste inchangé en 1971. Les paiements additionnels spéciaux reçus par les pays membres producteurs moins développés (tous à l'exception de l'Australie), variant en raison inverse du prix mondial du sucre et fixés entre £1,5 et £4,0 par tonne longue en 1970, continueront en 1971. — [4] En vrac, Contrat N° 11. — [5] Jusqu'à fin novembre 1970, moyenne arithmétique entre le prix du Contrat N° 8 du New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange, après réduction pour les sacs, et le cours journalier du London Sugar Market, après conversion en cents U.S. par livre avoirdupoids, ajusté sur la base du cours f.o.b. et en cale ports des Caraïbes, en vrac, en déduisant le coût de l'assurance et du fret jusqu'au Royaume-Uni, ou — si la différence entre ces deux prix f.o.b. est supérieure à 6 points — en ajoutant 3 points au prix le plus bas; depuis décembre 1970, Contrat N° 11, en vrac. — [6] Le poids net des fruits contenus dans une caisse varie entre 59 et 64 lb. — [7] Réexpéditions des ports européens continentaux. — [8] Nigeria/Gambie/toutes origines. — [9] Royaume-Uni/Continent. — [10] Non compris les droits d'exportation et les taxes. — [11] Une semaine seulement. — [12] Y compris supplément. — [13] Caisses de 100 boîtes de 3¼ oz. — [14] Caisses de 48 boîtes de 6½ oz. — [15] Du Pérou et du Chili. — [16] Pâte au bisulfite, blanchie, forte, qualité papier, fret compris, exportations vers les Etats-Unis. — [17] Ces séries de nombres-indices ont été révisées en utilisant comme coefficient de pondération la valeur des exportations de chaque produit agricole en 1963. — [18] Basé sur la moyenne pondérée des taux des navires battant tous pavillons sur toutes les importantes routes du monde sur lesquelles naviguait en 1960 la flotte britannique de tramps de 9 000 à 16 000 tonnes port en lourd. — [19] 24%. — [20] Non compris les subventions aux exploitants. — [21] 14%, en entrepôt.

Table 16. - Cotton: Prices in selected countries

Tableau 16. - Coton: Prix dans certains pays

Year and month — Année et mois	Producer prices — Prix à la production	Wholesale prices — Prix de gros								Export prices — Prix à l'exportation	Import prices — Prix à l'importation	
	United States	Brazil	India	Mexico	Pakistan	Turkey	United Arab Republic I	United Arab Republic II	United States	Peru	United Kingdom I	United Kingdom II
Season — Campagne	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII	VIII-VII
	Prices in local currencies — Prix en monnaies nationales											
	Cents/lb	New cruzeiros/15 kg	Rupees/100 kg	Pesos/100 lb	Rupees/82.28 lb	Kurus/kg	Tallaris/50 kg		Cents/lb	U.S. cents/lb	New pence/lb	
1965	29.2	15.56	282	282.1	89 6	494	75.5	94.2	29.6	30.4	8.98	17.78
1966	21.5	17.12	298	306.2	80.8	473	70.5	96.3	22.1	34.0	8.55	18.32
1967	26.4	24.88	347	326.8	85.2	535	79.4	106.8	24.8	33.1	9.88	23.27
1968	22.9	26.53	374	313.8	92.7	471	86.9	121.0	22.9	29.3	10.25	26.05
1969	21.8	30.86	447	295.0	94.9	505	83.1	121.6	22.1	29.3	10.31	26.33
1970	22.4	37.29	555	313.9	...	...	78.0	116.6	23.5	35.6	11.89	25.48
1970 IV	22.5	31.60	514	292.5	93.8	552	83.0	122.0	22.4	—	10.75	26.42
V	23.0	33.49	521	310.0	93.5	556	83.0	122.0	22.6	—	10.79	26.42
VI	23.1	35.16	...	310.0	96.4	553	83.0	122.0	22.8	—	10.55	26.42
VII	23.4	37.65	541	310.0	100.2	555	83.0	122.0	23.0	31.8	10.46	26.42
VIII	23.6	40.21	...	325.0	103.0	591	83.0	122.0	23.0	32.1	10.59	26.42
IX	22.8	41.20	—	323.0	101.3	640	78.5	117.0	23.0	32.6	11.07	25.56
X	23.8	41.84	546	321.0	96.0	636	77.5	116.0	23.0	33.5	11.25	25.36
XI	23.0	47.35	653	353.0	121.2	667	77.5	116.0	22.8	34.5	11.46	25.38
XII	21.8	48.43	746	350.0	121.7	698	77.5	116.0	22.6	—	11.17	25.38
1971 I	21.9	50.17	838	360.0	122.7	707	77.5	116.0	22.8	34.4	11.56	25.38
II	22.4	50.32	747	360.0	124.1	781	77.5	116.0	23.2	35.2	11.98	25.38
III	21.9	45.74	727	352.5	119.1	782	77.5	116.0	23.6	36.7	12.43	25.38
IV	23.2	45.50	671	350.0	122.5	801	77.5	116.0	24.5	36.8	12.49	25.38
V	23.7	46.21	661	380.0	...	...	77.5	116.0	23.8	38.2	12.75	25.38
VI	24.2	...	689	400.0	124.9	...	77.5	116.0	25.1	39.0	12.75	25.38
VII	24.9	...	703	400.0	125.2	...	77.5	116.0	25.3	39.0	13.19	25.38
VIII	27.0	...	...	395.0	129.4	...	77.5	116.0	26.8	38.0	13.61	25.44
IX	27.0	...	...	...	129.0	...	81.1	116.6	27.3	38.0	15.63	25.81
	Prices in U.S. dollars/kg — Prix en dollars U.S./kg											
1965	0.64	—	0.55	0.50	0.50	0.55	0.69	0.87	0.65	0.66	0.55	1.10
1966	0.47	—	0.40	0.54	0.45	0.53	0.65	0.89	0.49	0.74	0.53	1.13
1967	0.58	—	0.46	0.58	0.48	0.59	0.73	0.98	0.55	0.72	0.56	1.28
1968	0.50	—	0.50	0.55	0.52	0.52	0.80	1.11	0.50	0.64	0.54	1.38
1969	0.48	—	0.60	0.52	0.53	0.56	0.76	1.12	0.49	0.64	0.55	1.39
1970	0.49	—	0.74	0.55	...	...	0.72	1.07	0.52	0.77	0.63	1.35
1970 IV	0.50	—	0.69	0.52	0.53	0.61	0.76	1.12	0.49	—	0.57	1.40
V	0.51	—	0.70	0.55	0.53	0.62	0.76	1.12	0.50	—	0.57	1.40
VI	0.51	—	...	0.55	0.54	0.61	0.76	1.12	0.50	—	0.56	1.40
VII	0.52	—	0.72	0.55	0.56	0.62	0.76	1.12	0.51	0.69	0.55	1.40
VIII	0.52	—	...	0.57	0.58	0.46	0.76	1.12	0.51	0.70	0.56	1.40
IX	0.50	—	—	0.57	0.57	0.43	0.72	1.08	0.51	0.71	0.59	1.35
X	0.52	—	0.73	0.57	0.54	0.42	0.71	1.07	0.51	0.73	0.60	1.34
XI	0.51	—	0.87	0.62	0.68	0.44	0.71	1.07	0.50	0.75	0.61	1.34
XII	0.48	—	0.99	0.62	0.68	0.47	0.71	1.07	0.50	—	0.59	1.34
1971 I	0.48	—	1.12	0.64	0.69	0.47	0.71	1.07	0.50	0.75	0.61	1.34
II	0.49	—	1.00	0.64	0.70	0.52	0.71	1.07	0.51	0.77	0.63	1.34
III	0.48	—	0.97	0.62	0.67	0.52	0.71	1.07	0.52	0.80	0.66	1.34
IV	0.51	—	0.90	0.62	0.69	0.53	0.71	1.07	0.54	0.80	0.66	1.34
V	0.52	—	0.88	0.67	...	...	0.71	1.07	0.52	0.83	0.67	1.34
VI	0.53	...	0.92	0.71	0.70	...	0.71	1.07	0.55	0.85	0.67	1.34
VII	0.55	...	0.94	0.71	0.70	...	0.71	1.07	0.56	0.85	0.70	1.34
VIII	0.60	...	...	0.70	0.73	...	0.71	1.07	0.59	0.83	0.72	1.35
IX	0.60	...	...	...	0.73	...	0.75	1.07	0.60	0.83	0.83	1.37

Producer prices
United States: Average producer price.

Wholesale prices
Brazil: Type 5, wholesale price, São Paulo. — **India:** Wholesale price, Bombay; through 1966, Jarilla M.G.F.; from 1967 through 1969, M.P. Virnar; from January 1970, Khandesh Virnar. — **Mexico:** Midding 15/16", wholesale price, Torreon. — **Pakistan:** 289 F. Punjab, R.G., wholesale price, Karachi. — **Turkey:** Cukurova Standard white I, wholesale price, Adana. — **United Arab Republic: I** - Good, in hydraulic bales, ECC's official export sales price, excluding export tax, spot, Alexandria; through 1969, Dendera; from 1970, Giza 67, Giza 69 and Dendera. **II** - Good-fully good, in hydraulic bales, ECC's export sales price minima, spot, Alexandria; through 1969, Menoufi, from 1970, Menoufi and Giza 68. — **United States:** Middling 1 in, average of 15 spot markets.

Export prices
Peru: Tanguis, type 3½, nearest forward shipment f.o.b., ship, Lima.

Import prices
United Kingdom: I - American, Middling 15/16", c.i.f. Liverpool; through March 1968, Texas; from April 1968, Orleans/Texas, S.L.M.; **II** - Egyptian, Menoufi, "fully good", c.i.f. Liverpool.

Prix à la production
Etats-Unis: Prix moyen à la production.

Prix de gros
Brésil: Type 5, prix de gros, São Paulo. — **Inde:** Prix de gros, Bombay; jusqu'à fin 1966, Jarilla M.G.F.; de 1967 à fin 1969, M.P. Virnar; depuis janvier 1970, Khandesh Virnar. — **Mexique:** Middling 15/16", prix de gros, Torreon. — **Pakistan:** 289 F. Pendjab, R.G., prix de gros, Karachi. — **Turquie:** « Cukurova Standard white I », prix de gros, Adana. — **République arabe unie: I** - « Good », emballé à la presse hydraulique, prix de vente officiel de la CEC pour l'exportation, non compris les droits d'exportation, prix du disponible, Alexandrie; jusqu'à fin 1969, Dendera; depuis 1970, Giza 67, Giza 69 et Dendera. **II** - « Good-fully good », emballé à la presse hydraulique, prix de vente minimaux de la CEC pour l'exportation, prix du disponible, Alexandrie; jusqu'à fin 1969, Menoufi; depuis 1970, Menoufi et Giza 68. — **Etats-Unis:** Middling 1 in, moyenne de cours du disponible sur 15 marchés.

Prix à l'exportation
Pérou: Tanguis, type 3½, embarquement le plus proche, f.o.b. navire, Lima.

Prix à l'importation
Royaume-Uni: I - Des Etats-Unis, middling 15/16", c.a.f., Liverpool; jusqu'à fin mars 1968, Texas; depuis avril 1968, Orleans/Texas, S.L.M.; **II** - Egyptien Menoufi « fully good », c.a.f. Liverpool.

Table 17. - Wool: Prices in selected countries

Tableau 17. - Laine: Prix dans certains pays

Year and month — Année et mois	CLEAN BASIS — LAINE LAVÉE A FOND									GREASY BASIS — LAINE EN SUINT				
	Wholesale prices — Prix de gros									*Producer prices — Prix à la production*	*Wholesale prices — Prix de gros*			
	United Kingdom					United States				United States	Australia	New Zealand	United Kingdom	
	I	II	III	IV	V	I	II	III	IV				I	II
Season — Campagne	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	VII-VI	VII-VI	I-XII	I-XII
	Prices in local currencies — Prix en monnaies nationales													
	New pence/kg					*Dollars/lb*				*Cents/lb*	*Cents/lb*	*Cents/lb*	*New pence/kg*	
1965	91	85	80	71	65	1.25	1.19	0.92	0.73	47.1	50.1	34.7	53	46
1966	100	93	89	78	66	1.35	1.17	1.04	0.67	52.1	47.4	29.4	50	44
1967	94	87	79	68	54	1.22	0.91	0.91	0.45	39.8	41.8	22.9	40	36
1968	113	97	88	72	52	1.21	0.84	0.80	0.44	40.5	44.7	28.1	40	33
1969	104	91	82	68	54	1.22	0.86	0.83	0.48	41.8	37.6	25.6	41	35
1970	92	72	70	61	45	1.03	0.87	0.70	0.48	35.5	...	24.4	48	46
1970 IV	98	77	73	62	47	1.08	0.86	0.73	0.49	37.5	34.3	[1]26.1	[2]48	[2]46
V	98	77	73	62	47	1.07	0.88	0.73	0.49	36.6	32.5	25.7	[2]48	[2]46
VI	96	74	72	62	47	1.06	0.88	0.73	0.49	37.5	28.9	25.6	[2]48	[2]46
VII	96	74	71	62	47	1.02	0.88	0.73	0.49	37.1	...	—	[2]48	[2]46
VIII	92	72	68	62	45	1.02	0.88	0.73	0.50	34.2	29.6	23.9	[2]48	[2]46
IX	86	67	66	59	42	0.95	0.88	0.70	0.48	31.6	29.8	23.9	[2]48	[2]46
X	78	62	62	55	41	0.92	0.88	0.64	0.45	32.5	...	...	[2]48	[2]46
XI	81	66	66	57	44	0.92	0.88	0.64	0.45	31.7	33.8	...	[2]45	[2]45
XII	79	64	65	56	42	0.85	0.84	0.64	0.46	28.2	32.0	...	[2]45	[2]45
1971 I	76	68	63	54	46	0.82	0.81	0.64	0.45	31.9	30.0	24.1	[2]46	[2]45
II	76	68	63	54	46	0.82	0.78	0.62	0.45	31.5	31.0	23.9	...	[2]45
III	76	68	63	56	49	0.76	0.68	0.60	0.47	29.3	27.5	24.0	[2]47	[2]45
IV	76	68	63	57	50	0.71	0.66	0.60	0.49	26.1	27.4	24.1	...	...
V	78	71	66	59	51	0.63	0.55	0.60	0.49	23.6	26.7	24.2	...	...
VI	79	72	67	59	51	0.60	0.64	0.60	0.52	22.9	27.4	24.4	...	...
VII	79	72	67	59	51	0.59	0.64	0.60	0.52	22.4	...	—	...	...
VIII	79	72	67	57	50	0.60	0.64	0.60	0.51	22.0	...	...	...	...
IX	77	70	66	55	47	0.61	0.64	0.60	0.52	21.8	...	...	...	...
	Prices in U.S. dollars/kg — Prix en dollars U.S./kg													
1965	2.55	2.38	2.24	1.99	1.82	2.75	2.63	2.02	1.60	1.04	1.24	1.06	1.48	1.29
1966	2.80	2.60	2.49	2.18	1.85	2.97	2.58	2.28	1.49	1.15	1.17	0.90	1.40	1.23
1967	2.57	2.38	2.19	1.87	1.49	1.68	2.01	2.02	0.99	0.88	1.03	—	1.13	1.00
1968	2.71	2.33	2.11	1.73	1.25	2.66	1.85	1.76	0.98	0.89	1.10	0.69	0.96	0.79
1969	2.50	2.18	1.97	1.63	1.30	2.69	1.90	1.82	1.05	0.92	0.93	0.63	0.98	0.84
1970	2.21	1.73	1.68	1.46	1.08	2.28	1.92	1.55	1.05	0.78	...	0.60	1.13	1.10
1970 IV	2.35	1.85	1.75	1.49	1.12	2.38	1.91	1.61	1.08	0.83	0.85	[1]0.64	[2]1.15	[2]1.10
V	2.35	1.85	1.75	1.49	1.12	2.36	1.94	1.61	1.08	0.81	0.80	0.63	[2]1.15	[2]1.10
VI	2.30	1.78	1.73	1.49	1.12	2.33	1.94	1.61	1.08	0.83	0.71	0.63	[2]1.15	[2]1.10
VII	2.30	1.78	1.70	1.49	1.12	2.26	1.94	1.61	1.08	0.82	...	—	[2]1.15	[2]1.10
VIII	2.21	1.73	1.63	1.49	1.08	2.26	1.94	1.61	1.09	0.75	0.73	0.59	[2]1.15	[2]1.10
IX	2.06	1.61	1.58	1.42	1.01	2.10	1.94	1.55	1.06	0.70	0.74	0.59	[2]1.15	[2]1.10
X	1.87	1.49	1.49	1.32	0.99	2.04	1.93	1.41	0.99	0.72	...	...	[2]1.15	[2]1.10
XI	1.94	1.58	1.58	1.37	1.06	2.04	1.93	1.40	0.99	0.70	0.83	...	[2]1.08	[2]1.08
XII	1.90	1.54	1.56	1.34	1.01	1.87	1.85	1.40	1.00	0.62	0.79	...	[2]1.08	[2]1.08
1971 I	1.82	1.63	1.51	1.30	1.10	1.82	1.79	1.40	1.00	0.70	0.74	0.60	[2]1.10	[2]1.08
II	1.82	1.63	1.51	1.30	1.10	1.82	1.71	1.37	1.00	0.69	0.76	0.59	...	[2]1.08
III	1.82	1.63	1.51	1.34	1.18	1.67	1.51	1.33	1.03	0.65	0.68	0.59	[2]1.13	[2]1.08
IV	1.82	1.63	1.51	1.37	1.20	1.56	1.45	1.33	1.08	0.58	0.68	0.60	...	...
V	1.87	1.70	1.58	1.42	1.22	1.39	1.21	1.33	1.08	0.52	0.66	0.60	...	...
VI	1.90	1.73	1.61	1.42	1.22	1.32	1.41	1.33	1.14	0.50	0.68	0.60	...	...
VII	1.90	1.73	1.61	1.42	1.22	1.30	1.41	1.33	1.16	0.49	...	—	...	...
VIII	1.90	1.73	1.61	1.37	1.20	1.31	1.41	1.33	1.12	0.49	...	...	...	...
IX	1.85	1.68	1.58	1.32	1.13	1.34	1.41	1.33	1.14	0.48	...	...	...	...

[1] Monthly data are estimated progressive seasonal averages. — [2] Clean basis, as they will be quoted in the future.

CLEAN BASIS

Wholesale prices

United Kingdom: Super, good, and average topmaking fleece and better grades of skirtings bought for combing; average price based on quotations from United Kingdom and Dominion auctions, adjusted to London costs: **I** - 70's. **II** - 64s. **III** - 60's. **IV** - 56's. **V** - 50's — **United States: I** - Territory, 64's, 70's, 80's, combing and staple, Boston. **II** - Native, 56's, 58's, combing and staple, Boston. **III** - Montevideo super, O's (58/60's), in bond, Boston. **IV** - Buenos Aires, 5/6's (40/36's), in bond, Boston.

GREASY BASIS

Producer prices

United States: Shorn wool, average producer price.

Wholesale prices

Australia: All qualities, average market price. — **New Zealand:** All qualities, average auction price. — **United Kingdom: I** - Indian, Joria, first white, auction price, Liverpool. **II** - Pakistani, Bawalnagor, Lahore, etc., first white, auction price, Liverpool.

[1] Les chiffres mensuels se réfèrent à la moyenne de la campagne estimée jusqu'à la fin du mois indiqué. — [2] Désormais, ces prix se rapportent à la laine lavée à fond.

LAINE LAVÉE A FOND

Prix de gros

Royaume-Uni: « Super, good, and average topmaking fleece » et meilleures qualités de « skirtings » achetées pour le peignage; prix moyen basé sur les ventes aux enchères au Royaume-Uni et dans les Dominions et ajusté au prix de revient à Londres. **I** - Laines de 70. **II** - Laines de 64. **III** - Laines de 60. **IV** - Laines de 56. **V** - Laines de 50. — **Etats-Unis: I** - Laines « Territory » de 64, 70 et 80, à peigner et longues, Boston. **II** - Laines domestiques de 56 et 58, à peigner et longues, Boston. **III** - Laines de 0 (58/60), « Montevideo super », en douane, Boston. **IV** - Laines de 5/6 (40/36) de Buenos Aires, en douane, Boston.

LAINE EN SUINT

Prix à la production

Etats-Unis: Laine de tonte, prix moyen à la production.

Prix de gros

Australie: Toutes qualités, prix moyen du marché. — **Nouvelle-Zélande:** Toutes qualités, prix moyen aux enchères. — **Royaume-Uni: I** - Laine indienne Joria, « first white », prix aux enchères, Liverpool. **II** - Laine du Pakistan, Bawalnagor, Lahore, etc., « first white », prix aux enchères, Liverpool.

Table 18. - Rubber: Prices in selected countries

Tableau 18. - Caoutchouc: Prix dans certains pays

Year and month — Année et mois	NATURAL										SYNTHETIC
	Wholesale prices — Prix de gros						*Export prices — Prix à l'exportation*			*Import prices — Prix à l'importation*	*Wholesale prices — Prix de gros*
	Ceylon	Thailand	United Kingdom	United States			Indonesia	Singapore		United Kingdom	United States
				I	II	III		I	II		
Season — Campagne	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII	I-XII
	Prices in local currencies — Prix en monnaies nationales										
	Rupees/ M. Ton	*Bahts/ 1 000 kg*	*£/M. Ton*	*Dollars/M. Ton*			*New Rupiah/ 100 kg*	*S. Dollars /M. Ton*		*£/M. Ton*	*Cents/lb*
1965	2 015	8 111	197.0	566.4	556.3	423.2	1 629	1 544	1 512	186.3	23.0
1966	1 964	7 618	182.3	520.8	514.3	496.0	1 455	1 441	1 407	174.8	23.0
1967	1 735	6 003	158.9	438.8	429.8	397.9	3 179	1 192	1 134	145.1	22.7
1968	1 945	6 387	172.5	437.4	429.4	416.8	9 311	1 171	1 131	165.6	22.4
1969	2 289	8 139	231.0	577.5	568.0	524.9	14 809	1 539	1 512	219.9	22.9
1970	2 001	6 740	187.0	462.5	454.1	444.7	12 257	1 244	1 193	175.1	...
1970 IV	2 025	6 950	188.1	479.3	473.7	462.2	12 074	1 289	1 253	182.9	23.0
V	2 031	6 900	184.9	474.1	468.6	447.1	12 527	1 265	1 231	179.5	23.0
VI	2 017	6 930	189.7	469.7	462.7	437.3	12 616	1 261	1 223	178.9	23.0
VII	1 911	6 454	197.1	440.4	433.9	424.3	11 939	1 173	1 142	167.8	...
VIII	1 895	6 230	171.9	430.6	422.7	419.9	11 296	1 134	1 084	160.2	...
IX	1 881	6 120	172.9	424.5	413.5	418.0	11 042	1 119	1 046	155.5	...
X	1 848	5 780	167.5	400.6	384.1	399.6	10 724	1 066	982	146.1	...
XI	1 946	6 260	175.3	418.7	405.9	400.7	11 729	1 145	1 063	159.4	...
XII	1 876	6 410	174.4	419.3	408.8	397.0	11 853	1 135	1 088	160.1	...
1971 I	1 836	6 090	167.7	405.5	400.0	382.4	11 367	1 083	1 031	152.3	...
II	1 761	5 690	157.8	401.9	388.4	369.4	10 683	1 024	988	146.7	...
III	1 771	...	157.0	415.2	403.7	372.6	10 610	1 024	984	145.6	...
IV	1 873	...	161.7	428.2	415.6	380.7	10 646	1 091	1 007	149.8	...
V	1 927	...	175.6	432.2	423.4	404.7	10 839	1 151	1 052	157.4	...
VI	1 788	...	157.5	390.8	385.3	387.6	10 181	1 048	964	145.3	...
VII	...	...	147.4	371.4	364.2	381.5	9 602	1 014	889	134.6	...
VIII	...	...	142.0	402.5	386.9	397.6	9 386	966	...	130.3	...
IX	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	994	...	...	...
	Prices in U.S. cents/kg — Prix en cents U.S./kg										
1965	42.3	38.9	55.2	56.6	55.6	42.3	—	50.4	49.4	52.2	50.7
1966	41.2	36.6	51.0	52.1	51.4	49.6	—	47.1	46.0	48.9	50.7
1967	35.6	28.9	43.1	43.9	43.0	39.8	—	38.9	37.0	39.3	50.0
1968	32.7	30.7	41.4	43.7	42.9	41.7	—	38.3	36.9	39.7	49.4
1969	38.5	38.9	55.4	57.8	56.8	52.5	—	50.3	49.4	52.8	50.5
1970	33.6	32.1	44.9	46.2	45.4	44.5	—	40.6	39.0	42.0	...
1970 IV	34.0	33.1	45.1	47.9	47.4	46.2	—	42.1	40.9	43.9	50.7
V	34.1	32.9	44.4	47.4	46.9	44.7	—	41.3	40.2	43.1	50.7
VI	33.9	33.0	45.5	47.0	46.3	43.7	—	41.2	40.0	42.9	50.7
VII	32.1	30.7	47.3	44.0	43.4	42.4	—	38.3	37.3	40.3	...
VIII	31.8	29.7	41.3	43.1	42.3	42.0	—	37.0	35.4	38.4	...
IX	31.6	29.1	41.5	42.4	41.4	41.8	—	36.6	34.2	37.3	...
X	31.0	27.5	40.2	40.1	38.4	40.0	—	34.8	32.1	35.1	...
XI	32.7	29.8	42.1	41.9	40.6	40.1	—	37.4	34.7	38.3	...
XII	31.5	30.5	41.9	41.9	40.9	39.7	—	37.1	35.5	38.4	...
1971 I	30.8	29.0	40.2	40.6	40.0	38.2	—	35.4	33.7	36.6	...
II	29.6	27.1	37.9	40.2	38.8	36.9	—	33.5	32.3	35.2	...
III	29.8	...	37.7	41.5	40.4	37.3	—	33.5	32.1	34.9	...
IV	31.5	...	38.8	42.8	41.6	38.1	—	35.6	32.9	36.0	...
V	32.4	...	42.1	43.2	42.3	40.5	—	37.6	34.4	37.8	...
VI	30.0	...	37.8	39.1	38.5	38.8	—	34.2	31.5	34.9	...
VII	...	...	35.4	37.1	36.4	38.2	—	33.1	29.0	32.3	...
VIII	...	...	34.1	40.2	38.7	39.8	—	31.6	...	31.3	...
IX	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32.5	...	...	...

NATURAL RUBBER

Wholesale prices

Ceylon: No. 1 R.S.S., wholesale price, excluding export duty, Colombo. — **Thailand:** Ribbed smoked sheets, No. 1, wholesale price, Bangkok. — **United Kingdom:** No. 1 R.S.S., spot price, London. — **United States:** Wholesale price, New York: I - No. 1 R.S.S. II - No. 3 R.S.S. III - No. 3 blanket crepe.

Export prices

Indonesia: Sheets No. 1, export price, f.o.b. Jakarta. — **Singapore:** In bales, f.o.b.: I - No. 1 R.S.S. II - No. 3 R.S.S.

Import prices

United Kingdom: No. 3 R.S.S., c.i.f. London.

SYNTHETIC RUBBER

Wholesale prices

United States: S-type cold, staining and nonstaining, Nos. 1500 and 1502, f.o.b. plant.

CAOUTCHOUC NATUREL

Prix de gros

Ceylan: Nº 1 R.S.S., prix de gros, droits d'exportation non compris, Colombo. — **Thaïlande:** R.S.S. (feuilles gaufrées), Nº 1, prix de gros, Bangkok. — **Royaume-Uni:** Nº 1 R.S.S., prix du disponible, Londres. — **Etats-Unis:** Prix de gros, New York: I - Nº 1 R.S.S. II - Nº 3 R.S.S. III - Nº 3 « blanket crepe ».

Prix à l'exportation

Indonésie: Sheets Nº 1, prix à l'exportation, f.o.b. Djakarta. — **Singapour:** En balles, f.o.b.: I - Nº 1 R.S.S. II - Nº 3 R.S.S.

Prix à l'importation

Royaume-Uni: Nº 3 R.S.S., c.a.f. Londres.

CAOUTCHOUC SYNTHÉTIQUE

Prix de gros

Etats-Unis: Type S froid, « staining » et « nonstaining », Nos 1500 et 1502, f.o.b. usine.

Table 19. - Index numbers: Prices received by farmers (R), prices paid by farmers (P), and ratio of prices received to prices paid (Ra)

Tableau 19. - Nombres-indices: Prix reçus par les agriculteurs (R), prix payés par les agriculteurs (P), et rapport prix reçus et prix payés (Ra)

Year and month — Année et mois	Australia [1]			Austria			Belgium			Canada	
	3 years ended June 1963 = 100			1966 = 100			1962-64 = 100			1961 = 100	1935-39 = 100
	R	P	Ra	R	P	Ra [2]	R	P	Ra	R	P
1965	111	109	102	—	—	—	112	108	103	108	289
1966	110	114	96	100	100	100	114	112	102	117	305
1967	107	118	91	100	103	98	110	115	96	116	323
1968	106	120	89	96	106	91	110	118	93	114	339
1969	101	121	84	100	109	92	116	121	96	116	354
1970	...	...	...	106	116	91	116	124	93	114	...
1970 IV	—	—	—	106	116	92	123	126	98	117	...
V	—	—	—	—	—	—	119	124	96	117	—
VI	99	122	81	—	—	—	113	124	91	116	—
VII	—	—	—	105	116	91	118	123	96	115	—
VIII	—	—	—	—	—	—	114	126	90	112	...
IX	96	123	78	—	—	—	113	122	92	110	—
X	—	—	—	107	119	89	110	123	90	109	—
XI	—	—	—	—	—	—	110	124	89	110	—
XII	98	125	78	—	—	—	109	124	87	111	—
1971 I	—	—	—	106	120	88	113	122	93	109	...
II	—	—	—	—	—	—	111	122	91	111	—
III	100	129	78	—	—	—	113	122	92	110	—
IV	—	—	—	104	124	84	112	122	92	112	...
V	—	—	—	—	—	—	110	123	90	112	—
VI	...	...	...	—	—	—	113	123	92	111	—
VII	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	—
VIII	—	—	—	—	—	—	...	...	...	113	...
IX	...	...	...	—	—	—	...	...	...	...	—

Year and month — Année et mois	China, Taiwan			Finland [1]		France		Germany, Fed. Rep. of [1]			India		
	1961-63 = 100			1956/57 = 100	1965/66 = 100	1955 = 100	1960 = 100	1961/62-1962/63 = 100	1962/63 = 100		Assam 1944 = 100		
	R	P	Ra [2]	R	P	R	P	R	P	Ra [2]	R	P	Ra
1965	107	105	102	148	100	166	110	114	108	106	204	185	111
1966	110	108	102	154	105	174	112	109	110	100	237	203	116
1967	113	112	101	172	116	174	113	100	106	94	299	239	125
1968	118	118	100	184	119	176	116	103	102	100	344	247	139
1969	115	120	96	180	120	187	122	106	106	100	298	236	126
1970	120	123	98	...	...	198	129	98	111	88	333	253	131
1970 IV	122	124	98	191	122	202	—	105	108	98	312	243	128
V	121	123	98	193	122	203	—	104	109	95	346	248	140
VI	118	122	97	191	122	202	128	103	109	95	363	256	142
VII	118	122	97	192	117	200	—	105	109	97	350	256	137
VIII	121	123	99	190	118	199	—	101	109	92	354	261	135
IX	125	123	101	187	119	199	130	99	109	91	365	265	138
X	124	123	101	183	120	197	—	97	108	90	366	266	138
XI	124	124	100	183	121	196	—	96	109	89	363	262	139
XII	127	125	101	186	121	197	132	96	110	88	349	252	138
1971 I	128	127	101	192	124	199	—	97	110	88	...	...	...
II	128	126	101	193	126	199	—	96	112	86	...	...	...
III	125	124	100	193	126	200	136	98	113	87	...	...	...
IV	124	...	...	195	126	201	—	99	113	88	...	...	...
V	122	...	...	196	127	202	—	98	114	86	...	...	...
VI	120	...	...	192	127	204	138	98	114	86	...	...	...
VII	117	...	...	197	122	205	—	99	114	87	...	...	...
VIII	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	[3]100	[3]114	[3]88	...	...	...
IX	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE: For a description of the methods of calculation of these index series, see *Production Yearbook 1960*, p. 463-468. Descriptions of subsequently revised series were presented in the *Production Yearbook 1961* for Austria, in the *Production Yearbook 1962* for Australia, in the *Production Yearbook 1967* for Japan, in the *Production Yearbook 1965* for the Federal Republic of Germany, and in the *Monthly Bulletin of Agricultural Economics and Statistics*, May 1962, for France.

NOTE: Ces nombres-indices ont été calculés selon les méthodes indiquées dans l'*Annuaire de la production 1960*, p. 463-468. Des indications sur les séries ultérieurement révisées ont paru dans l'*Annuaire de la production 1961* pour l'Autriche, dans l'*Annuaire de la production 1962* pour l'Australie, dans l'*Annuaire de la production 1964* pour le Japon, dans l'*Annuaire de la production 1965* pour la République fédérale d'Allemagne, et dans le *Bulletin mensuel - Economie et statistique agricoles* (numéro de mai 1962) pour la France.

Table 19. - Index numbers: Prices received by farmers (R), prices paid by farmers (P), and ratio of prices received to prices paid (Ra) (*concluded*)

Tableau 19. - Nombres-indices: Prix reçus par les agriculteurs (R), prix payés par les agriculteurs (P), et rapport prix reçus et prix payés (Ra) (*fin*)

Year and month — Année et mois	Ireland	Japan [1]			Korea, Rep. of			Netherlands [1]			Norway		
	1953=100	IV 1965-III 1966 = 100			1965 = 100			1949/50 - 1952/53 = 100			1965 = 100		
	R	R	P	Ra [2]	R	P	Ra [2]	R	P	Ra [2]	R	P	Ra
1965	118	100	100	100	100	100	100	131	199	66	100	100	100
1966	116	107	104	103	106	112	94	136	212	64	102	103	99
1967	118	117	109	108	122	127	96	133	222	60	105	106	99
1968	130	119	113	105	142	152	93	...	...	...	108	110	98
1969	134	127	116	109	162	168	97	...	...	...	113	115	98
1970	140	131	123	106	192	193	99	...	...	...	115	118	97
1970 IV	144	135	120	112	184	189	97	...	...	...	109	115	95
V	144	133	120	110	188	190	99	...	...	...	109	114	96
VI	139	125	120	104	191	194	99	...	...	...	110	114	96
VII	137	126	120	104	194	194	100	...	...	...	116	117	99
VIII	136	124	121	102	198	196	101	...	...	...	119	117	102
IX	140	130	122	106	202	199	101	...	...	...	122	118	103
X	141	132	124	106	199	200	100	...	...	...	124	118	105
XI	141	132	124	106	203	203	100	...	...	...	124	118	105
XII	144	135	125	108	211	206	102	...	...	...	122	118	103
1971 I	147	132	125	105	213	208	103	...	...	...	119	121	98
II	151	133	126	106	217	210	103	...	...	...	117	122	96
III	155	132	126	106	219	214	102	...	...	...	114	122	93
IV	156	...	...	...	228	220	104	...	...	...	112	122	93
V	150	...	...	...	237	224	106	...	...	...	113	122	93
VI	148	...	...	...	238	226	105	...	...	...	115	123	93
VII	...	...	...	...	238	228	105	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
IX	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Year and month — Année et mois	Portugal	South Africa [1]	Spain			Sweden [1]	Switzerland			United States [4]			Yugoslavia
	1938=100	VII 1947-VI 1950 = 100	1964 = 100			Middle price level 1 September 1959=100	1948 = 100			1935-39 = 100			1963=100
	R	R	R	P	Ra [2]	R	R	P	Ra [2]	R	P	Ra [2]	R
1965	276	169	116	103	113	129	123	149	82	231	256	90	177
1966	311	175	121	106	114	129	126	156	81	248	267	93	206
1967	327	176	117	109	108	129	127	162	78	236	273	86	200
1968	330	179	125	110	113	130	121	168	72	243	284	86	192
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VII	352	...	...	...	...	...	135	203	66	266	327	81	...
VIII	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	267	329	81	...
IX	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	263	330	80	...

[1] Annual averages refer to crop year: Australia, June-June; Finland, September-August; Germany, Netherlands and South Africa, July-June; Japan, April-March; Sweden, through 1966, September-August; 1967, September-June; from 1968, July-June. — [2] Ratio calculated by FAO. — [3] Provisional — [4] Original 1910-14 = 100, converted to 1935-39 = 100.

[1] Les moyennes annuelles se rapportent à la campagne agricole: Australie juin-juin; Finlande, septembre-août; Allemagne, Pays-Bas et Afrique du Sud, juillet-juin; Japon, avril-mars; Suède, jusqu'à fin 1966, septembre-août; 1967, septembre-juin, à partir de 1968, juillet-juin. — [2] Rapport calculé par la FAO. — [3] Chiffre provisoire. — [4] Indice de référence initial 1910-14 = 100, modifié: 1935-39 = 100.

CUMULATIVE INDEX *(concluded)*

	19	20
Roots and tubers		
Potatoes		1,7/8
Rubber		5
Sugar		7/8
Tobacco		6
Vegetables		
Onions	11	
Tomatoes	11	
EXTERNAL TRADE		
Beverages and beverage crops		
Coffee	12	3,6,9
Tea	12	3,6,9
Fibres		
Cotton	12	3,9
Fruit		
Lemons and limes		10
Oranges, tangerines, and clementines		1,10
Grain		
Barley	11	2,5,7/8
Maize	11	2,5,7/8
Oats	11	2,5,7/8
Rice	11	2,5,7/8
Rye	11	2,5,7/8
Wheat	11	2,5,7/8
Wheat flour	11	2,5,7/8
Livestock products		
Butter	12	3,6,9
Cheese and curd	12	3,6,9
Eggs	12	3,6,9
Meat	12	3,6,9
Milk and cream	12	3,6,9
Wool	12	9

	19	20
Oilseeds and oils		
Cottonseed and oil		1,4,10
Groundnuts and oil		1,4,10
Linseed and oil		1,4,10
Olive oil		1,4,10
Palm kernels and oil		1,4,10
Palm oil		1,4,10
Soybeans and oil		1,4,10
Roots and tubers		
Potatoes	11	2,5,7/8
Sugar	11	2,5,7/8
Tobacco	12	3,9
PRICES		
Series of international significance	11,12	10
Beverages and beverage crops		
Cocoa beans	12	6
Coffee	12	6
Tea	12	6
Fibres		
Cotton	11	5
Fibres, miscellaneous		5
Fruit		
Dried fruit		9
Fresh fruit		
Apples		3
Bananas		3
Grapefruit		3
Lemons		3
Oranges		3

	19	20
Grain		
Barley		2
Maize		2
Oats		2
Rice		9
Rye		2
Wheat		3,9
Livestock products		
Butter		1
Cheese		1
Eggs		7/8
Milk		1
Wool	11	5
Meat		
Bacon		7/8
Beef cattle and beef	12	6
Pigs		7/8
Poultry		7/8
Sheep and lambs		6
Miscellaneous feedstuffs		10
Oilseeds and fats and oils		
Fats and oils		4,10
Oilseeds		4,10
Roots and tubers		
Potatoes		9
Rubber	11	5
Tobacco		6
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Prices received and prices paid by farmers	11	5

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